"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Fair, diminishing west winds to-day; fair to-morrow.

VOL. LVII...NO. 18,332. * * * NEW YORK, FRIDAY, APRIL 3, 1908.—SIXTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark, Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

HOTEL DOORS CLOSED TO EVELYN THAW

The Prince George Turns Her Away and She Seeks Quarters Out of Town.

SOME PATRONS HAD LEFT

Her Suit to Annul Her Marriage with Harry Thaw Comes Up Next Monday.

The fine sandstone-front residence at 446 Park Avenue, leased by Harry Thaw for his wife while he stood two trials for the murder of Stanford White, is vacant. Thaw is in Matteawan Asylum, sure of a shelter, while his wife is having trouble to find lodgings. She left the city last night to find a shelter after she had been turned out of the Hotel Prince George.

Mrs. Thaw was asked to leave the grill-room of the Hotel Knickerbocker on Monday night when she and E. R. Thomas sat at table for their supper. Later she insisted that the woman who was turned out of the Knickerbocker was not she, but a double, a theatrical woman.

Col. Dick, Manager of the Hotel Prince George, made this statement last night:

"Mrs. Thaw's suite was engaged through her lawyer, Daniel O'Reilly. I have known Mr. Reilly for some time. He told me that Mrs. Thaw's household in Park Avenue had been broken up, and that she wanted a quiet hotel. He engaged for her a suite of rooms, and Mrs. Thaw with her maid came here. The suite was rented by the day and there was no lease.

"She will not live in the Prince George again. She may have been here to-day—this morning—but she is not here now. As far as I know, she is out of the city.

"I have lost some good patrons by this unfortunate affair. I am, of course, sorry for it. Mrs. Thaw's suite is vacant. She will not occupy it again."

Left Her House Regretfully.

Mrs. Thaw's exit from the Park Avenue home to hotel life was more or less distressful to her. She had fitted up the house leased for her by her husband with considerable care and attention to artistic details. Her ménage consisted of a maid, a footman, a chauffeur for her electric hansom, a chef, and a maid-of-all-work. As soon as her identity became known in the neighborhood maids and servants were wont to spend their leisure time on the sidewalks of Park Avenue, waiting for the mistress to leave or enter that they might look at her and gossip about her.

Mrs. Thaw had spent much of her time in reading and study. She expected to write for a living. She had gathered the necessary experience, and she and her lawyer, Mr. O'Reilly, looked forward to the time when she would send from her desk a manuscript that would interest the reading world.

But Mrs. Thaw had a call other than that of the literarily inclined woman. She liked, and still likes, the bright lights of Broadway. She was seen in the Café Boulevard by newspaper men who knew her, and she was with E. R. Thomas. Again, on Monday last, she was seen in the Knickerbocker grillroom with Mr. Thomas.

When the end of the lease of the Park Avenue house was reached last Saturday Mrs. Thaw had already engaged the suite at the Prince George, a hotel that is generally patronized by quiet folk. Mr. O'Reilly had his troubles in getting Col. Dick to accept Mrs. Thaw as a guest of his place. He finally prevailed, and she had a bedroom, drawing room, and bath, with accommodations for her maid. The electric hansom went to a garage, and instead of a house and a little retinue of servants Mrs. Thaw cramped herself into two small rooms.

Not at the Hotel Regularly.

"She only used the rooms about every other night or so," said the hotel clerk yesterday. "She was not at all regular and there was no lease on her apartments. She had a maid, but she did not occupy the suite regularly. She came in as she pleased and went out and stayed out as she pleased."

Efforts to find Mr. O'Reilly last night were futile. Mrs. O'Reilly had this to say:

"Mrs. Thaw said to a reporter that on Monday, when she was reported in THE TIMES to have been turned out of the Knickerbocker Hotel, she was with Mr. O'Reilly. That could not have been the truth, for Dan and I were at the Harlem Casino together and had supper afterward. I heard to-night that Mrs. Thaw had been turned out of the Prince George Hotel."

Annulment Case Coming Up.

Mrs. Thaw's marriage annullment suit comes up on Monday in the Supreme Court. The report yesterday that Mrs. Thaw would sail to-day and spend a time abroad, is supposed to have been started for the purpose of getting her away from discriminating hotel proprietors and inquisitive persons.

The annulment proceedings will once more bring up the question of Harry Thaw's sanity. While many figures have been quoted in the matter of money settlement on Mrs. Thaw, there has never been a clear or positive statement either from her personal counsel, Mr. O'Reilly, or Col. Franklin Bartlett, chief counsel of Mrs. William Thaw. A. Russell Peabody, personal counsel for the prisoner at Matteawan, has paid all the bills of Evelyn Nesbit Thaw by check, and her husband has audited them every month.

Despite the fact that his wife has publicly and in legal document declared her purpose to be rid of him, Thaw still hopes that the turn of fate will give him back the woman for whom he slew Stanford White. He continues to sign the checks for her needs.

The Prince George Hotel, which does not care for her patronage, is on Twenty-eighth Street, within a stone's throw of Madison Square Garden, where her husband shot and killed White.

COTTON BROKERS EXPELLED.

New Orleans Exchange Announces That They Broke By-Laws.

NEW ORLEANS, La., April 2.—Ernesto Gussoni and Luigi Castello, composing the firm of Gussoni & Co., cotton brokers and exporters, were expelled from the New Orleans Cotton Exchange to-day.

The expulsion was announced publicly and officially on the floor of the Exchange this afternoon. The firm has been among the most prominent of the cotton exporting firms in this country.

No other reason than that the by-laws of the Exchange had been violated was given.

EMMONS CLARK A SUICIDE.

Kills Himself on Train After a Long Trip in the Far East.

Emmons Clark, son of the late Gen. Emmons Clark, who was for some time Colonel of the Seventh Regiment, committed suicide last night on board the through Chicago train on the Pennsylvania road just as it was making for him the last lap of a long journey home. Mr. Clark having come from China and other Far Eastern ports. Just as the train pulled out of Newark Mr. Clark was seen to go into the wash room of the Pullman. A minute later a shot was heard. When the porter got into the room he found Mr. Clark lying on the floor with a bullet hole in his right temple.

The dead man was a traveling representative of Lanman & Kemp, wholesale druggists, at 135 Water Street, with whom he had been employed in responsible capacities for over twenty years. He began his business life with this firm. Mr. George Massey of the Lanman & Kemp firm, said last night that Mr. Clark had left New York early last December for China and other Far Eastern countries on important business for the company. Mr. Massey said that Mr. Clark had always been in good health and cheerful, and that he could not think of any reason why he should take his life.

Yesterday's mails brought to the firm two letters from Mr. Clark, ostensibly from Hongkong. In one of them Mr. Clark had said, Mr. Massey stated, that he would mail the letters so that they would come on the Asia, but that he would sail on a boat that left a day or so later. He must have changed his mind after writing that letter, and sailed on the Asia.

A little memorandum book showed that Mr. Clark stopped at Honolulu, was in Yokohama on Dec. 29, and then went to Hongkong. He was in Manila in January, arriving in San Francisco in February, according to the memorandum book. That notation, however, does not agree as to time with the information contained in the letters received yesterday, supposedly from Hongkong.

The memorandum book said that Mr. Clark left Chicago last Tuesday. If so, he must have stopped off at some station.

In the clothes of the dead man were sixty-five gold sovereigns, $72 in American money, and two sealed letters. One of these was for Lanman Kemp, the other for George H. Clark, 406 West End Avenue, one of the dead man's several brothers. Clark lived at that number when he was in New York.

The body was taken off the train at Jersey City, and sent to the Jersey City Morgue. George H. Clark was notified of the death of his brother, and hurried over to Jersey City to take charge of the body. Mrs. George H. Clark, in the absence of her husband, refused to say anything more about the dead man than that he had been felling ill before he started on the trip.

Emmons Clark was a middle-aged bachelor. Up to a few years ago he was a member of the Seventh Regiment, of which his father had been Colonel. George H. Clark, his brother, is connected with the Rapid Transit Commission.

MME. GOULD RIDES OUT.

Her Health Improves, but the Prince de Sagan Does Not Visit Her.

Mme. Anna Gould, whose health suffered as a result of the opposition of her family to her proposed marriage with the Prince de Sagan, had recovered sufficiently yesterday to permit of her taking a drive in one of the motor cars of Miss Helen Gould.

After a run through Central Park, Mme. Gould, who was accompanied by her friend, Mrs. Tyler Morse, returned to the St. Regis.

Mme. Gould did not call at her sister's home yesterday, nor has she arranged to return to Miss Gould's Fifth Avenue house. Trunks are being sent from her sister's residence to the hotel apartment. While Mme. Gould was driving, Mrs. Frank Gould and her two little girls called at the hotel. George Gould still refuses to pay heed to his sister's state of health.

The Prince de Sagan had a quiet day and lunched at Sherry's. He did not call at the St. Regis, and he pooh-poohed the demands of certain Socialists that he be deported as an undesirable citizen. The extracts from the Paris weeklies were duly read by him at the Waldorf-Astoria, where he is staying. He found highly diverting the tales of Count Boni de Castellane's fury over his indomitable wooing of the former Countess. Gil Blas, one of the weeklies, attacked him strongly, but the Prince explained that this publication had been in the habit of taking weekly thrusts at him, and said that he could not pay attention to all these comments.

The Prince has announced that he would sail on Tuesday. No passage has thus far been booked by him on the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse.

PARIS, April 2.—Although Mme. Anna Gould before her departure from Paris for the United States repeatedly denied to intimate friends that she had any intention of marrying Prince Helie de Sagan, the Prince was a welcome guest at her city and country residences for months while in France, and they often dined and went to the theatre together. Mme. Gould has always been regarded as headstrong by her friends, and consequently they would not be astonished if she persisted in marrying the Prince despite the disastrous results of her marriage to Count Boni de Castellane and the present opposition of her family.

Count Boni de Castellane, who is a cousin of the Prince, is represented as being furious at the confirmation of his suspicions, and the Paris newspapers naturally are having considerable fun over the idea of Mme. Gould's re-entry into the French aristocracy as the Princess de Sagan, "with a reduced fortune of only $60,000 a year," that sum being regarded as prodigious in France.

The Gil Blas is especially hilarious over the Prince's alleged reply to an insinuation that he was a fortune hunter, in which he said: "At my age a man only marries for love."

READY FOR A RAINY DAY.

Convicted Thief Tells Judge Why He Stole $100 Worth of Umbrellas.

When David Douglas, who confessed to having been a race-track "tout," pleaded guilty, in General Sessions yesterday, to the theft of $100 worth of umbrellas from a Broadway department store, Judge Foster said:

"I am told that you are in hard luck. What did you take all these umbrellas for?"

Douglas grinned. "Getting ready for a rainy day," he answered.

The Judge sentenced him to six months in the penitentiary.

SEVEN-HOUR FIGHT IN HOUSE FILIBUSTER

Democratic Minority, by Roll Calls, Prolongs the Session Until 10 o'Clock.

LOSE BY THE OPERATION

Republicans Shut Them Off from Delivering a Lot of Speeches on President's Message.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—The House Democrats put their filibuster to a hard test this afternoon and kept the House in session until after 10 o'clock to-night, but in accomplishing that they lost the opportunity to make campaign thunder out of President Roosevelt's special message of Jan. 31.

For several days the Democrats had been demanding that the Republicans bring into the House the resolution of the Ways and Means Committee referring this message to the different House committees for consideration. They wanted to deliver a lot of speeches in the general debate on that resolution, and Sereno Payne, the floor leader for the Republicans, had promised that they should have the time.

This afternoon, after the passage of the Agricultural Appropriation bill, the Republicans undertook to handle a District bill, but there were so many absent that the Democrats outvoted them.

Thereupon Mr. Payne moved to go into Committee of the Whole on his resolution distributing the message. Mr. Williams filibustered and obtained a roll call, which consumed about forty minutes.

That made Mr. Payne angry, and as soon as his motion had carried he led off the general debate on the resolution with a speech in which he served notice on the Democrats that for the rest of this session the Republicans proposed to run things to suit themselves regardless of the Democrats' wishes. The Democrats having chosen to filibuster, he said, the majority, which was responsible for all the legislation of the House, would see to it that the minority had nothing more to say about what business should be transacted.

With that he moved that the committee rise, thus cutting off any Democratic thunder. As soon as the proceeding was in the House again, Mr. Payne moved to return to Committee of the Whole, for consideration of his resolution under the five-minute rule. That brought another roll call, but of course the motion carried.

Back in committee, Mr. Payne led off with a five-minute speech, amplifying what he had said before about the responsibility of the majority. Then he moved to close general debate. The Democrats were helpless, and could delay matters only by calling for tellers. The motion carried, with the result that not a Democrat could get a word in edgewise, and every bit of their thunder on the message was shut off.

The only thing they could do was to submit amendments, not one of which could be debated. Most of all Williams wanted to force the Republicans to go on record on the abolition of the wood pulp duty. But he couldn't make it. His amendment directing the Ways and Means Committee to bring in such a bill was voted down, and as no roll calls are had in Committee of the Whole, there was no record vote. The same fate overtook amendments directing the other committees to which parts of the message were referred to bring in corresponding bills.

Then Payne moved that the committee rise again, and in the House at once moved the previous question. The roll call on that over, he moved to recommit the resolution to the Ways and Means Committee. The Republicans voted the motion down on the roll call and then the roll was called for the tenth time to-day on the final passage of the resolution.

After that the House adjourned, the Democrats forcing a yea and nay vote on the motion. In all eleven roll calls were had during the day, consuming about seven and a half hours of the ten hours and a quarter the House was in session.

The Republicans are chuckling at the way in which they avoided general debate on the Jan. 31 message. A great deal of campaign material could have been made by the Democrats out of a discussion of it.

SEA TURTLE FOR ROOSEVELT.

Problem of Disposing of 350-Pound Gift Solved by the Chef.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—President Roosevelt has been the recipient of gifts of almost every conceivable description from personal friends and others, but it remained for a Nicaraguan to present him with the most novel gift of all.

Yesterday a monster sea turtle weighing 350 pounds, a product of Nicaraguan waters, was presented to the President by Col. James Dietrick of Grand River Station, Nicaragua, who happens also to be a personal friend of President Zelaya of that republic.

The President spent nearly an hour contemplating his new pet and debating as to what disposition to make of it. Finally the splendid specimen of sea food was turned over to the White House chef. Mr. Roosevelt has asked several luncheon guests for the next several days.

KILLS HERSELF FOR HER DOG.

Brooding Over the Death of Her Pet Woman Drowns Herself in a Pond.

Special to The New York Times.

MILLVILLE, N. J., April 2.—Brooding over the death of a pet dog, Mrs. Hannah Willis threw herself into the Richmond Mill Pond near her home early this morning and was drowned.

Several weeks ago, while Mrs. Willis was crossing the railroad track, an electric train struck and killed her pet. The shock so unnerved her that her physician feared for her reason.

When her husband, Alfred Willis, awoke this morning, his wife was missing. After an hour's search the body was discovered lying in three feet of water.

DEWEY'S OLD PORT WINE FOR INVALIDS. Will strengthen the Weak and Convalescents. H. T. Dewey & Sons Co., 135 Fulton St., New York. —Adv.

GUST OF WIND SAVED HIM.

Brought a Friend Just in Time to Prevent Old Man's Suicide.

A gust of wind saved a man from suicide in Brooklyn yesterday afternoon. August Heyer, 77 years old, who lives and has a little picture-framing shop at 306 Washington Street, is the man whose life was saved.

A gale blowing up Washington Street overturned and smashed a glass sign outside the door of Heyer's shop. At the very moment Joseph McElrath, an old friend of the aged picture framer, chanced to be passing. He entered the shop to tell the old man about the sign, and found Heyer lying on the floor, inhaling illuminating gas through a rubber tube attached to a pipe in the wall.

With the aid of a policeman, McElrath carried the old man out into the air, where he revived. Heyer did not seem pleased over the prank of the gust of wind and his old friend's presence there at that particular moment. He said he was tired of life and wanted to die, as he felt so much alone in the world. He was taken to the Cumberland Street Hospital, where it was said he would probably recover.

HIGH SCAFFOLD FALLS.

Plank from Metropolitan Tower Clips Off Top of Pedestrian's Hat.

The high wind of yesterday blew over a big derrick which workmen were trying to raise from the twenty-seventh floor of the new Metropolitan Building at Madison Avenue and Twenty-third Street, to one of the higher floors. It fell inward and plunged down through the building to the floor below. In its fall it loosened a small scaffold and the planks pitched down into the street.

Pedestrians heard the noise of the falling derrick and fled in all directions. A piece of timber sliced off the top of Frank Devlin's derby hat. Devlin lives at 439 East 142d Street. He was not hurt. Other timbers struck Miss Josephine Fennell of 625 Forty-seventh Street, Brooklyn, on the knee, and Patrick Wimsey of 406 East 137th Street on the foot. Neither was much hurt.

36-STORY SKYSCRAPER PLANS.

$4,600,000 Structure to be Built at Washington and West Streets.

Clinton & Russell, as architects for the Century Investing Company and the Battery Place Realty Company, have filed plans for the new mammoth thirty-six-story office building to be erected for these corporations, of which William H. Chesebrough is President, on the plot at 4 to 14 West Street, 6 to 18 Washington Street, and 17 Battery Place. The building will immediately adjoin the present twenty-two-story Whitehall Building, which is also owned by the Chesebrough interests.

The edifice will connect with the Whitehall Building by a wide court, and will front 206.3 feet on West Street and 170.5 feet on Washington Street. The design will be of renaissance type of brick, with trimmings of granite and terra cotta, and will consist of a central tower edifice, 95½ by 04.3 feet, rising to a heighth of thirty-six stories, or 446.9 feet, and flanked by an east and west wing, facing, respectively, on West and on Washington Streets. The east wing will be sixteen stories and the west wing thirty-one stories, these irregular heights being adopted, presumably, to make a harmonious architectural union with the existing Whitehall Building.

The tower will have a low peaked dome, with an ornamental balustrade, with an arch in the middle of the span. The building will be equipped with a group of thirty elevators, four of which will be continuous expresses to the thirty-sixth story, seven expresses to the thirtieth story, and the remainder traveling way-train fashion to the sixteenth floor. The building is to cost $4,600,000.

SEVER LEG WITH JACKKNIFE.

Wreck Victim, with Steam Pouring Into Face, Directs Amputation.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., April 2.—Pinned under wreckage caused by a rear-end collision on the Burlington Railroad to-day, and with steam from a broken engine pipe pouring into his face, Horace A. McKittrick, a stock breeder of Brookfield, Mo., directed the amputation of his leg and furnished a dull jacknife with which the work was done. The rough operation was performed by the Rev. R. C. Allen of Grove City, Penn., but it failed of its purpose, McKittrick dying later at the hospital.

Four others were injured in the wreck, which occurred near Spanish Lake, where a passenger train crashed into the rear end of a freight train.

Several of the passengers in the caboose of the freight train jumped and escaped serious injury, but McKittrick was caught between broken timbers under the passenger locomotive.

JEST MADE HIM A SUICIDE.

Brother's April Fool Joke Too Much for a Tailor Out of Work.

It was discovered yesterday that the suicide of Joseph Imperato, at 113 Brunswick Street, Jersey City, on Wednesday afternoon was the result of an "April fool" joke played by his brother Pascarel, 15 years old.

Joseph was a tailor out of work. Pascarel told him there was a man on the corner looking for him. Joseph went out in the hope that the man was a boss tailor looking for a cutter. When he came back half an hour later he was glum and went to his room and shot himself in the mouth.

W. H. SERGEANT IN AUTO CRASH

Machine Hits Telephone Pole and Builder Is Terribly Injured.

While driving his auto car at a clip estimated at forty-five miles an hour through Pelham last night, William H. Sergeant, a Mount Vernon builder, struck a telephone pole directly in front of the North Pelham School House, and was thrown onto a bank thirty feet away. He was unconscious when picked up, and his skull was fractured. He may also have been injured internally. The car was wrecked.

Mr. Sergeant was returning from New Rochelle to his home in Corcoran Manor, when the accident took place. He was alone in the car, and no one saw the accident, but it is believed that when the car struck the trolley tracks, at the foot of the Fourth Street hill, the front wheels skidded and then struck against the pole.

Persons who met the car on the road just before the accident, say that it was going at a terrific pace.

Dr. Edwin S. Newell, who was summoned, would not venture an opinion as to whether Mr. Sergeant would recover.

Being without an ambulance the doctor pressed a trolley into service, and the passengers carried the injured man aboard and he was removed to his home.

DYNAMITER KILLS OFFICER IN COURT

When Jury Renders Verdict in Terre Haute the Defendant Shoots Five Men.

POLICE RETURN HIS FIRE

He Falls with a Dozen Wounds—Spectators Rush Out—Judge Hurries to Jury Box.

Special to The New York Times.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., April 2.—Just after a jury late this aftesnoon had returned a verdict finding Henry F. McDonald guilty of dynamiting a church and two stores at Sanford, the convicted man drew a pistol and opened fire. He killed Chief of Detectives William E. Dwyer and wounded five others. McDonald himself fell in the courtroom battle that followed wounded by a dozen bullets from the officers' pistols, but still living.

When the verdict of guilty was given by the foreman of the jury the prisoner sprang to his feet. He was seen to draw the pistol and several persons tried to catch him. He fired at the prosecutor, James A. Cooper, Jr., but the lawyer saw him aim and fell backward, with his chair, escaping the bullet. McDonald then directed his fire at the group of officers seated about the table. They had drawn their pistols and returned the fire.

At the close of the fight it was found that Dwyer was dead. Harvey V. Jones, Superintendent of Police, lay on the floor with a bullet wound in his side. There was a hole in Deputy Sheriff Ira Wellman's chin. Sylvester Doyle, Bailiff of the City Court, was shot in the leg, and a Mr. Walker, a spectator, also was wounded.

The jurors jumped to their feet at the first shot. All of them remained in dazed fashion until the shooting was over. Judge J. T. Walker, one of the attorneys, tried to stop McDonald, but he only hindered the officers, who were afraid of hitting him when they shot.

Judge Crane, who presided at the trial, ran to the railing of the jury box in order to quiet the jurors and spectators rushed out in confusion. Persons in offices below the court room heard the shots and rushed toward the upper floor only to meet the people leaving the court room. About 1,000 persons collected around the building in a few minutes, and the police had to be called to prevent the crowd from forcing its way into the Court House.

Some of the spectators of the shooting said McDonald's brother also fired at the officers. The police are looking for the brother. McDonald was taken to a hospital. It is said that he and the other wounded men will recover. The dynamiter is being closely guarded, as there are threats of lynching on all sides.

Events which culminated so remarkably had their origin in dynamiting outrages that destroyed the Methodist Church and the general stores of Shickle & Johnson and J. W. Reese of Sanford on the night of Feb. 21, 1907. Henry McDonald and James Scanlon were arrested the next day, charged with the crime. In a former trial the jury disagreed. Scanlon has not been tried.

While McDonald was held to be a desperate man, he had been permitted his liberty during the trial. The Police Department had been active in the case, and several officers were in court to hear the verdict. They expected some demonstration by McDonald, but had not taken precautions against such an outbreak.

STEEPLEJACK'S ESCAPE.

Hangs on to Rim of High Stack When Wind Sweeps Seat from Under Him.

Joseph P. Bailey, a Philadelphia steeplejack, was at work in the high wind yesterday on a huge smokestack that is being erected by the Atlantic & Pacific Tea Company at their new warehouse at Bay and Provost Streets, Jersey City. This stack is nearly 200 feet high, and about 15 feet in circumference at the top.

Bailey was putting in the finishing rivets at the top and was seated in a boatswain's chair. He had occasion to stand up and had just placed his hands on the top rim when the wind carried the chair from under him and swept it half way around the stack.

Some 300 persons, who were watching him, expected to see Bailey dashed to the ground. But Bailey retained his grip on the top rim and worked his way, hand over hand, half way around the stack to his chair and regained his seat, coolly continuing his work until it was time to descend.

"I have had a good many narrow escapes," he said, "but this was the closest call I ever had in my life."

35 HORSES PERISH IN FIRE.

Englewood Stable Burns and Whole Block Was in Danger.

Thirty-five horses were burned to death last night in a fire which destroyed the livery stable of Undertaker Patrick J. Quirk in Van Brunt Street, Englewood, N. J. A hearse, several coaches, some hacks, and a lot of smaller vehicles, as well as a big delivery wagon belonging to Acker, Merrall & Condit, were consumed also.

The flames had gained considerable headway before they were discovered, and the high wind soon carried them beyond the control of the fire department. Calls for help were sent to Hackensack, Tenafly, and other neighboring towns, and pieces of apparatus soon began to come into town.

Sparks and burning embers were carried considerable distances on the wind, and for a time it was feared that the fire might spread over the whole block of which the rambling stable building occupied about half. All Englewood flocked to the spot to witness the unusual spectacle, but the shrieks of the burning horses drove most of the women out of hearing distance. Only two horses were saved, and these were got out directly after the fire was discovered. A minute later it was impossible to enter the stable.

By midnight the building was nothing but a mass of charred embers. It is thought the damage will reach $75,000.

PHILADELPHIA IN TWO HOURS —every hour on the hour—via New Jersey Central. See schedule on Page 15. SAFE, CONVENIENT, RELIABLE.—Adv.

DESTROYER SUNK; 23 DROWN.

British Cruiser Berwick Rams the Tiger in Manoeuvres.

PORTSMOUTH, April 2.—A wireless report received here says that during night manoeuvres in the Channel the cruiser Berwick ran down the torpedo boat destroyer, which was cut in two and speedily sank.

Boats from the Berwick and the cruiser Gladiator picked up twenty-two men, one of whom died later of his injuries.

It is believed that the Tiger had a crew of forty-five men, and that all the others were drowned.

The torpedo boat destroyer Tiger was launched in 1900. Her length was 210 feet, breadth of beam 21 feet, and indicated horse power 6,400. Her maximum speed was 30 knots, and her ordinary complement of men 60.

MAY BE WAR IN PANAMA.

Reported Colombian Troops Have Seized Town in the New Republic.

PANAMA, April 2.—Advices received here this evening report that Colombian troops on March 26 invaded the town of Jurado, on the frontier of Panama and Colombia, taking possession of the place, which had always been under Panama's jurisdiction. It is said no resistance was offered to the Colombians, as Jurado was guarded by only five Panaman policemen.

There is no telegraph communication between Jurado and Panama, and confirmation of the report of its invasion by Colombian troops is not possible at present.

Ricardo Arias, Secretary of Foreign Affairs, said to-night: "Our Government would consider the occupation of Jurado by Colombia as a casus belli."

ADMIRAL EVANS AT SPRINGS.

He Is Hopeful of Speedy Recovery from His Ailment.

PASO ROBLES, Hot Springs, Cal., April 12.—Rear Admiral Robley D. Evans, accompanied by his son, Lieutenant Frank Taylor Evans, Flag Lieutenant C. R. Train, and Past Assistant Surgeon P. E. McDonnold, arrived here to-day.

The Admiral was assigned comfortable apartments in El Paso de Robles Hotel. He is hopeful of speedy restoration to health.

Admiral Evans began his treatment for rheumatism and stomach trouble to-day. He was wheeled to the baths in a chair. He said this evening that he felt refreshed. He has planned to take a bath and treatment every morning, spending the rest of the day in the sun as much as possible.

PILOT NICHOLS RESTORED.

Mississippi Navigator Was Suspended on the President's Complaint.

Special to The New York Times.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., April 2.—Having served six months' sentence of suspension imposed by special order of President Roosevelt, Clarence Nichols, the old-time river pilot, was to-day restored to good standing by local steamboat officials.

Nichols last October, during the trip of President Roosevelt down the Mississippi to Memphis, was in charge of the steamboat Fred Hartwig. The President declared that the Hartwig endangered the lives of himself and party by running within a few yards of the President's boat.

CONFIRMS HILL'S NOMINATION

Senate Without Debate Approves His Selection for Berlin Embassy.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—The Senate came to the front nobly to-day to support the White House in ending the international misunderstanding growing out of the Hill-Tower affair. It confirmed the nomination of Dr. David Jayne Hill to be Ambassador at Berlin, in succession to Ambassador Charlemagne Tower, without quibble or discussion.

The State Department will make out Dr. Hill's credentials, so that he may be prepared to present them to the German Government on June 1, the date on which Ambassador Tower is expected formally to retire.

In addition to the confirmation of Dr. Hill's nomination, the Senate also confirmed the nominations of Arthur M. Beupré, to be Ambassador to the Netherlands, and Spencer F. Eddy, to be Minister to the Argentine Republic.

PANIC IN RIVER COLLISION.

Ferry Passengers in Terror When Sound Liner Hits Their Craft.

The ferryboat Maine of the Brooklyn Ferry Company's line was in collision in the East River at about 5:45 o'clock yesterday afternoon with a big steamboat, reported to have been a Sound liner, which struck the Maine just aft of the starboard paddle wheel box. The blow stove a big hole in the Maine's side and caused her to list heavily to port.

There was a panic among the 200 passengers, most of whom apparently thought that the boat was about to sink. Men threw women aside in a mad rush for life preservers, and the shrieks of the women were heard on the Williamsburg Bridge, beneath which the ferryboat was when the collision occurred.

The Maine was only about 150 feet from the slip of the Grand Street Ferry, and her pilot steered her in at slow speed. The boat plys between Twenty-third Street, Manhattan, and Broadway, Williamsburg. The collision came on her 5:30 trip from Manhattan, and was caused by the strong tide, which threw the steamboat against the smaller vessel, despite the efforts of both Captains to avoid the crash.

The Maine was laid up for repairs.

INVADER STOPS LENTEN MASS.

Man Smashes Vestry Door at St. Patrick's and Service Is Halted.

In the midst of a Lenten service at St. Patrick's Cathedral, Fifty-first Street and Fifth Avenue, late yesterday afternoon, a man was seen to stagger up an aisle to the entrance to the vestry room and smash a glass panel in one of the vestry doors.

Private Watchman Peter Smith called Patrolman Fitzgerald of the Traffic Squad, who entered the vestry and found the man, he says, throwing clerical garments and anything he could lay his hand upon, about the room. He was in the act of tearing a cope to pieces when he was arrested, according to Fitzgerald. The prisoner was taken to the East Fifty-first Street Station, and held on charges of malicious mischief and intoxication.

The prisoner said he was Eugene J. Fessell of 150 Floyd Street, Brooklyn. Mgr. Lavelle said that the man was undoubtedly intoxicated, and not responsible for his actions. The service was brought to a close soon after the prisoner was taken from the cathedral on account of the excitement among those in attendance.

UNIVERSITY STRIKE AFTER BLOCH HAZING

Entire Student Body Withdraws When Junior President Is Suspended.

BLOCH THE ONLY ONE LEFT

Freshman Who Was Ducked Tells All About It, Aided and Abetted by His Family.

Awful rebellion stalks abroad at University Heights to-day. All indications are that it will continue to stalk up there in the New York University corridors and around the Hall of Fame for several days, for the 350 New York University students are on strike.

The Faculty has suspended A. A. Young, one of the most popular young men in the university until Tuesday, pending his trial on the charge of helping to haze Henry Bloch for living up too closely to his title of freshman. The students demand that all the hazers be punished or none, while the Faculty says firmly that Young's suspension must stand, at least until Tuesday.

There were committee and committee meetings yesterday at the university. The Student Body—spelled with capitals now—conferred with the Faculty; propositions and counter-propositions were made and rejected; orations, speaking of galling chains of slavery and one thing and another heated up the University Heights atmosphere. But the only bona fide student yesterday on the Heights was Henry Bloch, the freshman.

He got in one recitation in a foreign language.

Last night the rival forces of the Student Body and Faculty both lay strongly intrenched on University Heights, both seemingly determined not to yield.

Among other complications the rebellion has mixed up the athletic schedule. New York University has a baseball game scheduled with Bowdoin here to-day. Being self-suspended, however, the Student Body cannot use the university name. And so they will play under the nom de bat of the "University Heights Athletic Club." The athletic arrangements for the rest of the season may be jarred, too.

Bloch's Father Threatens Arrests.

Henry Bloch, the freshman, doesn't fully appreciate all the trouble laid at his door. He is a stolid young man, who has been much under the influence of his mother. He went back to the university yesterday. He will go back again to-day. If he can't make peace with the Student Body, and if he is further molested, his father says he will have the Student Body arrested. But whatever the disposition of his case, the Student Body and the Faculty are in for war on account of the action already taken against Mr. A. A. Young.

The saga of Henry Bloch, the freshman, began last September, when he entered the university. Seen last night at his home, 12 East Ninety-seventh Street, in the bosom of his family, he gave his version of it.

"They gave me a card with ten rules for freshmen on it," he said. "The rules said I should not wear my trousers turned up on the campus, though I could turn them up the moment I left the university grounds. They ordered me to wear a green button. They said I should wear a cap, to further show that I was a freshman—and a whole lot more things like that.

"Well, I lived up to them. I did it all. On the night of the second day I ran into a party of upper classmen by mistake, and they grabbed me. You see, I was new; I had made a mistake. They took me and another fellow and ducked us in the fountain. Well, I knew that every freshy has to get a ducking. I took it."

"You see how quiet my boy is," said Mrs. Bloch. "Look at this certificate from the High School. Does it not say that he is a good boy? It is terrible. He is so quiet that he should be a girl. You see his sister. She it is that speaks out her mind strong. She should have been a boy.

"Oh, look at these clothes! In these he was ducked Wednesday, and they threw him down a steep bank. Oh, I am worried every day he is out. But it will be all right, all right; I am sure of it. Ha! they will let him off now. But it is an outrage. I wanted to go up there at first and speak to the Chancellor, but they wouldn't let me. It is terrible."

How Henry "Saved the Line."

"Well, about a week after they ducked me the first time," went on young Henry Bloch, the freshman, "they lined up four or five of us freshmen to give us the duck. They got hold of me, and because I had been ducked once I ran into Chancellor MacCracken's office. He asked me what was the matter, and I had to tell him. Then he made the fellows leave all the others alone whom they had intended to duck. I saved the whole line that day, you see.

"That was the beginning of the trouble—that was the whole trouble. They called me 'squealer.' I couldn't make up to them. If I started to talk to them they would shout 'Squealer!' and run away.

"And they threw books at him," put in Mrs. Bloch. "He would be sitting in the classroom, when a book would strike him in the head. They howled at him. Oh, it was terrible! Is there not a President in this country? Is there not a Governor? Who shall govern this university? Is it a lot of rough boys that shall say, 'Do this' and 'do that'? Oh, it is terrible, but it will be all right."

"Also they say in the papers that he rode up there in an automobile," said Mr. Bloch striking his knee at the thought. Poof! Think of it—an automobile! The only times that boy rides in an automobile is at Coney Island for 10 cents."

"They say he threatened somebody with a pistol," his sister, Miss Florence, declared. "He never had a pistol in his hands. Ha! he would be afraid of one."

"Tell about that, Harry," commanded his father.

"Well, they kept saying it, and one day in the gym, when two or three had declared that I carried one all the time, I asked a professor to search me before the crowd."

"Couldn't find a thing," said Mr. Bloch.

laughing loudly and beating his knee at the very idea of Harry carrying a pistol.

"Go on, Harry, tell about Hallowe'en night."

That Awful Hallowe'en Night.

"That is the regular night for ducking freshmen," continued Henry Bloch, freshman. "Chancellor MacCracken says that is the only night it should be done. I was there. They did it to me. I was ready, and—"

"They beat him black and blue," cried Mrs. Bloch, covering her face with her hands.

A smile crept across the stolid face of Henry Bloch.

"That was thrown in—a tip," he said.

"It makes me cry to think of it," went on Mrs. Bloch, softly weeping into a handkerchief. "Oh, it was terrible. Black and blue all down the back in big welts. And we had to have a doctor for him. Oh, it will be all right, though, it will be all right. Just boys, you know. Don't you think they will let him alone, now?"

"Tell about rubbing down the fellows in the gym, Harry," commanded Mr. Bloch.

"In football time," went on Henry Bloch, in a monotone, "the freshmen have to take turns rubbing down the upper classmen in the gym. I had Friday afternoons. I did that; it was custom. It was all right."

"Yes, he would come in Friday afternoons after 6 o'clock all tired out," went on Mrs. Bloch. "It was terrible."

"About three weeks ago a fellow met me in the afternoon and he said: 'Bloch, you come up to-night at 10 o'clock, do some rubbing down in the gym, and you will square yourself with the fellows.'

"I went."

"Yes, but I thought there was something pretty strange in this," said Mrs. Bloch.

"And so I asked Stultzer, the janitor, to go up there with my boy," put in Mr. Bloch.

"We went into the grounds," young Bloch continued, as if he hadn't been interrupted. "There were no lights. There was nothing doing in the gym. Stultzer and I saw four figures coming for us. We ran. Stultzer went in front. You see, we weren't looking for trouble.

"We jumped on a car. The four fellows, with their hats pulled down, came after us, but we had met a detective while running. He agreed to come with us, and the four fellows, seeing him, got off the car."

"They meant no good," said Mrs. Bloch. "But it will be all right, all right. Only boys, you know—they will cut up. But they do not so at Columbia and Princeton and Yale and Harvard. They are the refined boys."

Ducked Him For Third Time.

"They have kept at me since then," went on Henry Bloch. "They kept calling me a squealer. They cut me out. But I went right on. On Wednesday they caught me, as everybody knows, now that it is all in the papers, and ducked me a third time in the fountain. Yes. A. A. Young was one of the fellows that did it. There were five or them. I know one other.

"After they had ducked me they told me to go away and not come back any more. A senior handed me a key, telling me to go to his room and take what I wanted. I dressed in his clothes and came home."

"Yes, there are the very clothes that he brought home," said Mrs. Bloch tearfully. "I dried them out to-day. It is terrible, terrible! But it will be all right. They will let him alone now. Only boys."

That is the story of Henry Bloch, freshman, covering part of his troublous first year at college. The students say he begged off his ducking for a long time on the ground that his ear was sore, and then, when they first tried to give it to him anyway, he ran to Chancellor MacCracken and "squealed." They say, too, that he has brazenly violated freshman forms. The story of the pistol never had much to back it.

Following the violent ducking of Bloch on Wednesday, the Faculty had a meeting that night, deciding that A. A. Young, President and representative of the junior class, which was most implicated in the latest ducking of Bloch, should be suspended until next Tuesday, when he will be tried by the Faculty. Something more may be done with him then.

The announcement was made yesterday morning at chapel by Recorder Waters. The students were shocked. Young is President of the Athletic Association, Captain of the 'Varsity crew, and a member of the Phi Gamma Delta Fraternity.

It was quickly moved and seconded that the entire junior class suspend itself, and the motion prevailed. Then it was moved that the entire student body suspend itself. Carried also. It was asked what should be done with Bloch, who was reported as having dared to come back to the university. He was even then in the library.

Dean Snow ordered President Sherin of the student body to adjourn the meeting. That was done.

Bloch the Only Student Left.

The professors went to the recitation rooms, but only Bloch appeared to recite. The student body sent a committee of five to confer with the Faculty Discipline Committee, which sent back the following reply:

In reply to the communication of the student organization acknowledging the violation of the rules of the university by students of the junior class and others in doing physical violence to one of their number and asking that the penalty be not visited upon any one individual, but upon the student body as a whole,

It is the sense of the Committee on Discipline that a readiness to submit to the authority of the Faculty must first be indicated by an immediate return by the classes to their duties as students.

That the suspension of Mr. Young pending the meeting of the Faculty on Tuesday stand until the Faculty shall have acted in the matter.

That the student body be advised that, having willfully committed a serious breach of discipline, adding insubordination to a transgression of the rules, it is the sense of the committee that penalty must follow.

That, in view of the committee, it is the province of the Faculty and the Council alone to determine what shall constitute conditions of membership in the university, and that the imposition by the student body of requirements for attendance other than those prescribed by the Faculty, is an interference on the part of students with prerogatives belonging solely to the university authorities.

Students Refuse to Return.

That was early in the afternoon. But no students went to the recitations rooms. They paraded with banners until an orator broke up the procession. Last night there seemed little doubt that the student body would hold out at least for a day or so. The Faculty was equally firm.

The student body and the Faculty will confer some more to-day—the student body having had the advantage of talks with its fathers and mothers in the meantime.

As for Bloch, Samuel W. Levine, a lawyer, went to the student body yesterday with a proposal that he give himself into the hands of a Committee of Five for full and final initiation, and that that be the end of the quarrel. The student body is considering the matter.

It is felt that the full and final initiation of Henry Bloch, freshman, if it is accomplished, will be ungentle.

But it must not go too far, said Mr. Bloch last night, or he would have the whole student body arrested.

STEEL MEN STILL HOPEFUL.

They Dine at the Waldorf-Astoria and Discuss Industrial Conditions.

The General Committe representing the leading iron and steel men of the country organized last Fall at a dinner given by Judge Elbert H. Gary, Chairman of the United States Steel Corporation, gave a dinner last night at the Waldorf-Astoria, which is the third in six months. The attendance included representatives of all the important independent iron and steel manufacturers and producers in the country in addition to the heads of the United States Steel Corporation's subsidiaries.

The committee was organized to deal with the depression in iron and steel circles which set in last Fall, and the dinners have been in effect forms for the discussion of trade conditions. J. P. Morgan, who was the guest of honor at the first banquet, crystalized the sentiment of the industry by talking optimistically of the situation, and the General Committee has since been energetic in influencing iron and steel makers to stand together and avoid price cutting.

The committee has strengthened its organization by incorporating as the American Iron and Steel Institute, and a meeting of this body was held yesterday to formulate by-laws and arrange other details which were to have been put before the members at the banquet last night.

Steel men from out of town who came to attend the banquet talked hopefully of the iron and steel outlook. It was the general opinion that all that is needed is good crops to bring the railroads again into the market, and that while there may be slow business for some time to come, the industry will steadily recover from present conditions.

TUNNEL BUILDERS DINE.

Railroad Men and Engineers Celebrate Joining of Pennsylvania Tubes.

Many of the most prominent civil engineers and railroad magnates of the country were present last night at Sherry's at a dinner given to celebrate the joining of the four Pennsylvania Railroad tunnels under the East River. The hosts were S. Pearson & Son, the English firm of contractors who built the tunnels, and those present included all who have been prominently identified with the gigantic task. The toastmaster was E. W. Moir, Vice President of the firm.

Practically the whole Directorate of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company attended. President James McCrea, who dislikes public speaking, got on his legs no fewer than three times, but on each occasion his remarks were limited to not more than a dozen words. Others who spoke were John P. Green, First Vice President; George V. Massey, General Counsel; G. W. Wickersham, H. W. Taft, Henry Japp, managing engineer, and Dr. Pritchard.

Others present were: W. W. Atterbury, General Manager of the Pennsylvania Company; N. P. Shortridge, W. H. Barnes, George Wood, Rudulph Ellis, C. E. Ingersoll, and Percival Roberts, Jr., Directors of the Pennsylvania Company; Ralph Peters, President of the Long Island Railroad; Andrew Freedman, Charles M. Jacobs, W. G. McAdoo, J. O'Rourke, M. J. Degnon, De Lancy Nicoll, J. E. Gaffney, John D. Crimmins, and W. J. Wilgus.

TO ERECT JEFFERSON STATUE.

Woman's Democratic Club Starts Movement Suggested by Controller.

In his speech at the third annual dinner of the Woman's Democratic Club, at the Hotel Majestic last night, in celebration of the birthday of Thomas Jefferson, Controller Metz said that, as there was no monument in New York of the father of the Democratic Party, the club should at once start a movement to have one erected. The club adopted his suggestion unanimously, and Mrs. James Hogan led off with a hundred-dollar contribution to the fund.

Speaking on city affairs, he said that if every one who is finding fault, criticising, and offering fresh theories every day would only stop knocking and see what good is being done on every side in New York it would be a much better town.

The Controller, in speaking on the subject of transportation, said that only four lines in the city paid, and those were the Madison Avenue and three crosstown lines. The Subway alone did not pay, he said, and there was no city in the world where a man could travel so far for 5 cents as he could in New York.

Barnes Heads a Delegation.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, April 2.—William Barnes, Jr., heads the delegation from the First Assembly District and Luther C. Warner, President of the Republican General Committee, that of the Second District of Albany County to the Republican State Convention. Congressman George N. Southwick is a delegate from the Second District. The conventions of these Assembly districts were held to-day.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

Bulletin

EASTER AT THE SHORE.

Time was when the world of fashion considered the proper observance of Easter incomplete without the after-church parade on Fifth Avenue.

To-day the Easter Parade is transferred to the great boardwalks of Atlantic City, Asbury Park, and Cape May. My lady dons her spring finery for the benefit of the thousands who make the yearly Easter pilgrimage to gay Atlantic City, delightful Asbury Park, or Cape May, the oldest and newest of them all.

The Pennsylvania Railroad is the great highway from New York over which these Easter pilgrims travel. Its splendid train service, amplified to meet the demands of this season of outing, meets every requirement.

Two through trains leave New York every week-day for Atlantic City, one in the morning and one in the afternoon, and one on Sunday morning. There is also an early afternoon train, leaving New York at 1.25 P. M. on Fridays and Saturdays until April 11, week-days until April 18, and Saturdays only until the close of the summer season.

To Cape May there is excellent train service for the Easter season. Beginning April 11, train leaving New York at 1.55 P. M. week-days, connects at North Philadelphia with train from Philadelphia via the Delaware River Bridge, arriving Cape May at 6.02 P. M. There is also connection on Saturday night via the 12.10 midnight train with Sunday-only bridge train from Philadelphia.

Five week-day and two Sunday trains join New York with Asbury Park, with an extra Saturday-only train.

For full particulars regarding tickets, apply to Ticket Agents, or C. Studds, E. P. A., 263 Fifth Avenue, New York City. Telephone Madison 1032.

DE DION 22 HOURS IN DEATH VALLEY

Car Abandoned in Sandstorm and Rescued by Party from Rhyolite.

NOW ON WAY TO MOJAVE

Zust Passes Through Paso Robles Near San Francisco and Protos Stays at Ogden for the Night.

61ST DAY OF THE RACE.

Car.	Reported.	Time. P. M.	Distance.
*Thomas	Seattle, Wash....		4836
Zust	Paso Robles..	8:45	3873
†De Dion	Ballarat.....		3229
Protos	Ogden, Utah....	9:00	2536

*Sailed for Valdez, Alaska.
†Nearest Point.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, April 2.—After being stuck for twenty-two hours in Death Valley, with a fierce sandstorm raging; the French De Dion car in the New York to Paris automobile race was pulled out this afternoon by a rescue party from Rhyolite, a place fifty miles from where the car was stuck.

Hartigan, the driver of the first rescue team, which started in from Rhyolite, fell from his wagon and broke his neck.

The crew expects to reach Mojave tomorrow morning, going via Emigrant Pass and Ballarat.

The De Dion made the run from Goldfield to Stovepipe, Death Valley, yesterday. Proceeding from Stovepipe early in the afternoon, everything went well until the driver got off the beaten trail, and the car was instantly deep in the sand.

Every effort to extricate the automobile with its own power proved futile, and at last a messenger was dispatched to the little mining camp, Skidoo, twenty miles away, the nearest possible point where assistance could be obtained. The crew abandoned the car and took refuge at Stovepipe Wells.

When the messenger reached Skidoo he found that there was not a team in camp that could be hired, and he had to telephone to Rhyolite, fifty miles from the scene of the accident. A team was started from Rhyolite on its long drive in the evening, and this morning the horses returned alone, dragging the empty wagon behind them.

From the appearance of the horses and wagon it was evident that an accident had happened, and men were quickly sent out to ascertain what the matter was. About five miles from camp they came across the body of the driver. His neck had been broken by a fall from the wagon.

The body was carried back to Rhyolite and another team started for the automobile. Messengers were also sent across the desert to learn of the condition of the men in the De Dion, who had had a long delay in the scorching sun of the desert. Food and water supplies were carried to them.

Special to The New York Times.

GOLDFIELD, Nev., April 2.—In response to calls at the banquet given the crew of the De Dion car here the French autoists declared that they had been royally treated in America throughout the race, both socially and professionally. They had nothing to complain of, they said.

ZUST NEAR SAN FRANCISCO.

Will Be Shipped North to Seattle After Short Wait.

Special to The New York Times.

PASO ROBLES, Cal., April 2.—The Zust Italian car passed through Paso Robles to-night at 8:45 P. M.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN LUIS OBISPO, Cal., April 2.—Two slight mishaps delayed the Italian Zust car this morning, and it did not arrive here until 4:10 o'clock in the afternoon. It then stopped for a half hour before continuing north.

The crew expected to run to San Francisco to-night if it found the roads in good condition over the San Juan Pass. The ascent to Paso Robles will be made with the assistance of C. A. Maini and T. J. F. Morrison in a local pilot car, and another car will take the Italian machine on from that point into San Francisco.

The car was expected to arrive here early this morning, but did not start from Alcatraz until late. Two stops were necessary on the way, and the crew took luncheon at Santa Maria. A big crowd awaited their arrival here and gave them an enthusiastic welcome. The Italians from all the surrounding districts gathered to speed their countrymen on their way to Paris, and much disappointment was expressed at the short stay they made here.

This is the last of the relay points established for the change of tires, and it was expected an hour would be spent in making a complete change. The condition of the tires was such, however, that Sirtori refused to wait to change them, and the car left with the same set they had used through the San Bernardino Desert.

The car appeared to be in excellent condition, and the three members of the crew were enthusiastic over the prospect of completing the first stage of the journey to-day. Sirtori announced that the car would probably remain in San Francisco only a day, and that it would start, in all probability, on the train leaving for Seattle to-morrow night. Such overhauling as may be necessary before going to Alaska will be done at Seattle, between the date of arrival there and the departure of the steamer, April 8.

PROTOS AT OGDEN.

German Car Will Leave for the Southern Run This Morning.

OGDEN, Utah, April 2.—Making a run of seventy-six miles from Evanston, Wyo., to-day, the German car Protos arrived in Ogden to-night at 9 o'clock. The car was named by O. W. Snyder of Chicago, Lieut. Koeppen having left it at Evanston to take a train to Salt Lake City for the purpose of attending to business matters and obtaining a few hours of much-needed rest.

The Protos pulled into the city to-night much besmeared with mud. It had wallowed through mud pretty much all day, but otherwise was in splendid condition. It was taken to the garage of the Ogden Automobile Company, where it will receive the attention of the machinists until to-morrow morning at 9 o'clock, when it will resume its journey in the New York to Paris race.

Lieut. Koeppen, the driver, will join Mr. Snyder here in the morning, and accompany the car across the State of Nevada and on to San Francisco. C. O. Wheat of Ogden will pilot the car from here to Cobre, Nev., where Frank Pierce will take up the work of piloting the car as far as Goldfield.

The roads from here to California are in splendid condition, and the Protos ought to make exceedingly fast time. The car to-day was piloted through the Weber Cañon from Echo by the manager of the Ogden Automobile Company. Mr. Snyder states that the roads from Granger, Wyo., have been almost impassable.

The car encountered a heavy snowstorm the day before yesterday, and the roads since then have simply been beds of deep mud. The driver of the car stated when he came in to-night that he was confident that the car would run from here to San Francisco in better time than has any of the other cars.

Williams New Ohio Chairman.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, April 2.—The Republican State Central Committee late to-day elected H. F. Williams of Columbus Chairman of the State Executive Committee, succeeding Senator Charles Dick; W. H. Phipps of Paulding County, Secretary, and William F. Hoffman of Columbus, Treasurer.

WATSON FOR GOVERNOR.

Indiana Republicans' Platform Urges a Revision of the Tariff in November.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., April 2.—With its organization completed at its first session yesterday the Indiana State Convention to-day adopted its platform, elected four delegates at large to the National Convention and two National Electors at large, instructed the thirty Indiana delegates to the National Convention to vote and work persistently for the nomination of Vice President Charles Warren Fairbanks for the Presidency of the United States, and nominated the following State ticket:

For Governor—JAMES E. WATSON, Rushville.

For Lieutenant Governor—FREMONT C. GOODWINE, Williamsport.

For Secretary of State—FRED A. SIMS, Frankford.

For Auditor of State—JOHN C. BILLHEIMER, Washington.

For Treasurer of State—OSCAR HADLEY, Plainfield.

For Attorney General—JAMES BINGHAM, Muncie.

For Reporter of the Supreme Court—GEORGE W. SELF, Corydon.

For Judge of Appellate Court—DAVID MYERS, Greensburg.

Mr. Watson is the Representative in Congress from the Sixth Indiana District.

The platform adopted, in addition to instructing for Vice President Fairbanks, indorses President Roosevelt's Administration, opposes corporation contributions to campaign funds, favors economy in public expenditures, especially mentioning the army and navy, favors a modification of the financial system without mentioning any particular measure, and urges a progressive programme of labor legislation.

The platform also pledges a complete regulation of capitalistic combination in the interest of trade, commerce, and the general welfare of the people, and urges a revision of the tariff by a special session of Congress to be called early in November, with the recommendation that Congress take immediate steps to secure the proper data by experts.

Extension of foreign mail service on the seas is favored, as is the extension of foreign trade, especially with South America. A bureau of mines and mining is urged, and waterways improvements is recommended. The abolishment of child labor is demanded.

COL. HARVEY'S TICKET.

Republicans Will Have Taft and Hughes, Publisher Says.

Col. George B. Harvey, the publisher, thinks that the Republican ticket will be Taft and Hughes. Before sailing for Europe on the Mauretania he made a statement regarding the political situation in which he said:

"The political situation has undergone a complete change in the past month. There was no definitive issue in sight when the President wrote his last message. Both parties seemed likely to appeal to the country to uphold general righteousness, and discriminate solely between the candidates. But through his message, the President, acting doubtless in conformity with Mr. Taft's judgment, blazes an entirely new trail."

"Will Taft be nominated?" Mr. Harvey was asked.

"Almost certainly."

"And for the Vice Presidency?"

"Hughes probably," replied Mr. Harvey. "The President might prefer somebody else, but Mr. Taft will have the picking of his running mate, and Gov. Hughes could not withstand a universal demand."

"How about Bryan?"

"His nomination is not likely under the two third-rule. The names on the Democratic ticket should be Woodrow Wilson and John A. Johnson."

BRYANITES THREATEN TO BOLT

If Populists' Convention Nominates Watson at This Time.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., April 2.—The Nebraska delegation, which is trying to obtain a postponement of the Populist National Convention, in the interests of William J. Bryan, made no progress to-day, and neither did the convention, except as to speeches. After two sessions were held, at the conclusion of which permanent organization had not been affected, the convention adjourned till to-morrow.

Admirers of Bryan will continue their efforts to have the convention postponed until after the National Democratic Convention meets in Denver on July 7.

A. M. Walling of Nebraska said:

"Nebraska is in earnest about this matter, and we shall bolt if the convention attempts to nominate Thomas E. Watson, or any one else. We are not alone, for we have assurances that Minnesota, Georgia, and possibly Michigan and Kansas will walk out when we do."

BRYAN DENIES HE IS PIQUED.

But Wires He Will Not Attend New York Democratic Banquet.

Special to The New York Times.

DES MOINES, Iowa, April 2.—That W. J. Bryan has had his feelings hurt by the report that he was to be a guest of the New York Democratic Club banquet April 13 but would not be expected to speak, is the declaration of Mr. Bryan's friends here to-night. Mr. Bryan denies any feelings of pique, but admits that he has wired President Fox withdrawing his acceptance of the invitation to the banquet.

He says that if he remains away there can be no possible embarrassment caused either by speaking or by failure to speak. Mr. Bryan spoke before the Des Moines Democratic Club here to-night.

Karo
CORN SYRUP
CANE FLAVOR
For "Goodness" Sake Get
Karo
CORN SYRUP
A Treat That Makes You Eat
Karo Corn Syrup is more than "goodness"—it's a food so valuable in its properties that authorities class it high among food products. Not only nutritious, but delicious—a golden syrup of exquisite flavor that pleases all palates. For every use from griddle cakes to candy.
10c, 25c and 50c in air-tight tins.
CORN PRODUCTS MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

TAFT MEN SCARED, SAYS GEN. WOODFORD

He Thinks That Was Why Headquarters Were Opened Here for Him.

WALL STREET SENTIMENT

Hughes League Leader Confident the Governor's Candidacy Is Growing Stronger.

In the view of Gen. Stewart L. Woodford, President of the National Hughes League, the opening of Taft headquarters in this city indicates, first, that Wall Street favors the nomination of the Secretary of War, and second, that the Taft forces are scared. The statement that the financial interests were swinging around to Taft, as published in THE TIMES on Feb. 20, has been corroborated, he thinks.

Gen. Woodford, who will probably be one of the "Big Four" from this State to the Republican National convention at Chicago, said last night at the headquarters of the Hughes League, 500 Fifth Avenue:

"I am not much surprised and not at all disappointed at the opening of Taft headquarters here. The Secretary's friends have set a danger signal on a craft that is evidently in distress. Everybody knows that the plain people of New York are for Hughes. Everybody knows that Wall Street wants Taft, fearing that if they don't get him they may have Roosevelt for another term.

"Of course this does President Roosevelt a great injustice, because he has said and repeated in the strongest possible language that he will neither be a candidate nor accept renomination. I am sorry that my Wall Street friends have such a poor opinion of the President's veracity.

"I know Roosevelt to be a brave, truthful man, and will never do him the injustice to believe that he is deceiving the American people. He is not. The people may rely on his assurances. Wall Street need not be scared, nor give to Taft's candidacy the money the Street has not yet tendered to the candidacy of Gov. Hughes. My friends the enemy must be badly scared."

It has been known for some time that the financial district had Taft sentiment to spare, but the managers of the Hughes campaign have not been worrying about the fact, believing that in the long run it would do Mr. Hughes more good than harm. It is the general belief among the Hughes men that the "Big Four" from this State will all be "dyed-in-the-wool" Hughes men and that, with the other delegates from the State pledged, the Governor's own State will be safe enough, at least until just before the convention. The Hughes League, in consequence, is devoting most of its energies to other States, and some surprises for the Taft people are promised before April is over.

JOHNSON OPENS QUARTERS.

Managers Criticise Roosevelt and Outline Governor's Views.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, April 2.—Headquarters of Gov. John A. Johnson of Minnesota, candidate for the Democratic nomination for the Presidency, were opened in the Grand Pacific Hotel to-day. Frederick B. Lynch, Treasurer of the Minnesota Democratic State Central Committee and a close friend of Gov. Johnson, is in charge.

The campaign directed here, Mr. Lynch said, is to be an educational one. In regard to Gov. Johnson and his prospects he declared:

"What the friends of Gov. Johnson desire to do is to drive home to the Democratic leaders and the rank and file the fact that we have in Gov. Johnson a man who can win. The Democrats of this country are very tired after twelve years of defeat."

A formal statement was issued declaring that the Johnson adherents had no animus against Mr. Bryan. It contained a sharp criticism of Roosevelt, saying:

"We believe that hundreds of thousands of Republicans, as well as the major portion of the Democratic Party, are tired of the occupant of the White House. The country longs for a calm, judicious, farsighted man, not lacking in strength and determination. The present rough-shod methods of reform are not appreciated."

The rest of the statement was devoted to an outline of Gov. Johnson's personal views on National issues.

He favors the largest possible measure of State rights consistent with National administration.

He opposes outlying dependencies, like the Philippines, but would not shirk responsibility by reason of accomplished facts.

He wants the freest trade relations with Canada.

He favors an income tax.

He opposes public ownership of railways.

He recognizes necessity for colossal business organizations, but favors strict regulation by the Government.

INSTRUCTED FOR HUGHES.

Three Republican Conventions Indorse the Candidacy of Governor.

BUFFALO, N. Y., April 2.—At the Republican Congressional District Conventions of the Thirty-fifth and Thirty-sixth Districts, held to-day, Fred Greiner, John Grimm, Simon Seibert, and Clark H. Timmerman were chosen delegates to the National Republican Convention.

The Administration of President Roosevelt was indorsed, and the delegates and alternates were instructed to vote for the nomination of Charles E. Hughes for President of the United States.

Special to The New York Times.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., April 2.—Vote for such delegates only to the National Convention as will support the candidacy of Charles E. Hughes for President." The Republicans of the Second Assembly District of Orange County thus unanimously instructed the delegates to the State Convention to-day. The delegates chosen were:

Wilton Bennett and W. P. Haufman, Port Jervis; John D. Stiners and A. V. N. Powelson, Middletown; C. P. Hotaling, Tuxedo; Wilkin Coleman, Goshen; James E. Sanford, Warwick, and Charles T. Ford, Woodbury.

THREATEN MRS. McCORMICK.

John D. Rockefeller's Daughter Will Go to Europe—House Guarded.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, April 2.—Mrs. Harold McCormick of this city, daughter of John D. Rockefeller, has received so many anonymous letters demanding cash and making various threats, that she has been greatly alarmed. She will start for Europe in a few days, but Mr. McCormick denies that the threatening letters have anything to do with her departure. He admits the receipt of the letters, but says he does not believe they come from anarchistic sources, and declares he will pay no attention to them.

Detectives from the city force, however, guarded the McCormick mansion in the Lake Shore Drive last night, and the house has been guarded by private watchmen for several weeks.

Speaking of the matter, Mr. McCormick said to-day: "The report that we are going to Europe in consequence of these letters is true only in so far as the actual trip is concerned. Two months ago, before anything of this sort came, we decided to go to New York for a couple of weeks, and we are going next Sunday. Later on we are going to Europe."

The sum of money demanded from Mrs. McCormick was less than $1,000.

CHIRIS OLIVE OIL

PRONOUNCED SHERIS

Made from selected French olives in Grasse, France, and recognized as the highest grade, purest and most palatable olive oil imported. Physicians prescribe it and Connoisseurs prefer it. Sold in bottles by all fine grocers and good druggists.

Quarts $1.25. Pints 75c

EULER & ROBESON
U. S. Agents.
18-20 Platt St., New York

JUDGE KILLS WIFE AND SHOOTS HIMSELF

Telephoned Physician and Lawyer to Come to His House Just Before Deed.

DESPONDENCY THE CAUSE

W. F. M. Rogers Had Been on the Connecticut Probate Bench and Brigade Signal Officer.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW LONDON, Conn., April 2.—Judge W. F. M. Rogers of this city shot and killed his wife at an early hour this morning and then killed himself.

Dr. Hiram B. Thomson, his physician, received a telephone message from Judge Rogers shortly before 7 o'clock to come to his home at once. He was instructed to bring with him Richard P. Freeman, Jr., who had long been Judge Rogers's attorney, and who is executor of his will.

These two men live in the same apartment house about a mile from the Rogers home. When they reached the house they found the door held ajar with a chair so that they could enter.

Waiting a few minutes in the hall expecting to be met by Judge Rogers, they at last went upstairs, where they found the bodies of Mr. and Mrs. Rogers in their chamber. It was evident that Mrs. Rogers had been killed as she slept.

Dr. H. M. Lee, the medical examiner, was at once called, and he notified Franklin H. Brown, the Coroner. Despondency over business reverses is supposed to have been the cause of the act.

Years ago the Rogers family was in excellent circumstances. The homestead was at Waterford, now a Summer colony. The links of the Quaganapoxet Golf Club were laid out on the estate. But some years ago the house where he had recently lived was purchased by Mr. Rogers. It is said to be heavily encumbered.

He had long been a practicing attorney, and was approaching the close of his twenty-fifth year at the bar. In 1886 he was elected Judge of Probate and was reelected in 1888 and 1890. In 1900 he ran again as a Democrat, failing of election. Later he became identified with the Republican Party, and was appointed prosecuting attorney of the police court in 1903, serving two years. His loss of this position was the cause of much disappointment to him.

He had always been interested in the National Guard of the State, and was at one time brigade signal officer. He served under Gen. Miles in the Porto Rican campaign in the Spanish war, and received the appointement of Captain in the volunteer signal corps.

FIRE VICTIMS IDENTIFIED.

The Weinstein Family, Father, Mother, and Child, Died in Hester St. Blaze.

The man, woman, and baby who died in the fire in the tenement at 44 Hester Street early yesterday morning, were identified in the Morgue as Berel Weinstein, a machine operator, 25 years old, his wife, Anna, 22 years, and their year-old infant, Maurice. They comprise the entire Weinstein family, and were the only ones to die in the fire.

Many others were hurt, however, most of them by jumping from windows. In the panic following the discovery of the fire, the tenants packed themselves on the fire escapes until they had blocked the narrow ladders, and despite the warnings of the firemen, who put up many ladders, men and women became frantic while waiting for help, and jumped.

Fire Marshal Herman De Malignon is making an investigation of the fire. He believes it may have been started by an incendiary, although he had no evidence of this late last night.

SLAIN AND HIS BODY CUT UP.

Flushing Police Have a Murder Mystery on Their Hands.

While walking through Bowne's Woods, a patch of timber between Bayside and Mitchell Avenues and Twenty-second and Twenty-third Streets, two miles from Flushing, late yesterday, Sezeria Telesze of 17 South Prince Street, Flushing, stumbled over the body of a man.

Upon investigation by the police it was found that the man had been literally cut to pieces. He evidently had been murdered in a field about 150 feet from where the body was found, then dragged into the shadow of the woods. The man had been dead about thirty-six hours, the police say.

After an investigation Police Captain Rothenberg and Inspector Lanagan came to the conclusion that the man, an Italian, had been lured from Manhattan to his death because of a feud in which a woman figured.

The body was that of a man about 35 years old, five feet six inches in height, smooth shaven, and weighing about 145 pounds. He wore a dark gray coat, trousers of black material, and a faded blue sweater. In one pocket of his coat was found a razor and "Labor Union Card No. 11," issued for 1908 to a man named Francisco. The headquarters of the union is given as 229 East Forty-seventh Street, Manhattan, and the card was signed by Edward J. Gavagen.

¶ The man who believes it necessary to have his office furniture made to order to get uniform design and finish should see our salesroom exhibit before committing himself to the extra expense.

Library Bureau

Business systems—Office equipment

316 Broadway

In the Spring the young man's fancy turns to Oxfords.

HURLEY SHOES

"None So Good"

$5 & $6 in All Leathers

The smartest, handsomest, best finished and only absolutely style-retaining Oxfords ever produced. And they fit.

HURLEYIZED

patent leather shoes are treated by a secret process which renders the leather softer, gives a richer, more enduring lustre, adds at least one-third to the life of the shoe and reduces checking or breaking to a minimum. This process is confined exclusively to the Hurley Shoe.

SPECIAL

OUR $4 "KEEPSHAPE" SHOE is everything that the name implies—and better than all other $4 shoes.

39-41 CORTLANDT ST.
183 BROADWAY.

LAMBERT

Wanted—For use in the Boys' Club of the Educational Alliance, discarded juvenile and other books. They will be greatly appreciated by Superintendent Educational Alliance, 197 East Broadway, city.

DR. STURGIS announces his removal from 16 WEST 32D ST. to 116 WEST 35TH ST., New York City.
General consultation hour 12 M. to 1 P. M. At other times by appointment.

The Issue of The New York Times, Next Sunday, Will Be One Nobody Can Afford to Miss. Order from Your Newsdealer To-day. :-: :-: :-:

FUND TO SAFEGUARD SCHOOLS

Board Assured of $1,000,000 at Once for Fire Escapes and Needed Changes.

The School Board is to get $1,000,000 for making the school buildings of New York safe from fire, and that sum will probably be available early next week. The Board of Estimate, it is understood, has promised this sum without the delay necessary for the issue and sale of corporate stock.

The School Board asked for $3,000,000, but the Board of Estimate considered it impossible for so large a sum to be used to advantage at once. The $1,000,000 to be provided will be used for the purchase of fireescapes and in the alterations to buildings which have been found lacking in proper facilities to safeguard the pupils

WEEK-END LENTEN OUTINGS AT

Atlantic City

VIA

Pennsylvania R. R.

EVERY SATURDAY

until April 11, inclusive.

$10 or $12

according to hotel selected

Covers round-trip transportation and two days' board

Through trains leave New York at 9.55 A. M. and 2.55 P. M. week-days; 7.55 A. M. Sundays.

Consult Ticket Agents, or C. Studds, E. P. A., 263 Fifth Av., New York.

STANDPATTERS ACT IN WOOD PULP FIGHT

Speaker Cannon Undertakes to Dispose of Argument for Repeal of Duty.

WANTS TRUST DESTROYED

Monopoly, Not Tariff, Makes Dear Paper, He Says—Puts Resolutions Through House That May Embarrass President.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—Speaker Cannon has been smoked out by the fight for free wood pulp, made by the newspaper publishers all over the country. Through the introduction of two resolutions in the House to-day he made it clear that he will resist any attempt to repeal the duty on wood pulp on the alleged ground that the recent increases in the price of print paper are due not to the tariff, but to the combination existing among the paper manufacturers.

The first of the Speaker's resolutions directs the Secretary of Commerce and Labor to send to the House all papers and information in his possession regarding the investigation into the Paper Trust made by the Bureau of Corporations.

The second directs the Attorney General to send to the House all the papers and information in possession of the Department of Justice showing what steps, if any, have been taken by the department to investigate and prosecute the Paper Trust.

The contention of the Speaker is that it was not the duty on wood pulp which enabled the papermakers to put up their prices, but the fact that they had entered into a monopolistic combination. He further maintains that the reduction or repeal of the duty would not alter the situation in the paper trade or reduce the price of paper so long as the monopoly continued to exist.

The resolution will, of course, be put through very promptly. The fact that they were introduced by the Speaker shows that the House organization reached the conclusion that something must be done right away, and that the best thing to do was to pass the matter in controversy up to the Department of Justice and the Department of Commerce and Labor.

In this way the Speaker and his associates have managed deftly to block any tariff legislation just now, and at the same time have shifted the responsibility for the existence of the Paper Trust to the great "trust-busting machine" at the other end of the avenue.

The politicians are not slow to see the drift of the Speaker's action, and to commend its cleverness. The Speaker has had to stand the brunt of the standpat attitude of the House this Winter, and it has raised a lot of trouble with his political prospects. For example, the convention in the First Illinois District in Chicago voted down a resolution to instruct the delegates to the Republican National Convention for Cannon, and afterward instructed them for Taft.

There is no discount on the parliamentary skill of Uncle Joe, and he has given another demonstration of it in the manner in which he has put it up to the President to show what has been done by the Administration in the way of helping out the users of print paper. Ever since the fight for free wood pulp began last Fall the President has been talking in favor of it, but nothing that even squints at a successful measure of relief has been carried out by any of his trust-busting auxiliaries. The President has urged relief in special messages, which the stand-patters have pigeonholed. But nothing has appeared to show that he has even attempted to do anything in the way of prosecutions or dissolution suits that would obviate the necessity for Congressional action.

This is the situation which the Speaker's resolutions are aimed at bringing sharply into the limelight.

In the Republican division thus disclosed, the Democrats see some hope of ultimately accomplishing something for the relief of the victims of the Paper Trust.

In the Senate to-day Mr. Overman of North Carolina introduced a resolution putting print paper and wood pulp on the free list, and demanded immediate action. That old reliable stand-patter, Gallinger, was on watch, however, and with the help of Heyburn of Idaho blocked the resolution, and finally got it referred to the Committe on Finance, where Senator Aldrich will see that its slumber is not disturbed for a long time.

BUSINESS FURNITURE
of every good sort—from Filing Supplies to Roll Top Desks—all at lowest prices in town! There's a desk sale "on!"
HOSKINS
354 Broadway.

LOUD'S NAME INVOLVED.

Former Secretary Says Boat Company Tried to Influence Him.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—Testifying before the committee investigating the Lilley charges, Frank L. Edinborough, formerly Representative Loud's private secretary and now candidate from Michigan for the House against his former employer, dragged Mr. Loud's name into the proceedings by declaring that W. D. Gordon, an attorney of the Electric Boat Company, had frequently tried to influence the Congressman. Mr. Loud, in turn, he said, had wired to the attorney the adoption of the naval programme by the committee.

Mr. Edinborough's testimony did not impress the committee. "As I understand your testimony," said Mr. Howard for the committee, "on one occasion you guessed from Mr. Loud that the lobbyists had been bothering him, and that subsequently the newspapers guessed that you had guessed it. Is that right?"

There were several other witnesses today, including August Treadwell, Assistant Treasurer for the Electric Boat Company, and Norman Johnson, an attorney. They all denied any knowledge of improper efforts on the company's part to influence legislation.

At the meeting to-morrow, Martin W. Littleton will argue against the books of the company being brought from New York to Washington for examination. The committee will probably sustain Mr. Littleton's objection.

MRS. HALSEY CORWIN WEDS.

After Eventful First Marriage Is Now Bride of Irish M. P.'s Son.

The courtship of Capt. Arthur Hill, veteran of the Boer war, son of Lord Arthur Hill, the Irish M. P., and a member of the Royal Ulster Yacht Club, was a unique affair as the story goes, but it had a happy ending when yesterday the Captain sailed for England on the White Star liner Celtic with his wife, who was Mrs. Halsey Corwin, and before that Miss Roberta Menges of Sheepshead Bay.

The Captain and Mrs. Corwin were married at Lakewood on Wednesday. They met at Palm Beach about a year ago, and after that the Captain developed the ocean-crossing habit, having been a passenger on the Celtic on about every trip since. His courtship was carried on in installments. One week he spent in New York, then three in England, then one on the Atlantic, returning to carry on his wooing.

The former Mrs. Halsey Corwin is a daughter of Morris Menges, the well-known racing man and Wall Street operator. She married in 1901 Halsey W. Corwin, son of a former Controller of Brooklyn, and became involved in a matrimonial tangle that led to a divorce court and nearly brought the husband into a police court.

Young Corwin, who was trying to get rid of a large inheritance, met Miss Menges at a dinner party at Coney Island. Miss Menges failed to return home. Her father swore out a warrant charging Corwin with abduction, but before the charge could be pressed the pair became man and wife.

Mrs. Corwin got a divorce early in 1907, and again figured in the press when, after a hilarious dinner party, she lost her jewels and had a woman friend and a man, who had been guests at the dinner, arrested, but did not press the charges against them.

Mr. and Mrs. Menges were at the pier to see their daughter depart.

Saks & Company
B'way and 34th St.

Ninety distinctive styles in ready-for-service
Suits and Topcoats for Men
At $20 to $25

These prices one sees frequently quoted—and under ordinary circumstances might occasion no particular interest.
But considered with immediate relation to the class of garments we have so priced, the figures assume another phase.

Perhaps the readiest illustration of our point is this: The average establishment does not—cannot—sell at $20 to $25 anything which approaches either in style or craftsmanship its higher-priced apparel, ranging up to $45.
This establishment can—and does. Our tailormen are not given to drawing distinctions—nor are they allowed to. The selling prices have no bearing upon the distinctiveness of modeling or finish.

At $20 to $25 we show new and many exclusive fabrics in Topcoats and Suits—in color effects and patterns produced for this season.

Especial attention is directed to our display of Trousers at $5.00—exceptional values.

High Grade Underwear for Men
A stock so comprehensive that one may see here all that the old or the new world produces, which merits a showing. Garments from 50c. to $25—in every size, color, weight and weave.

Shirts and Drawers of half wool and half cotton, Spring weight; in white or gray. The Garment $1.00
Shirts and Drawers of I. & R. Morley's brown balbriggan; shirts with long or short sleeves, sateen-faced or pearl buttons. The Garment $1.25
Shirts and Drawers of natural superweight worsted; shirts with long sleeves. The Garment $1.50

For Friday and Saturday
Important Sale of
Silk Lisle Half Hose for Men
Regularly 35c. At 25c
Fashioned of very sheer black lisle with the crunch and lustre of silk; reinforced soles, heels and toes.
This is a most excellent opportunity to purchase a season's supply at a very moderate cost.
Box of 6 pairs, $1.40

CHAMBER CONDEMNS THE ALDRICH BILL

Meeting Calls for Currency Commission and Fowler Bill Is Also Denounced.

MR. HEPBURN IS EMPHATIC

He Attacks Aldrich Plan as Socialistic and Visionary and the Worst Ever Presented in Congress.

The Aldrich and Fowler bills for currency reform, which were condemned in the report of the Committee on Finance and Currency of the Chamber of Commerce, as printed in THE TIMES yesterday morning, were further attacked at yesterday's meeting of the Chamber by A. Barton Hepburn, President of the Chase National Bank, and Isaac N. Seligman. The Chamber adopted the report of the special committee recommending the appointment of a Currency Commission.

The meeting was largely attended. When the report of the committee was submitted by James G. Cannon, the debate was opened by Cornelius A. Pugsley, who, in seconding the report, laid stress on the Chamber's Committee report favoring the appointment of a commission. He warned the Chamber of the danger of allowing currency reform to be made the "football of politics."

Jefferson M. Levy objected to the idea of a commission on the ground that it would be many years before a commission could decide anything, and offered an amendment that the Chamber indorse the Aldrich bill. His amendment was not seconded.

After a motion offered by Louis Windmuller to lay the report on the table because it did not afford immediate relief had been unanimously voted down and the report adopted, Mr. Hepburn made his speech, in which he called the Aldrich bill communistic and socialistic, going so far as to say that no worse proposition had ever been moved in Congress, and opposing the Fowler bill as "visionary, revolutionary, and mischievous in the extreme."

Aldrich Bill to be Jammed Trough.

"It looks as if the Senate and the President were going to force it through if they can," he declared of the Aldrich bill. "If they do pass it as a political measure it may prove a boomerang." He particularly opposed that section of the bill forbidding banks to lend money to their officers.

"If it goes through with that provision as it stands to-day," says Mr. Hepburn, "it will be impossible for any bank to purchase a note or discount a note of any corporation or association in which any of the Directors or officers of the bank may be officers. I do not think Senator Aldrich wanted that amendment, but it was adopted in the last stages of the consideration of the bill. I think this matter calls for the serious consideration and criticism of the gentlemen here present, because its passage is imminent.

"The bill starts out with the provision that any bank that has an outstanding bond-secured circulation equal to 50 per cent. of its capital may avail of the provisions of the bill. Now the bank circulation outstanding is not a matter of volition. A bank has no control over that. A bank puts its notes in circulation, and people use them or present them for redemption as they like; $138,000,000 of banknotes were presented for redemption during the year ending September last by the banks of New York City. The New York banks can put their notes into circulation only when there is a demand for currency in the interior, and they ship their notes to supply such demand.

Emergency Clause No Aid to Banks.

"A bank, therefore, cannot control its outstanding circulation; it depends altogether upon business conditions, and the changing conditions would lead from money ease up to prices calling for emergency circulation would be quite as apt to find the banks without the 50 per cent. of bond-secured circulation as with it. It is easily conceivable that in an emergency such as the Aldrich bill contemplates, the banks of the City of New York might not be able to avail of its provisions."

Speaking of the Fowler bill Mr. Hepburn said in part:

"While the Fowler bill does not stand any chance of enactment, I wish to call your attention to some of its features. Section 14 provides that every National bank shall deposit with the Treasurer of the United States an amount of gold coin, or its equivalent, equal to 5 per centum of its average deposits during the preceding calendar six months, and 5 per centum of its 'National bank guaranteed credit notes.' That would require the bank with which I am connected to send to the United States Treasurer $4,500,000. It would require the banks of the City of New York to send $56,800,000, and the banks of the country as a whole to deposit with the Treasurer $286,000,000. What use is to be made of that fund?

Mr. Hepburn Grows Sarcastic.

"After Jan. 1, 1909, no National bank would pay out over its counter any bond-secured banknotes. The greenbacks have been a source of great trouble in the past, and now it is proposed by legislation to make the banks contribute a fund for their redemption, or retirement, or conversion into gold notes, as you choose to put it. Beautiful, isn't it! Why not take a short cut and make the banks redeem the greenbacks immediately out of their surplus fund—it is quite ample for the purpose."

Mr. Hepburn's speech was followed by a few words spoken by Isaac N. Seligman in favor of the recommendations of the Finance Committee. He said that he thought all the members of the Chamber should write to their Representatives in Congress to oppose the Aldrich bill.

CHAMBER FOR GOOD ROADS.

Meeting Indorses State's Plan for Through Highway Routes.

Good roads for New York and a system of through routes connecting the large centres of population were discussed yesterday at a meeting of the New York Chamber of Commerce. A resolution on the subject which had been proposed at a previous meeting by Gustav H. Schwab and referred to the Committee on Internal Trade and Improvements, was reported favorably and passed unanimously.

After citing of the action of the joint committee of the Legislature in formulating a new highway code for the proper development, construction, and repair of the New York roads and stating that a comprehensive system of modern highways throughout the State is one of the essential conditions for its growth and prosperity, the Chamber unanimously approved the report.

TO REFORM CURRENCY.

Senator Du Pont Introduces Bill for Creation of Investigation Commission.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—Senator Du Pont introduced a bill to-day providing for a financial commission. Reform in all branches of National currency and finance is urged.

The seven Commissioners that Senator Du Pont would have vested with power may examine, not only into the conditions in this country, but may go abroad to look into and copy the best of the systems in foreign lands. A report from these Commissioners is ordered not later than Dec. 31.

According to the Du Pont bill, the salary of each member of the commission is to be $3,500, while the Secretary will be paid $2,500. The Commissioners are to be named by the President, subject to the approval of the Senate. They are to be experts in finance.

In addition to active investigation the committee is to undertake research into the Federal laws enacted with reference to finance since the foundation of the Government.

It is not probable that the Du Pont bill will ever get out of the Committee on Finance. Senator Aldrich is said to be preparing a bill of his own, which he hopes to introduce at an early date. This measure, it is understood, will not favor the appointment of men outside of Congress.

It is conceded that some measure looking to a complete reorganization of the financial laws must be forthcoming before Congress adjourns.

TO FIGHT ALDRICH BILL.

Conference of Chicago National Bank Presidents Resolves Against Measure.

CHICAGO, April 2.—A combined attack upon the Aldrich Currency bill by some of the most powerful financial interests in the country will be the outcome of an important conference of National bank Presidents held in Chicago yesterday.

"Unwarranted" and "crude" were some of the adjectives applied to parts of the measure as it now stands, and it was unanimously agreed that every effort be made to prevent its passage by the House of Representatives in its present form. New York and St. Louis bankers will be called upon to give their aid in combating the measure.

The meeting was attended by nearly every President of a National bank in Chicago. Without a dissenting voice the bankers declared that the following provisions in the measure should be vigorously opposed: Increasing the amount of cash reserves banks must keep in their vaults and prohibiting banks loaning money to concerns in which their officers or Directors are interested.

LIABILITY BILL IN.

La Follette's Presented to Senate Instead of Knox's.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—Bearing little of its original form, the La Follette bill, known as the Employers' Liability bill, was reported to-day from the Senate Committee on Education and Labor. As Chairman of the committee Senator Dolliver had much to do with whipping it into shape, but probably the bulk of the work was borne by Senator Borah of Idaho. It is scheduled for a clash with a bill of the same nature bearing the name of Knox, which has not yet been reported from the Committee on Judiciary.

The bill covers, in broad fashion, the question of the liability of railroads to their employes. It is designed to correct the inaccuracies in the discredited law now on the statute books, which is in error in trying to bring under its jurisdiction practically all employers whose business is inter-State in any sense. In the report accompanying its bill the committee says on this point:

A similar act relative to the same subject became a law June 11, 1906. The statute was declared unconstitutional by the Supreme Court of the United States Jan. 6, 1908, on the general ground that the act, being addressed to all common carriers engaged in inter-State commerce and imposing a liability upon them in favor of any of their employes, without qualification or restriction as to the business in which the carriers or their employes may be engaged at the time of the injury, of necessity includes subjects wholly outside the power of Congress to regulate commerce.

The proposed measure avoids that criticism by confining the application of its provisions to the employes of common carriers who are within the regulatory power of Congress over commerce while employed by such carriers in such commerce.

An employers' liability bill is one of the measures the President has repeatedly declared in his message he would insist upon having enacted at this session. It was expected that the Knox legislation would be reported out in short order. For some inexplicable reason La Follette is first to the fore. As Knox is a Presidential candidate, and no one knows better than he the political advantage of appearing to indorse the White House programme, the failure of the Judiciary Committee to report his measure first is regarded as a serious blow.

This opinion, however, is not shared by Knox. He smiles quietly when asked about the matter.

"There will be no clash with the La Follette bill, so far as I know," he said.

BIG CUT IN STEERAGE RATES.

Steamship Combine Begins New War —To Naples for $15.

The trans-Atlantic steamship combine is now to compete with the Italian and other lines for a lion's share of the steerage business. The war was begun yesterday by the North German Lloyd Line, which announced that the steerage rate from New York to Mediterranean ports has been cut to $15 on the company's best-class boats. This will make a rate of about $1.50 a day for food, lodging, medical attendance, and transportation. The new rate goes into effect immediately and will continue until further notice.

The new listed rates from New York to the various ports of the Mediterranean for steerage passengers are: To Genoa and Naples, $15; to Palermo and Messina, $18; to Milan and Leghorn, $16.75; to Gibraltar, $11; to Piareus, $22; to Alexandria, $25; to Jaffa, $27, and to Beirout, $29.

CANNOT FIND MACALUSO.

Detectives Search in Vain for Boy Who Involved Lawyer Fischer-Hansen.

Detectives from the District Attorney's office searched high and low yesterday in vain for Antony Macaluso, the Italian boy who gave the evidence to Carl Fischer-Hansen by the use of which he is alleged to have extorted $15,000 from Joseph E. O'Brien, the Philadelphia decorator.

Late in the afternoon Detective Bernard J. Flood brought the boy's mother to the office of Assistant District Attorney Smythe, who is in charge of the case. She told him that she had last seen her son about a week ago when he said that he was going to Washington. From her he gathered that Macaluso had had a disagreement with Mr. Fischer-Hansen after the settlement with Mr. O'Brien for $15,000, and had gone so far as to start an action against him, putting his case into the hands of John T. Dooling. For some reason this case was withdrawn after being placed on the calendar.

Lawyer Fischer-Hansen will appear before Judge Foster in General Sessions this morning to plead to the indictment for extortion filed against him on Wednesday.

Diamond Cutters to Stop Work.

AMSTERDAM, April 2.—The Diamond Workers' Union to-day, by a vote of 5,001 to 390, decided on the complete cessation of work during the month of April. This will affect 10,000 men in the polishing and allied trades. When work is resumed the union intends to demand higher wages for its members.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

Diligent care of our clients' interests has been our policy for thirty-seven years
Mercantile Safe Deposit Vaults
120 Broadway
Safes $5 to $800 a year

IN BRIDAL ROBES GIRL KILLS HERSELF

On the Eve of Her Wedding She Calmly Prepares for Death by Gas.

JUST HOME FROM CHURCH

Leaves Note for Fiance, Telling Him Ill-Health and Mother's Death Preyed on Her.

Mary Green, the dark-eyed daughter of Capt. James Green, veteran commander of the Joy Line fleet, and said to be a distant relative of Hetty Green, was to have been married on Sunday next in the Church of St. Francis de Sales. Her bridal gown had been made, the banns published, and a cozy little apartment furnished by herself and the man she was to marry. She was apparently one of the happiest women in all New York.

Yesterday afternoon she went to her room, carefully dressed herself in her wedding finery, wrote a pathetic letter to her fiancé, then calmly tied the end of a gas jet tube in her mouth with a ribbon. A few hours later she was found dead.

Just before this Miss Green had gone to early mass and talked with her parish priest, but gave him no inkling of what she intended doing. Up to a late hour last night Coroner Harburger and the police were still in the dark as to the young woman's reason for killing herself; neither can the man she was to have married, William Eginton of Brooklyn, tell why Miss Green preferred death to marriage. Her father, the grief-bowed commander of the Joy Line steamer Key West, was as much mystified as the others.

The Greens live on the second floor of the apartment house at 227 East Ninety-fifth Street. Mary was one of the most popular young women of the neighborhood. Her merry laugh and her jolly good humor made her a favorite with young and old alike. For several years she was employed as a saleswoman in a Sixth Avenue department store, and there, too, was a favorite. She stopped work as soon as her engagement was announced.

Two years ago Miss Green was introduced to "Billy" Eginton, an electrical engineer, and an engagement followed.

The young couple began to lay plans for their wedding last Fall. They decided to marry about January. But Mary's mother fell ill of pneumonia and died. She was buried on Christmas Eve. The shock of her mother's death was a severe one to Mary, and the wedding was postponed. Then, a few weeks ago, they decided to be married on Sunday next and take a trip South for a honeymoon.

That settled, they picked out a little flat at 456 East 156th Street. They purchased some furniture and a lot of things that had belonged to Mary's mother also were moved into the flat.

Last Tuesday everything was in readiness for them, and a little housewarming was given in the new flat by Mary's many girl friends. It was a merry affair and lasted far into the night. The next night young Eginton called to see his fiancée. He found one of her chums, Miss Margaret Smith, there before him.

Eginton left just before midnight, and Miss Smith spent the night with her friend. They got up early, and Miss Green went to early mass at St. Francis de Sales Catholic Church, in Ninety-sixth Street. Father Dooley, who was to have married the young couple on Sunday, saw her after mass. She talked of her coming wedding and confided to him her happiness.

Mary's brother William was asleep in the rear of the apartment when she returned home. Going to her bedroom, she took all of her wedding clothes out of the chest where they had been kept for several weeks. She put on the long-trained wedding gown and the white gloves and tied her hair with white satin ribbon. Her engagement ring she kept on beneath a glove. At a desk she wrote this note, addressed to "Mr. William Eginton":

Dear Bill: Forgive me for what I am going to do. Mamma's death and my poor health made me miserable. I do not want to make you unhappy. Take care of my body and try to bury me with mamma. God help me, and forgive me. All that I have is yours. Your own MAY.

Seating herself in a chair, she made preparations for her death. Taking a piece of satin ribbon, similar to that which was in her hair, Miss Green tied it about a ruber tube that ran from a gas jet to a reading lamp. She placed the end of the tube in her mouth and securely tied the two ends of the ribbon behind her neck. Then she turned on the gas and sat down.

There she was found at 1 o'clock, when the fumes of escaping gas alarmed the janitress, Mrs. Kate Sullivan, who, with Policeman Holly of the West Thirtieth Street Station, broke into the flat. Holly lives on the top floor of the same apartment house.

The sound of Holly's voice aroused the brother, who had been sleeping in a room near by. He collapsed when he was told that his sister was dead. Holly was trying to revive him when Capt. Green appeared in the doorway. He was told in a few words what had occurred. He staggered backward and fell headlong down the stairs to the landing below, severely injuring his head and arm. A few moments later Eginton arrived. He had an appointment with his fiancée at that hour. He, too, was prostrated by the shock.

"My daughter was not ill, nor was she unhappy," said Capt. Green. "She did complain the other day of a slight pain in her back, but it was nothing. I am sure of that; and there is no insanity in our family. It is all a mystery to me."

Miss Green's wish that she be buried beside her mother will be carried out. Her mother was buried in the Hudson County Cemetery, New Jersey.

HEFLIN HELD FOR TRIAL.

Alabama Congressman Who Shot Negro Gives $3,000 Bond.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—Representative Heflin of Alabama in police court to-day, after a plea of not guilty, gave bond of $3,000 for appearance for trial on two charges of assault with a dangerous weapon. Bond was immediately furnished by O. G. Staples, proprietor of the hotel where the Alabama Congressman is stopping.

Representative Clayton of Alabama, counsel for Mr. Heflin, told the court that Mr. Heflin waived the reading of the informations charging him with assaulting Thomas McCreary, a New York horseman, and Louis Lundy, a negro, while on a street car last Friday night. Mr. Heflin pleaded not guilty.

ANGELS FOR WORKING GIRLS.

Vacation Society Meeting Discloses Need of Funds to Carry on Work.

They closed the doors of the big parlor at the Colony Club yesterday afternoon, where the Working Girls' Vacation Society was holding a meeting, to catch any angels that might be present.

"We have guardian angels who are presiding over four of our vacation houses," said Mrs. Richard Irvin, who presided, "but we need four more for our other houses. Shut the doors so that if there are any stray angels in the room they will not have a chance to escape."

Up to the end of the meeting there were no announcements of angel materializations.

The Rev. Dr. John Bancroft Devins, Mrs. Bingham, and Hamilton W. Mable were the speakers.

"The eight houses are supported at a cost of $20,000 a year," Mrs. Irvin said, in opening the meeting. "There is now a debt of $2,000 for repairs, and if this is not raised this Spring it will be necessary to close one of the houses this Summer. We gave 822 girls vacations last year.

"There is need of more houses and we would not have to refuse those offered us if we had money to support them. After this hard Winter, with little work and poor food, the girls need vacations more than ever."

"While I am glad, if women are obliged to work, so many occupations are open to them, I don't believe this industrial age for women will last," said Mr. Mable. "Society does not exist as a gigantic workshop for women. We need women in other ways. We are the worst-mannered people in the world, but it takes time to have good manners."

VOGEL BROTHERS
Spring Overcoats at $15
Better Than Their Price

If a man has $15 to pay he will find an overcoat here at that price, better than he ever hoped for. If a man has $20 to pay he will find an overcoat in this $15 showing that will live up to his $20 expectations—and he can pocket the $5 saved.

Here are the newest models—full boxy Overcoats and semi-fitted styles. Here are beautiful fabrics—smart weaves in light gray, tan, olive and brown and the more reserved black. Here is the kind of tailoring that assures perfect fit and extreme grace—overcoats that will wear well and long. And the price is but $15.

Vogel Brothers
42nd St. At 8th Ave

Simpson Crawford Co.
SIXTH AV., 19TH TO 20TH STREET. NEW YORK.
Special to-day
Embroidered Batiste Robes $5

DAINTY creations in white—those refined little masterpieces that make up so smartly—it's positively a half-price sale, giving you

$10 Embroidered Batiste Robes at ..... $5.

Bought them from an importer at half, and you'll readily admit that the price does not cover the cost of the material and the work.

Half price and less is the tune to which we sell these beautiful creations—that make up into the handsomest and richest Costumes imaginable. Remember, these are the pick of the samples of two famous importers—Robes that were selected as representative of the best the manufacturers could produce.

Robes worth to $25 at $10
Robes worth to $45 at $18
Robes worth to $65 at $25
Robes worth to $75 at $35

Robes of rich Black and White Lace—Embroidered Lace—Lierre Lace—in Greek designs and panelled lace effects—Robes with handsome lace bands and medallions, in the new Filet and Cluny effects—Black Net Robes—Black Spangled Robes—Robes for all purposes.

"F.S.&U."
OXFORDS
For Men

Our Saratoga Model

Black Calf-skin, Russet Calf-skin and Patent Calf-skin Oxfords that differ utterly from the common, everyday sort. The "Built-in Quality" and
REFINED STYLE
especially commend them to careful and individual dressers.
Courteous, intelligent service in our *exclusively men's* stores, conveniently located, makes shoe shopping a pleasure.

Note the Location of Our Stores
French, Shriner & Urner
MEN'S SHOES
153 BROADWAY, Singer Building
365 BROADWAY, cor. Franklin
1263 BROADWAY, Bet. 31st and 32d
149 W. 42d ST., near Broadway
Brooklyn, 367 and 506 Fulton St. Chicago, 53 Jackson Blvd. Philadelphia, 1229 Chestnut St.
Agencies throughout the United States

B. Altman & Co.
SPRING OUTFITS FOR MISSES, BOYS AND CHILDREN
THE MOST RECENT DESIGNS IN MISSES' AND GIRLS' SCHOOL AND PARTY FROCKS, OUTERGARMENTS, SEPARATE SKIRTS AND BLOUSES; TRIMMED HATS FOR SERVICE AND DRESS OCCASIONS; BOYS' CLOTHING, INCLUDING SUITS, TOP COATS AND REEFERS, HATS, CAPS, SHIRT WAISTS AND BLOUSES; WASHABLE SUITS FOR LITTLE BOYS.
COMPLETE SPRING ASSORTMENTS OF UNDERGARMENTS, HOSIERY, BOOTS, GLOVES AND NECKWEAR FOR MISSES, BOYS AND CHILDREN.
34th Street, 35th Street and 5th Avenue.

ROOSEVELT FOR PEACE BACKED UP BY GUNS

Tells Visiting Peace Delegates Nation Must Have Stout Heart and Strong Arm.

FOUR BATTLESHIPS NEEDED

Present Congress Should Provide for That Addition to Our Navy, Declares the President.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—President Roosevelt told a delegation from a North Carolina peace society to-day that he is red hot for arbitration—and battleships. Morevoer, peace societies that are not in favor of battleships jeopardize the National welfare and are really hostile to the country's best interests. Arbitration is a great thing, but battleships are needed to make it effective.

Senator Overman took the delegation from North Carolina to the White House this afternoon. Hayne Davis, President of the society, made a speech, in which he told Mr. Roosevelt that down in the Old North State they are all for arbitration, but believe in a powerful navy, too, to help persuade the other fellow to arbitrate and to help enforce the award of the arbitrators as well.

That exactly suited the President. Nothing could have been more pleasing to him just now—not even a new bunch of Taft delegates from New England. He said, in part:

"I am glad to learn that the North Carolina Peace Society has declared itself in favor of adequate armament as well as effective arbitration. There is no inconsistency in advocating both of these things at the present time; on the contrary, those who have the public welfare at heart fail in the performance of a part of their duty if they neglect to labor for both.

"Effectual arbitration should be desired by every fair-sighted citizen; while under present conditions, not to provide adequate armament would be inexcusable on the part of those charged with the responsibility of preserving the rights of our people. The North Carolina Peace Society is to be congratulated on its position, and should be supported by all good citizens in this effort for the general welfare, and great credit is due to the State of North Carolina for this action. The entire Nation and the cause of peace and justice throughout the world benefit by this new departure in promoting the general peace movement.

"The approaching Congress will certainly concentrate the thought of our people upon the fact that adequate armament necessitates an unquestionably superior naval power in the waters adjacent to our possessions, and that effective arbitration necessitates agreements between all the Powers to respect each other's territory and sovereignty in said territory, and to arbitrate all other questions. The acceptance of these facts as axiomatic must speed the day when our own country will be so armed as to minimize the chance of wars that are invited by National weakness, while the establishment of an effective system of international arbitration will greatly diminish the chances of conflict among nations of approximately equal strength.

"The growth of the acceptance of the principle of international arbitration is necessarily slow. We should do all we can to hasten it; but as the world is at present it is well to remember that the acceptance of this principle in any measure whatever depends exclusively upon the effective support it receives from the half dozen Powers of great warlike strength. As things actually are at the present day we are helpless to further the cause of peace and of effective international arbitration unless to just and peaceable intentions we add a stout heart and a strong arm, and this means military and naval preparedness to a far greater degree than is at present the case.

"With this purpose in view I am now negotiating arbitration treaties with the various nations of the world, and the Senate is ratifying them. I most earnestly hope that at the same time, as an even more important step toward peace, the present Congress will provide for four battleships and a sufficient number of colliers, and for the thorough fortification of Hawaii and Guantanamo.

"I desire to thank you for this opportunity to support a genuine peace society in its efforts for international arbitration; for peace societies merely jeopardize the national welfare, and are profoundly hostile to American national life if they obstruct the Government in providing ample military and naval power to meet conditions in the actual world of to-day."

There is something more than a suspicion in the minds of some of the appropriation reducers that the President has gone to the country over their heads on the battleship proposition, and is setting out a few fires in their districts.

The general arbitration treaty agreed upon at The Hague Conference was to-day ratified by the Senate, as were arbitration treaties between the United States and Mexico and between the United States and Italy.

VENEZUELA IS DEFIANT.

Apparently Not Much Impressed with Secretary Root's Last Note.

CARACAS, March 19.—President Castro's official organ, El Constitucional, publishes a part of Venezuela's answer to Secretary Root's last note reiterating the Secretary's previous demands for the arbitration of the American claims. This answer is given in a note by the Venezuelan Minister of Foreign Affairs to Minister Russell, and the portion published is as follows:

The Government of Venezuela refuses for the time being to take under consideration the insinuation made in your note because, up to now, Mr. Minister, you have not contradicted the notes of this Ministry of dates July 9 and Sept. 20 last, which treated of the points which have been the subject of discussion and in which the reasons on which this Government then founded its negative were perfectly well defined.

In view of this, the cases in question, comprised among those which require diplomatic action, cannot be considered, and the Government of Venezuela would see with satisfaction that the United States would consider this matter terminated, the interested parties always having the right of recourse to the tribunals of justice of the republic if they deem it convenient.

The Constitucional bitterly comments on the fact that two of the cases in question were arbitrated five years ago, remarking:

It was an American representative who signed the protocols which provided for this arbitration before a mixed tribunal, and to-day, almost five years later, the American Government comes to demand, through its Minister in Caracas, that these claims which were arbitrated by this tribunal, which was established with the full approval of the United States, shall be newly submitted to arbitration.

Suggesting that the usefulness of the Monroe Doctrine will be destroyed by the present attitude of the State Department The Constitucional goes on to say:

We do not believe for a moment that the United States Congress, the high representative of the Nation, can possibly authorize any proceeding which will create a situation contrary to the rule of justice among nations.

It is the duty of every Government to watch over the legitimate and honest interests of its citizens and save them from all designing attack, but no serious Government, nor any Government which pretends to be just, can or ought to protect under the flag of the fatherland the peculations of adventurers.

A serious charge is added by The Constitucional against one of the persons making a claim against Venezuela.

KING ESTEEMS ROOSEVELT.

Frederick of Denmark Much Impressed by His Work as Peacemaker.

COPENHAGEN, April 2.—King Frederick to-day received in audience Chancellor MacCracken of the New York University and conversed with him for half an hour.

He charged the Chancellor to convey his personal regards to President Roosevelt and to tell him how cordially he appreciated his labors in the interest of peace.

The banquet given to-night by the university professors and other prominent men in honor of Chancellor MacCracken was attended by many persons distinguished in the arts and sciences. Admiral de Richeliel, Minister of Commerce, presided and gave a toast to President Roosevelt and the King.

AN APRIL FOOL JOKE.

Publication of Alleged Kaiser-Tweedmouth Letters a Mere Hoax.

BERLIN, April 2.—The editor of the Munich periodical which yesterday published what it alleged was the text of the letters exchanged between Emperor William and Lord Tweedmouth, says to-day that its publication was intended for "an April fool" joke.

The Issue of The New York Times, Next Sunday, Will Be One Nobody Can Afford to Miss. Order from Your Newsdealer To-day.

BUDAPEST WARMLY GREETS SZECHENYIS

Welcome to Countess by the Aristocracy Surpasses Her Fondest Hopes.

ALL HER HONEYMOON IDEAL

At Monte Carlo She and the Count Won 15,000 Francs—Bought a Coach at Milan—Saw Kaiser's Yacht.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BUDAPEST, April 2.—The prediction made in the Budapest cable dispatches to THE NEW YORK TIMES that Miss Gladys Vanderbilt would be most cordially received when she should come here as Countess Széchényi, is being amply made good.

The bride of Count Széchényi has met a welcome that has filled her with delight, surpassing even her fondest hopes, and this is especially true of the aristocratic circle, the members of which are doing everything in their power to make the young American girl feel at home in the country of her adoption.

Flowers in unprecedented profusion have been sent her, so that her spacious apartments in the hotel are filled with them, and even the corridors look like a garden resplendent in the glories of Springtime.

The Countess is anticipating great pleasure in her appearance next May at the Court functions at the royal castle. The castle, by the way, looms up big in the views she commands from the windows of her apartment.

Count Laszlo announces his intention to take up serious political work, and hopes in the outset to do something to enlarge the commercial relations between Hungary and America.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, April 2.—"My brother and his wife have had a most delightful honeymoon," said Count Dionys Széchényi in a little talk this afternoon with THE NEW YORK TIMES's correspondent.

"From Paris they went by automobile to Monte Carlo, where they won at roulette 15,000 francs. Thence they proceeded to Milan, where at the horse fair they purchased a magnificent coach and riding horses. At Venice, like the other aristocrats, they signed their names to the visitors' list on the yacht Hohenzollern, but they didn't call on the Emperor. The published stories of the Countess's throat trouble were exaggerated; her ailment easily yielded to treatment.

"Hungarian society will extend a most cordial reception to Gladys.

"I hope the press will now let the couple alone, and discontinue printing silly stories about them. I am indignant at the publications in one of the New York papers which are absolutely false. That paper's correspondent was never at Oermezo, and was not received by my mother."

Count Dionys expressed delight with the extremely cordial reception he had in America. He was greatly impressed with American life and institutions, the unsurpassed conveniences of the railroads, and the magnificent buildings, especially the railroad station in Washington, which he considers the finest railroad station in the world.

Count Dionys is just about leaving for his diplomatic post at Copenhagen. He had a farewell audience with the Emperor this afternoon. He says the Emperor looked extremely well.

NO LOVE FOR STEVENS.

French Consul at Seoul Has No Sympathy for Him "Even in His Tomb."

TOKIO, April 2.—Intense indignation has been aroused among both natives and foreigners in Söul on account of the action of the French Consul General, who posted a notice on the board of the club protesting against the message of condolence sent to the family of Durham Stevens.

The sending of the message was ordered by vote of the club. The French Consul General was the only person who opposed the resolution, and later he posted a notice on the board of the club saying: "I cannot express any sympathy for Stevens even in his tomb."

The members of the club are very angry. The British Consul General has demanded that the club's Executive Committee shall cause the notice to be removed, and it is understood the committee has unanimously decided to take that course.

The feeling of the French against Stevens was aroused three years ago when he served as arbitrator in the dispute between the French Catholics and the American mission concerning a small piece of land in Ping-Yang. Stevens decided in favor of the Americans.

FACTIONAL STRIFE IN HAITI.

Possibility of Landing Foreign Troops Suggested in Message to Paris.

PARIS, April 2.—Advices received by the French Government from Haiti indicate that the state of chaos which prevails at Port au Prince is accentuated by the strife existing among the negro factions there.

The landing of troops from the foreign warships now in Haitian waters is expected if the lives of the white inhabitants are endangered. Several additional refugees, in fear of summary execution, have fled to the French Legation for asylum.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—The gunboat Paducah, which has been at Port au Prince, Haiti, looking after the protection of American interests, has sailed for Guantanamo.

Protest Against Cuban Quarantine.

HAVANA, April 2.—In connection with the establishment of a quarantine against Cuba by the United States, Major J. R. Kean of the Medical Corps to-day handed Gov. Magoon twenty-six reports from army surgeons in different parts of the island. Each of the surgeons stated there was no yellow fever in his territory and no need of quarantine. Gov. Magoon sent the reports to Washington in support of his protest against the action of the United States Marine Hospital Corps.

Notes of Foreign Affairs.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 2.—The Government has refused the request of the wife of Nicholas Tschaykovsky, the Russian revolutionist, for permission to take her husband from the Fortress of St. Peter and St. Paul to a hospital where he could receive proper treatment.

PARIS, April 2.—The Chamber of Deputies to-day adopted the Amnesty bill by a vote of 497 to 5. The bill, which was prepared and submitted by the Cabinet, grants amnesty to those who committed political offenses in 1907 in connection with the wine growers' revolt in the south of France, except in cases of anti-patriotism, anti-military activity, and insubordination.

MADRID, April 2.—King Alfonso has decided to take an active part in the fetes to be celebrated in May in commemoration of the septenary birth of King James, the Conqueror of Aragon. The King will visit the various points which figured in the triumphs of the ruler of Aragon, including Saragossa, Barcelona, and Valencia. At the Mediterranean ports he will be accompanied by a Spanish squadron.

SANTO DOMINGO, April 2.—The new Constitution of the Republic of Santo Domingo, which was promulgated by the Constitutional Convention last February, went into effect to-day. Under this new law the term of office of the Chief Executive is fixed at six years, and the office of Vice President is abolished.

MRS. WARD GUEST OF NATIONAL ARTS CLUB

700 Persons Prominent in Art, Society, and Letters Meet the Distinguished Author.

SCHOOLS INTEREST HER

She Inspects Two and Regrets That Dr. Arnold of Rugby Isn't Alive to Study Our Methods.

President Spencer Trask and the Governors of the National Arts Club gave a reception last night in honor of Mrs. Humphry Ward, and hundreds of men and women, prominent in letters, art, music, the drama, and in the social life of New York thronged the home of the club in Gramercy Park to meet the famous English author or to renew with her a delightful acquaintance formed in earlier years.

Among the officers of the club receiving with President Trask and Mrs. Ward were John Agar, James Bayles, John La Farge, Edward H. Hall, John De Witt Warner, Chester Loomis, Emerson MacMillin, Robert H. Rucker, F. W. Ruckstuhl, George B. Post, Robert Van Iderstine, William B. Rowland, Robert W. Vonnoh, Franklin G. Colby, William Evans, J. M. Fosdick, Francis Jones, and Charles De Kay.

It is estimated that not less than 700 persons called in the course of the evening to meet Mrs. Ward.

Gov. and Mrs. Hughes were also invited, but were unable to be present. Preceding the reception President Trask entertained Mrs. Ward at dinner. Among the other dinner guests were Mr. Ward, Miss Ward, Mayor and Mrs. McClellan, Dr. Henry Van Dyke, Bishop and Mrs. Greer, Mr. and Mrs. Seth Low, Judge H. Galbraith Ward, Gen. Horace Porter, Mrs. McKee, and Mr. and Mrs. F. R. Coudert.

Mrs. Ward, escorted by Superintendent W. H. Maxwell, visited two typical schools of New York yesterday morning, and at each expressed herself as greatly pleased by what she saw of the work being done in them and the methods employed.

The new Stuyvesant High School, between Fifteenth and Sixteenth Streets, near First Avenue, and Public School 62, at Hester and Essex Streets, in the very heart of the lower east side, were selected by Dr. Maxwell for Mrs. Ward's inspection.

At the Stuyvesant School Principal Frank Rollins accompanied them through the various departments.

"I want to see what the boys are doing in the way of manual training and physical culture," Mrs. Ward said to Dr. Rollins.

What do you do for the boys at the luncheon hour?" she asked.

It was by this time near recess, and the answer to her question was made visible. Mrs. Ward and her escorts got in the line with the boys and went past the lunch table, so she might see for herself what the boys had and how they were served.

From the Stuyvesant High School Mrs. Ward and Supt. Maxwell drove to School 62, one of the largest elementary schools in Manhattan, and where, under the direction of Miss Julia Richman, District Superintendent, and John S. Roberts, Principal, a notable work in the transformation of aliens into enthusiastic young Americans is being accomplished.

After watching the children at their work, Dr. Maxwell and Mrs. Ward went to the assembly room, where all the pupils were gathered. Here the children sang and saluted the flag, and Mrs. Ward made them a little talk.

"I am a granddaughter of Dr. Arnold of Rugby," she said, "and I can but wish he could have lived to see what is being done in America for the education of the youth."

While Mrs. Ward was taking in these schools, her daughter, Miss Ward, and niece, Miss Whitridge, paid a visit to the Truant School, 215 East Twenty-first Street. Miss Richman accompanied them. An unusual feature of the visit was that two of the truant pupils called at the homes of the visitors and accompanied them to the school.

Miss Richman told the visitors that about 40 per cent. of the students there were of foreign birth, but that there was not a pupil in the school either of whose parents was born in America. All of the boys took the pledge of allegiance to the United States.

Greenhut and Company
Dry Goods

Our patrons are cordially invited to visit the new Reception and Lounging Room on the Fourth Floor. Tea is served (without charge) throughout the day. Take 18th or 19th Street side elevators.

Elaborate Semi-Tailored Suits

Beautiful two and three piece costumes—copies of exclusive Paris models, adapted to American tastes, and developed in supple chiffon cloth, rajah, satin broadcloth, novelty voile pongee and marquisette in a wide range of street and evening shades. Elaborated with trimming novelties, including the new gold and silver ball trimmings and the flowered cretonne vests that are so attractive a feature on imported suits. Only a very high grade artist-tailor could duplicate these costumes; and then at one-third more than our prices.

At 50.00, 75.00, 85.00 and 100.00

Second Floor.

Spring Dress Goods—Underpriced

As typical examples of the low prices which obtain on our large and complete stock of dress fabrics for Spring—these two:

Silk-and-Wool Sublime: A charming fabric, highly lustrous, with the drapery qualities so much desired, 38 in. wide; value 1.00,

At 75c a yard.

All-Silk Voile: Another shipment of this perfect quality which was snapped up so quickly last week, 40 in. wide; value 1.25,

At 72c a yard.

Both the above come in old rose, cadet and navy blue, nile green, canary, lavender, light blue, cream and brown.

Main Floor.

Men's Scarfs—Half Price

We place on sale to-day 2,700 scarfs, the entire stock of a well-known manufacturer, consisting of French four-in-hands and Traymore bat-wing ties. They are made of novelty silk and crepe, in plain colors and light effects for Spring. Every scarf offered was made to sell for 50c—in some cases more—to-day the entire group is marked

At 25c each

Main Floor, Sixth Ave.

Sixth Avenue, 18th to 19th Street, New York

Smith Gray

So little thinking necessary—this season's styles, select themselves. Variety—lots of it, in fabrics, colors and models. Suits for business wear, $18 to $45.

The hat of the season is Rexfelt derby $5.

Lisle-web Suspenders 25c., value 50c.

SMITH, GRAY & CO.

NEW YORK
Broadway at Warren St.,
Broadway at 31st St.

BROOKLYN
Fulton St. at Flatbush Ave.
Broadway at Bedford Ave.

IS YOUR HEALTH WORTH $1.00?

50,000 Health-Giving Vibrations the Minute.

Will relieve your Indigestion
Will relieve your Rheumatism
Will relieve your Deafness

THE HOME VIBRATOR

Is a light, compact instrument, weighs 10 ounces, can be operated by yourself with one hand and can be placed in contact with any part of the body, and is capable of giving 50,000 vibrations per minute—500 times more than are possible with the most expert master of massage.

Deafness, Head Noises, Ringing in the Ears, in most cases, are caused by the thickening of the inner membrine through catarrh or colds. To relieve this vibration is the only thing, as it is the only way to reach the inner ear drum and loosen up the hard wax or foreign matter so sound may penetrate to the drum.

Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lumbago, Gout, &c., are caused by uric acid in the blood in the form of urate of soda. This acid, through poor circulation at some particular points, gets stopped on its way through the system and, congregating, causes pain. Apply the Vibrator to the spot and you will get relief at once.

THE HOME VIBRATOR will give marvellous results in the following cases:

Locomotor Ataxia, Nervous Debility, Neuralgia, Paralysis, Asthma, Catarrh, Headaches, Insomnia, Pleurisy, Hay Fever, Indigestion, Constipation.

Don't wait, don't suffer, but send your order now, as our Vibrator will save you many hours of suffering. Three Days' Free Trial. Money refunded if not satisfied.

Every home should have our Vibrator. So simple a child can work it. Nothing to get out of order.

SPECIAL PRICE for a limited time only $1.00

Mailed prepaid for One Dollar. It is always ready, and will last for years. Free circulars.

ELECTRIC VIBRATORS, ALL KINDS.

HOME VIBRATOR CO. Dept T, 10-12 W. 22d St. Near 5th Ave. New York.

BEST & Co
LILIPUTIAN BAZAAR

Everything That Children Wear

Comes directly within the line of Outfitting which is not only our Special, but our *Absolutely Exclusive* Business.

Hats and Millinery for Girls and Misses
Boys' Clothing
Girls' Dresses
Shirt Waists for Girls and Misses
Shoes for Children
Children's Underwear
Children's Hosiery
Collars, Cuffs and Neckties
Hats and Caps for Boys
Little Gloves for Little Fingers
Bigger Gloves for Larger Fingers

And For the Baby, Everything That's Thinkable!

In larger quantities—better variety—greater range of sizes and more desirable and satisfactory styles than need be looked for elsewhere.

We Originate—Import—Manufacture—

And Everything We Do, Is Done for Children.

60-62 West 23d Street

BEST & Co
LILIPUTIAN BAZAAR

No branch stores—no agents

Children's Shoes That Fit and Wear

Our children's shoes fit better and wear longer than the ordinary, because they are not made on stock shapes, but are constructed on special lasts, which have an in-built fitting quality that contributes greatly to foot comfort and durable service.

We present a complete stock of children's footwear, in a great variety of button, lace and oxford models.

Exclusive lasts, special makes and extra sizes not carried in stock by any other house.

The "Best" Orthopedic Shoe, the "Best" Instep Shoe, the "Best" Arch Support Shoe are specially designed to prevent and remedy, weak ankles, fallen arch and "flat foot."

Shoe prices invariably the lowest for fine materials, correct construction and first class workmanship.

60-62 West 23d Street

The chief agency for the dissemination of literary intelligence is The New York Times Saturday Review of Books. No one who pretends to keep up with the news of books and authors can afford to miss a single issue of this journal. Tomorrow's issue is especially interesting.

EXCLUSIVE BRILL SPRING COAT, MODEL DERBY I.

EXCLUSIVE BRILL SPRING COAT, MODEL DERBY II.

EXCLUSIVE BRILL SUIT, MODEL "MANCHESTER."

EXCLUSIVE BRILL SUIT, MODEL DERBY I.

Four Brill Styles That Are Six Months to One Year in Advance

The models pictured here you will not find in any other stores—this season. There are always at least a dozen other Brill models that are six months to one year in advance. These Brill models are correct. They are based on authority. They have style characteristics of garments produced through other sources than ready to wear at double and treble the cost. The scope, the importance and the completeness of the Brill assortment are indicated in the descriptions below.

Read them and learn of the possibilities for you offered by Brill Clothes.

Brill Clothes at $45

Include genuine Harris and Shetland Tweed Spring Coats, Auto, Driving and Steamer Coats. The best American workmanship and correct American styles, combined with England's most famous fabrics.

Brill Clothes at $40

Include suits of finest fabrics from the world's most famous looms—tailored by veteran journeyman tailors under most approved and modern conditions—resulting in garments that easily rank in standard of workmanship with the finest possible.

Brill Clothes at $35

Include Spring Coats of finest foreign textures and exclusive weaves. Cravenette Raincoats of finest American silk worsted. Suits of fine foreign fabrics and finest American worsted—tailored by cleverest tailormen whose services to-day are only possible through the high salaries and steady employment offered only in finest ready-to-wear tailoring organizations.

Brill Clothes at $30

Include Spring Coats of exclusive models and exclusive fabrics—all the smoke shades, shadow stripes and Oxfords, the new tiger tans, elephant shades and smart browns. Also silk-to-edge black and Oxford vicunas. Cravenette Raincoats in over 30 designs—shadow stripes, various fancy weaves, brown, tan and various Oxford shades. All are silk lined.

Suits of all the new stone grays, sea olives, tiger tans, Havana browns, English slates and smokes, dignified silk mixtures in various new wine shades, all correct grays, blue and black vicuna worsteds and Venetians.

Brill Clothes at $25

Include probably the most diversified assortment of Spring coats in America—over 50 different fabric designs, over 20 distinct models—showing all the most recent and advanced colorings and models—many of which will not be shown by any other concern until six months or a year later. Probably here is also shown the largest and most diversified assortment of rainproof garments. Here are taffeta silk-lined, full dress, rainproofed 52-inch coats, auto coats that button high to the neck with military collars, auto, street, driving and steamer coats that button high to neck—higher under chin—that are windproof and waterproof—tailored from exclusive Brill fabrics and to be had only in Brill stores. Over a dozen models full, loose, roomy raincoats of worsteds, Venetians and velours in many correct shades. Suits of special English fabrics; many other exclusive fabrics, cut on foremost makers' most recent models, including all the Brill exclusive models, showing exclusive hairline designs, new Henley or English hair line stripes, new browns, smart new stone and tan shades, including all the best thoroughly worthy staple fabrics such as silk mixtures, blue and black worsteds and vicunas.

Brill Clothes at $22.50

Include many exclusive models in Suits and Spring Coats that present the most recent and advanced ideas of smartness—garments that have the "college fellow" atmosphere.

Brill Clothes at $20

In a large measure the success of Brill Stores may be attributed to the splendid garments Brill Stores sell at $20. Here are found choice garments from famous makers—those who are identified as America's best. And included are all the exclusive Brill garments, tailored by especially trained organizations under Brill direction. Suits of new pencil stripes, in blue and black silk mixture worsteds, Saxony cassimeres, tiger tans, stone olives, Havana browns, velours in elephant shades, tans and browns, smart cheviots in a dozen tan, brown and gray shades. Black and blue suits, vicuna unfinished worsteds and wale thibet. Over thirty models—surely here's individuality for every man. Spring coats in over 60 designs and over 25 models, including all the new patch pockets—new double-faced garments, new lengths, new sleeve finishes, new lapels—all the new tans, olives, browns and Oxfords and grays, including silk-lined-to-edge black and Oxford vicuna and worsteds. Including fancy box top coats in exclusive smart fabrics—distinctly smart business coats. Cravenette raincoats—black, Oxford, Cambridge steel and blue grays, in worsteds, thibets and cheviots.

Brill Clothes at $18

Included are garments from famous makers, also garments designed and tailored under Brill direction. Probably no other concern in America sells at retail the number of garments at $18 that Brill Stores do, which speaks volumes for the superiority of Brill clothes at this price.

Suits of neatest worsteds, smartest velours, clever Saxony cassimeres and decidedly new cheviots—shades from darkest mixtures to lightest tans, including tiger tans, mustard tans, Havana browns, stone, olive and a dozen gray shades. Models are over 20 in number and include many that are exclusive.

Spring Coats are here in over a dozen models, including smart fancy top coats 37 inches long; other lengths 42 inches, 44 inches and 46 inches. There are velours, cheviots and cassimeres, in tans, grays, browns.

Brill Clothes for Young Men at $15 to $30

Tailored by an organization whose garments are considered the finest possible, designed by men who have become famous designing clothes for young men. When you have tried and not found young men's clothes that measure up to the very highest standard of ready-to-wear garments, come to Brill Stores and you will find the finest tailored young men's garments that have ever been shown ready to wear. Fabrics and models are in large assortment.

Brill Clothes at $15

Include only garments that are journeyman tailored by foremost concerns. Many of these garments are tailored by concerns who in the regular way tailor no garments that retail under $18.00.

Here are suits of silk mixture worsteds, pure worsteds, in various gray shades, Saxony cassimeres in various tan, brown, gray and olive shades, smart cheviots and cassimeres in tans, grays and olives.

Black suits of excellent unfinished worsted—the models include over 20. There are models for young men who want extreme style, models for men who want style without exaggeration and for men who want conservative garments.

Spring coats of all the new tan, gray and olive shades—various correct new wale, stripe and herringbone weaves. Also black and Oxford Spring coats of cheviot and velour. Cravenette raincoats in Oxford, steel and sky grays, in cheviots, velours and worsteds, and Oxford plain weaves, fancy weaves and new weaving ideas. Cravenette raincoats in black, Oxford and various grays, in worsteds, cheviots and thibets.

Brill Clothes Special at $17

Included are suits of pure worsted, velour, cassimere, serge and thibet—black, blue, gray, tan and brown shades; cut on new models. Spring coats of fancy and gray stripe velours and silk-lined Spring coats of black and Oxford worsted and vicuna. At usual prices, $22.50 and $25, these garments are extreme values.

Brill Suits Special at $13.50

Bought underprice from one of the best wholesale tailors in New York City, who make no suits to retail under $18. Included are 20 new Spring styles of worsted, velour and cassimere, in tans, stone shades, olives, browns, grays, etc. Models include 2 and 3 button sack, with slanting and straight pockets and various new style marks. Some of these suits are full lined, some half lined. Because of detail care in making and matching, because of good journeyman tailoring and because of the excellent fabrics, these suits are extreme values regularly at $18 and $20.

Brill Clothes Special at $12.50

Spring Coats and Cravenette Raincoats that are $15 and $18 values. The Spring coats are in a dozen shades of popular grays. They have serge linings and satin sleeve linings. The raincoats are journeyman tailored by best raincoat makers, and are made from specially woven raincoatings in black and fancy mixtures.

Young Men's Special at $6

Suits, sizes 14 to 20 years, that are $8 standard in fabric, tailoring and style. Cut on new single and double breasted models. Fabrics are black thibets and neat club checks and mixtures, in cheviots and cassimeres.

Brill Clothes Special at $10

Garments that are $13.50 and $15 standard. Garments warranted to hold shape, fit, style and color—a warranty resulting from the facts that these garments are excellently tailored, that they are made of dependable fabrics, that only shrunk linen and French haircloth are used for interlinings, and that Brill stores have sold 30,000 similar garments with less than half a dozen complaints.

Suits of worsted, cheviot and cassimere in new designs and colorings and of high-grade black thibet.

Tan Covert Top Coats and all-wool black and Oxford cheviot Spring coats.

Cravenette Raincoats in black, gray and mixture effects.

Young Men's Special at $8

Suits, sizes 14 to 20 years, that are $10 values. Tailored so well and made of such good fabrics that they are warranted to hold shape, fit and style until worn out.

Boys' Clothes Special, $3.95

Dudley Waterproof Combination Suits of belted jacket and two pairs of trousers. Every suit sold under guarantee to give $6 worth of service or you receive a new suit free.

Children's Specials at $2.95

Garments of the grade most stores sell at $4.50. They are worth $4.50 because of the good quality fabric, because of the excellent tailoring and trimmings, because of the new style and because of the lasting service they are warranted to give.

DOUBLE BREASTED SUITS with belt and KNICKERBOCKER TROUSERS, sizes 7 to 17 years, made of high-grade cassimere in new gray overplaids and dark mixtures.

RUSSIAN and SAILOR BLOUSE SUITS, new in coloring and model, made of light fancy worsteds, serges and homespuns.

TOP COATS and REEFERS in smart new grays and checks and in all-wool tan and olive coverts.

Brill Trousers, Special, $3.75

These are $6 value Hungerford system journeyman tailored trousers, made of English stripe worsteds in the new Spring weights. These are the only ready-to-wear trousers that hold their shape permanently.

Dutchess Trousers, $2 to $4

These are cash guaranteed Trousers. You insure your trousers when you wear them, because for every button that comes off you receive a refund of ten cents; if a seam rips you receive a dollar, and if for any reason the trousers don't suit, you receive a new pair free.

279 BROADWAY,
Near Chambers St.
BROADWAY STORE OPEN SATURDAY UNTIL 9 P. M

UNION SQUARE,
14th St., near Broadway.
UNION SQUARE STORE OPEN SATURDAY UNTIL 10 P. M.

Brill Brothers

FOUR STORES

47 CORTLANDT ST.,
Near Greenwich St.
CORTLANDT ST. STORE OPEN SATURDAY UNTIL 9 P. M.

125TH STREET,
Corner 3d Avenue.
HARLEM STORE OPEN DAILY UNTIL 9 P. M.
HARLEM STORE OPEN SATURDAY UNTIL 11 P. M.

BROKAW BROTHERS

Boy spirit held in check all Winter runs high in Spring. Strenuous days these for the coming men. We make boys' clothes with a wide safety factor. Extra strong, silk sewed seams, buttons put on to stay on, and tape reinforcements where the strains come. Moderate prices.

ESTABLISHED OVER HALF A CENTURY
ASTOR PLACE & FOURTH AVE. N.Y.

AS TO FABRICS.

THERE HAS NEVER BEEN A SEASON WHEN THE FABRICS FOR MEN'S SUITS WERE AS BRIGHT AND STRIKING IN DESIGN AS FOR THIS SPRING.

IT IS NO LONGER A GRAY YEAR.

THE DEMAND IS FOR ALL THE POSSIBLE ODD COLORS THAT MAY BE CONTRIVED WITH FANCY STRIPES AND THREADS OF SILK.

AND YOU'LL FIND THE WIDEST VARIETY OF THESE NEW DESIGNS, IN CLOTHES THAT FIT, AT THE SIGN OF BROWNING, KING & COMPANY.

HATS AND FURNISHINGS IN EQUAL UP-TO-DATENESS.

Cooper Square and Brooklyn stores open Saturday evening.

Browning, King & Company

Broadway at 32d St.
Cooper Square at 5th St.
Fulton Street, Brooklyn

JAP-A-LAC

A HIGH GRADE VARNISH AND STAIN COMBINED

A coat of NATURAL OR CLEAR JAP-A-LAC applied to the interior woodwork of your home, will add a hundred per cent to the appearance of the different rooms.

It's easy to do JAP-A-LAC-ING yourself, and you will enjoy bringing about the transformation with your own hands.

SIXTEEN BEAUTIFUL COLORS. SIZES FROM ¼ PINT TO 1 GALLON

FOR SALE BY ALL FIRST CLASS PAINT, HARDWARE AND DRUG DEALERS REFUSE — SUBSTITUTES

VENUS PENCILS ARE INIMITABLE

One enjoys both the method and the results when SYRUP OF FIGS —AND— ELIXIR OF SENNA is taken. To get its beneficial effects always buy the genuine. MANUFACTURED BY THE CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only

7-20-4
10c. CIGAR
At wholesale in New York by A. H. Hillman Co., 437 Pearl St.; S. Monday & Sons, 34 South First St., Brooklyn.

VICTOR Talking Machines and Records

At all dealers.

Have You Telephones Enough? ORDERS LOST WHEN YOUR LINE IS "BUSY" WOULD MORE THAN PAY FOR THE COST OF ANOTHER LINE OR TWO.

NEW YORK TELEPHONE CO., 15 Dey Street.

ANTI-GAMBLING BILLS GAIN THREE VOTES

Grattan and Knapp, Who Supported Sept. 1 Amendment, for Reform—Also Wilcox.

POINT GAINED IN SENATE

Substitution of Hart for Agnew Bills Obviates Their Repassing the Assembly—Final Vote Wednesday.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., April 2.—After a day of parliamentary manoeuvring equaled in recent years only in the all-night battle on the Mortgage Tax bill in 1906, the Hart bills embodying the Governor's plan for race-track reform were substituted in the Senate for the Agnew bills, which stood the test of yesterday's bitter fight and were advanced to third reading in unamended form.

The substitution of the Hart bills for the Agnew bills will obviate the necessity of repassing the bills in the Assembly, removing the danger of delay and eliminating the possibility of defeat from a change of sentiment in the Assembly, the members of which had already been approached by opponents of the bills with the view of obtaining a reversal should it be necessary to return the measures to that body.

Gov. Hughes was kept informed of the various legislative steps taken to-day in connection with the bills, but he would make no comment.

By agreement the measures in the form they are desired by those who favor a law which will put an end to gambling on race tracks have been made a special order on final passage in the Senate for next Wednesday. This advantage was gained by the skillful manipulation of Senator Raines, majority leader, who came to the assistance of Senator Agnew, after an attempt had been made to force the bills to a final vote to-day.

Thirty May Vote for Bills.

Assuming that those who voted for the withdrawal of the Sept. 1 amendment yesterday will stand by the bills on the final vote, the measures will receive from twenty-eight to thirty votes next Wednesday, twenty-six being necessary to obtain their passage.

Senator Grattan of Albany, who voted in support of the Sept. 1 amendment yesterday, announced in the Senate, in explanation of his vote, that he was moved wholly by a desire to protect vested interests by giving the racing associations the advantage of present arrangements during the present season, but that he intended to vote for the racing bills when they came up for final passage. Senator Knapp, who also voted with the opponents of the reforms last night, said to-night that he would vote for the bills Wednesday. It was said also that Senator Wilcox, who is on an indefinite leave of absence, but is expected back before Wednesday in time to vote, will be for the bills.

But those in charge of the bills in the Senate are not unmindful of the fact that the bills are in danger, and will continue to be until the final vote is taken. Those who lost last night's battle took courage to-day when they succeeded in delaying final action.

Senators who were supposed to be wavering in their support of the bills were importuned by men who are championing the cause of the race-track interests. Senator McCarren, in personal interviews, ably assisted Senator Grady, whose skill in parliamentary tactics was continually in play. Appeals were made to political leaders, who were asked to use their influence with members of the Senate, and it was feared by some of the friends of the bills that delay until next week meant the defeat of the reforms.

The fact that many of the members will return to their homes for the week-end and get in touch with the sentiment of their constituents led some of the doubtful ones to believe that the opposition's influence would not affect the result.

Hart Bill Is Substituted.

Senator Agnew succeeded in substituting the Hart bill amending the Percy-Gray law for his own bill, which was identical, only after Lieut. Gov. Chanler had overruled Senator Grady, who made a point of order that the substitution could not be made until the Senate had reported the order of notices and motion.

A motion by Senator Agnew to substitute the Hart bill, amending the Penal Code, for his own bill, which was restored to its original form last night, was met by Senator Grady's point of order that the Hart bill was not identical with any bill now upon the Senate files.

Senator Raines said it was identical with a bill which had been advanced last night, but Senator Grady questioned this.

Lieut. Gov. Chanler referred the question of similarity to the Committee on Revision. After verbal sparring the committee retired to make the comparison. It so happens that a majority of the Revision Committee, Senators Wemple, Emerson, Sohmer, and Sullivan, are opposnents of the bill, and after they had consulted Senator McCarren, they forced Senator Smith, Chairman of the committee, to report that the committee had begun its work and asked for further time. To this there was a dissenting report, signed by Senators Smith, Saxe, and Carpenter, who declared that the bills were found to be identical and recommended that the substitution be made.

The Committee on Revision has been regarded with little seriousness from the fact that it has not been called upon to act before in the last nine years. The only difference between the two bills was in the placing of a comma in one of the measures.

When Senator Smith presented the Revision Committee's report, Senator Raines moved that the Assembly bills be substituted and that both measures be made a special order for debate and final passage Monday night. Senators Allds and Davis declared that political conventions would necessitate their absence Monday, and Senator Raines changed the motion to make the bill a special order Wednesday, in spite of the protest of some of the friends of the bill. The motion was carried and the Assembly bill will come up on Wednesday.

Senator Raines is confident the measures will have all the supporters that stood by the bills last night, and predicted a larger vote on final passage.

HELEN GOULD CHARITIES STOP

She Announces the Closing of Her Pet Home and School at Tarrytown.

The closing of both Woodycrest, a home for crippled children and sick babies, and the Lyndhurst Club and Industrial School, two of Miss Helen Gould's chief charities, was announced last night at her home, 579 Fifth Avenue. These institutions are at Tarrytown, near Miss Gould's country seat, and for years they were supported generously by her.

Miss Gould would not discuss her reasons for discontinuing the school and the home owing to her hard and fast rule of not speaking for publication. However, it was said that Woodycrest had been rented for a private Summer school and Lyndhurst was for rent. It is doubtful whether these institutions will ever be reopened.

Woodycrest was particularly useful and poor children were accustomed to stay for weeks during the Summer amid the comforts provided by Miss Gould. Lyndhurst, which bears the name of the Gould estate, was a school where boys and girls learned useful trades and were prepared under competent instructors to start their careers.

PRIMARY BILL IS BURIED.

Assembly Votes Against Bringing Governor's Reform from Committee.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., April 2.—Republicans and Democrats of the machine type in the Assembly joined hands to-day in burying a little deeper the Travis-Green Direct Primaries Nomination bill, one of the measures recommended by Gov. Hughes in his annual message to the Legislature, and a reform in which the Governor is much interested.

The Direct Primaries Nomination bill is one of the most important links in the chain of ballot reforms, including the inauguration of the Massachusetts ballot, which were recommended by the Governor. A recommendation for the passage of such a bill was contained in the Governor's message of last year. So insistent was he on this reform then that he sent special messages to both houses, after the bill had been defeated once, urging its passage.

Assemblyman James A. Francis of the Twenty-third New York District, a follower of Congressman Herbert Parsons, Chairman of the New York County Republican Committee, made a motion to have the committee discharged from further consideration of the bill at a time when Assemblyman Green was absent from the Chamber.

That the result would be to defeat the motion by an overwhelming vote and to bury the bill, which is opposed by all the machine leaders on both sides, there could have been no possible doubt. Mr. Green returned to the Assembly Chamber and denounced the action of Mr. Francis in a spirited speech.

The vote was then taken. It stood 107 to 27 against discharging the committee and bringing the bill out in the open where it could be debated. Only a scattering of independents voted in the affirmative.

Mr. Francis, after the bill had been buried, said that he had been unjustly accused by a New York newspaper of being opposed to the measure, and that he made the motion both to show that he was not and because he sincerely wanted to see the bill pass.

It is understood that the Governor will urge the Legislature in a special message to pass the Direct Nominations bill before it adjourns.

EIGHT BANKING BILLS PASSED.

Senate Approves Permitting Savings Institutions to Hypothecate Securities.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, April 2.—Eight of the seventeen bills amending the banking law to carry out suggestions made by the State Superintendent of Banks and the special commission appointed by the Governor to investigate the banking situation were passed by the Senate to-day, and now go to the Governor. These bills were a special order, and in nearly every instance Senator Grady offered objections, the main object of attack being the plan to increase the power of the Superintendent of Banks. A call of the Senate was required to pass some of the bills, but in the main the votes in opposition were those of Democratic Senators.

The measures which received the approval of the Senate to-day contain these provisions:

Giving the savings banks, under certain conditions, the power to hypothecate their securities. It is intended to give this power to remove the necessity of requiring a sixty-day notice of withdrawal. It is indorsed by the State Savings Banks' Association.

Providing for the valuation of savings bank securities by amortization. It secures the advantage of investment equally over the terms of investment.

Providing for reports of savings banks on the basis of amortization.

Requiring the Directors of banks and trust companies to be actual owners free from incumbrance of the stock qualifying them as Directors. The amendment, it is said, will insure actual interest in the corporation and prevent the dummy system.

Providing for the valuation of securities held as capital investment of trust companies by amortization. The purpose of the bill is to prevent the raising or lowering of permanent investments to meet the fluctuations of the daily market.

Amending the law relative to the incorporation of banks, giving the Superintendent power to reject the organization of a new bank when he does not actually approve it. Notice of the intention to organize a State bank is also required by the amendment.

Enabling safe deposit companies to serve the patrons of branch banks or trust companes by opening branches when the capital is more than $100,000. The safe deposit companies act as custodians only, and are usually connected with banks or trust companies.

The Assembly passed two banking bills to-day. The most important measure provides that the Superintendent of Banks shall take possession of insolvent institutions instead of receivers appointed by the courts. The bill practically provides the same system for insolvent State banks as is in operation in connection with the insolvent National banks.

In connection with this bill, Mr. Francis quoted from an editorial in THE NEW YORK TIMES to the effect that men in business life were generally better equipped for receiverships than lawyers.

SETBACK FOR LOCAL OPTION.

Assembly Refuses to Take the Gray City Bill from Committee.

ALBANY, N. Y., April 2.—The Assembly to-day by a vote of 83 to 53 refused to discharge the Excise Committee from further consideration of the Gray City Local Option bill. The measure now seems hopelessly buried.

The Assembly voted down the motion of Mr. Voss of Kings to discharge the Committee on Ways and Means from further consideration of his bill to pension indigent persons more than 60 years of age who have lived in the State at least twenty-five years.

The Assembly passed the new Highway Code bill, which will revise the highway laws and create a State Department of Highways. Amendments offered by Messrs. Palmer, Northrup, and Harper, Democrats, were all defeated.

TRACTION INQUIRY NEAR END.

Grand Jury May Make Presentments in Metropolitan and Ice Trust Cases.

The special Grand Jury practically wound up its inquiry into the Metropolitan Street Railway charges yesterday. It will hold its last regular session on Tuesday, when the traction investigation will be completed, and then, after a two weeks' adjournment, will report to Justice Dowling. It is expected that presentments will then be made in both the Ice Trust and Metropolitan inquiries.

The witnesses called yesterday in the Metropolitan investigation were Lemuel Ely Quigg, William H. Page, Jr., a lawyer who had acted as counsel for both W. C. Whitney and Thomas F. Ryan; E. H. Sayre, the former Treasurer and Secretary of the Metropolitan Securities Company, and several expert accountants.

Just before the witnesses were called yesterday William F. Sheehan called at the District Attorney's office and had a long talk with Mr. Jerome. His object was not disclosed.

Metz Against Equal Pay for Teachers.

Controller Metz is in a dispute with Miss Grace Strachan of the Interborough Teachers' Association because, Mr. Metz says, she sent out part of a letter he wrote to her, making it appear that he advocated the teachers' equal pay measure. In fact, he is opposed to legislation for salary increases.

If coffee causes dizziness, quit and drink

POSTUM

"There's a Reason"

Read, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

COURT DECIDES AGAINST JACKSON

Perfectly Legal, Judge Holds, for Grand Jury to Call Attention to Attorney General's Testimony.

PAPERS GO TO GOVERNOR

Jerome Charges and Jackson Admits He Read White's Evidence on Division of Receivership Fees.

Attorney General Jackson failed yesterday in his effort to have the Grand Jury presentment, which stated that testimony had been taken of such a nature as to question his integrity, expunged from the court records. In the argument on this motion, which was opposed by the District Attorney, ex-Corporation Counsel William B. Ellison, represented the Attorney General before Judge Foster in General Sessions.

The presentment, which was handed down on Monday, requested the court to transmit a copy of the Grand Jury minutes to the Legislature and to the Governor "for action"; and in pursuance of this request William Grier, Chief of the subpoena service, went to Albany last night with transcripts of the minutes.

When Mr. Ellison appeared in the morning he asked to see a transcript of the Grand Jury minutes and for a postponement of the argument till Monday, saying the Attorney General was called upon to answer "something of which he is absolutely in the dark."

"All the testimony taken was read to Mr. Jackson before he was called upon to make any explanation," answered Mr. Jerome. "There was only the testimony of Frank White. It was read to Mr. Jackson on March 23. He desired further time to consider. On the twenty-fifth he contradicted it, though not in detail. On March 27, appearing again, he gave testimony in diametrical conflict with Mr. White's testimony. As the time for adjournment of the Legislature fast approaches it is not safe to delay longer."

In spite of Mr. Ellison's plea the argument was set for 2 o'clock in the afternoon. At that hour Mr. Ellison opened his argument.

"The testimony of Mr. White—who figures as sole witness in the criticism of the Attorney General's conduct—proves no crime," he said. "It simply states that he spoke to Mr. White relative to some one getting one-half of the receiver's fees. There is no proof, real or attempted, that he asked for any portion for himself.

"Certainly there is no ground for indictment, and therefore I claim that under the law this presentment is entirely gratuitous."

"The people," retorted Mr. Jerome, "contend that that means misconduct in the county. Mr. Ellison contends that any State officer can come here and misbehave as he pleases."

"Well," said Mr. Ellison, "I do not make that contention where there is crime, but having presented the reasons that I think forbid your Honor's doing it, we have no objection to offer to the transmission of these papers."

"This instrument," said the court, "is called a presentment by the Grand Jury, yet it clearly states that certain facts should be brought to the attention of the Legislature. It is clearly within the power of the Grand Jury to certify their judgment of things in court, suggesting reforms. That has been sanctioned by usage. There is no reason for expunging or setting aside this communication. Therefore the motion to that end is denied."

The Attorney General made an affidavit yesterday before Anna M. Karr, Commissioner of Deeds, stating the facts of the case as set forth by his counsel and petitioning to be allowed to inspect the Grand Jury minutes. He admits that Mr. White's testimony was read to him, gives his reasons for thinking the presentment unlawful, and states that the jurors committed a misdemeanor when they transmitted the testimony taken before them.

NO SENATE PROBE FOR JACKSON.

Finance Committee Believes Investigation Should Be Made by Assembly.

ALBANY, April 2.—Gov. Hughes tonight said that he had not yet received the Grand Jury presentment against Attorney General Jackson. He would not indicate what action he would take in the matter, nor comment on the subject in any way.

The Senate Finance Committee has practically decided to wash its hands of the proposition to investigate the administration of Attorney General Jackson, especially in connection with corporation receiverships, as provided in the resolution introduced by Senator Saxe and requested by the Attorney General himself. The committee holds the view that inasmuch as the Senate would have to sit as a jury in case such an investigation were held, the matter should originate in the Assembly or with the Governor.

JACKSON HAS TRUST EVIDENCE

But He Tells Legislature He Needs Funds for Prosecutions.

ALBANY, April 2.—Attorney General Jackson to-day submitted to the Legislature his annual report. Along with other matters the Attorney General discusses his actions regarding anti-trust investigations, the forest preserve movement, and the prosecution of election crimes in the Metropolitan district. He says in part:

"You undoubtedly are aware of the work done in the investigation of the American Ice Company, the proposed telephone monopoly, the telegraph combine, and the affairs of the New York City Railway Company. In addition to these investigations, I have caused to be made investigations of alleged violations of anti-monopoly laws in many cities of the State, and as a result I have secured evidence of the existence of illegal combinations in restraint of trade and for the purpose of fixing and controlling the prices of necessities of life; many of these investigations have been completed, and I am ready to proceed with respect to them in the courts just as soon as the necessary funds are made available for that purpose.

"Between Nov. 5, 1907, and Dec. 31, 1907, I secured the indictment of forty-five persons for violations of the election laws. Of that number twenty were tried and nineteen convicted. Upon the trial of one, the jury disagreed, and he will be tried again. Eight of the convicted men were sentenced to State prison for terms varying from 1½ to 4½ years. Four were sentenced for terms of from six months to one year in the penitentiary. Three were granted suspension of sentence, and three were waiting sentence on the first of the year. The trials of twenty-five were pending Dec. 31, 1907.

"While the number of indictments and convictions was unusually large, there is abundant ground for the belief that the great majority of the election criminals escaped because of the inadequacy of the system for the enforcement of the election laws in the metropolitan district."

BANKERS GET PROVIDENT LIFE

They Will Proceed to Oust the Coyle Syndicate Directors.

As the upshot of a meeting yesterday of the stockholders of the Provident Savings Life Assurance Society, the banking interests which recently took over 672 shares of the society's stock standing in the names of E. R. and O. F. Thomas, obtained control and then announced their determination to oust all the representatives of the John J. Coyle Philadelphia syndicate. The Coyle syndicate made a contract to take this Thomas stock, paying $100,000 cash and $1,000,000 in notes, but a dispute arose, and the banks holding it as collateral took title to it, and have now taken possession of the society.

At yesterday's meeting, these banks, the Mercantile National, Consolidated National, Mechanics and Traders', Metropolitan Trust Company, Hudson Trust Company, and the Italian-American Trust Company, working with Timothy F. Woodruff, ex-President of the Society, held a safe majority of the shares, electing as Directors to succeed the Coyle men, William H. Taylor, Vice President of the Bowling Green Trust Company; E. R. Chapman and Royal Victor of the law firm of Sullivan & Cromwell, which has been looking after the bankers' interests. E. R. Thomas is still a Director. He is opposed to the Coyle party.

Mr. Victor said last night that he didn't know what Coyle Directors were left in the board, owing to the many changes made by this faction in special meetings, including one held yesterday morning, but he was sure that with Mr. Woodruff's party the bankers now held eight Directorships out of fifteen. He added that they would meet on April 16 and elect one of their own men as President and then ask the courts to oust the remaining Coyle Directors, alleging that their elections at special meetings were illegal. Mr. Victor said the society is in a sound financial condition.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—Capt. L. R. Holbrook, Commissary, will proceed to Kansas City, Mo., to witness flour tests.

Orders of March 30 amended to direct Capt. J. E. Bloom, Commissary, to proceed to Washington Barracks, D. C., and report to the commanding officer, General Hospital, for observation and treatment.

Orders of March 30 amended to direct Major T. Cruse, Quartermaster, in addition to other duties, to assume temporary charge of the Purchasing Commissary, Boston, Mass., during the absence of Capt. J. E. Bloom.

Capt. C. M. Seaman, Coast Artillery Corps, relieved from assignment to the Fifth Company and placed on unassigned list. He will proceed to Fort Monroe, Va., and report in person to the commanding officer, Artillery District of the Chesapeake.

The relief of Capt. G. H. Shields, Jr., Third Infantry, as Aide de Camp on the staff of Major Gen. A. W. Greely, U. S. A., is announced. He will join his regiment.

Major F. B. McCoy, Seventeenth Infantry, will proceed to Washington Barracks, D. C., and report in person to the commanding officer, General Hospital, for observation and treatment.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Arethusa, at Acapulco; Dolphin, at Guantanamo; Yankton, at San Diego; Ajax and Navajo, at Magdalena Bay.

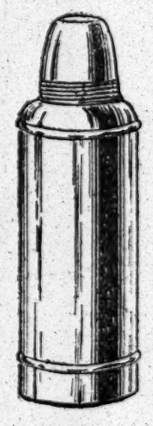
Sailed—Alexander, from Honolulu for San Francisco; Connecticut, from San Diego for Magdalena Bay; Buffalo, from Magdalena Bay for San Diego; Chicago, from Santa Lucia for Hampton Roads; Prairie, from League Island for Guantanamo; Caesar, from Bradford for New York; Tennessee, Washington, and California, from San Francisco for Port Angeles; Paducah, from Port au Prince for Guantanamo.

The Idaho was placed in commission at the Navy Yard, League Island, Penn., April 1.

The Wisconsin was placed in commission at the Navy Yard, Puget Sound, Washington, April 1.

Useful Every Day Everywhere

Here is what you have been needing and wanting for years—a bottle that will keep liquids *boiling hot* for *24 hours* in the *coldest weather*—or *ice cold* for *72 hours* in the *hottest* weather—



The Thermos Bottle

—the greatest invention of the age. Heat and cold *can't* get through a *vacuum*, and the Thermos Bottle consists of one glass bottle inside a larger one *with a vacuum between them.* The Thermos Bottle is *always ready*—you merely pour in the liquid and cork it up.

At Home The Thermos Bottle provides hot or cold drinks for light meals without building a fire or lighting the gas. It will save its price in a short time, besides saving bother and work.

At Office Everybody, from the head of the firm to the clerks and stenographers, finds the Thermos Bottle a convenience and an economy. Have the bottle filled with hot coffee or any hot or cold drink and you have it when you want it.

At Shop The Thermos Bottle provides every workman with hot coffee or cold milk for luncheon, making the noonday meal more enjoyable, refreshing and invigorating. If you buy coffee at noon, the Thermos Bottle will also save money for you.

The Thermos Bottle provides hot or cold refreshments on MOTOR TRIPS—on RAILROAD JOURNEYS—on any kind of OUTING TRIP.

Thermos Bottles are sold in the leading department stores, automobile supply stores, hardware stores, drug stores, jewelry stores, leather goods stores—everywhere. Pint and quart sizes. Prices from $4.50 up. *Send for free booklet.*

AMERICAN THERMOS BOTTLE CO., New York

DICK, THE ROBIN, BACK AGAIN.

He Flies Up from the South for His Annual Visit in Central Park.

Dick, a robin redbreast, who for half a dozen years has spent his Springs and Summers and early Falls in Central Park, came back for his annual visit yesterday. April 1 is usually the date for Dick's appearance in his oldtime haunts, but this year he was a day late. Early yesterday morning Keeper Snyder heard a familiar chirrup back of the monkey house, and, walking around it, he saw Dick, looking as happy and carefree as ever, his plumage a trifle duller than when he left for the South in the Fall, perched in a tree.

"I guess Dick recognized me all right," said Keeper Snyder later in the day. "If he didn't he ought to, for I have fed him enough peanuts and cake crums to make him think kindly of me as long as he lives. And I guess he does, for when I scattered some crumbs on the ground he hastened toward me and began to eat them with his oldtime relish."

Dick is the only Central Park robin that has ever learned to trust the keepers. He seems to have lost all fear of man and is far more tame even than the English sparrows.

$18 Spring Overcoats

You can pass by a humdred Overcoats and not one of them will impress you as a distinctive garment. Not so with our $18 Overcoats—in spite of their moderate price. The tailoring, the fabric, the style—all bear the ear marks of distinctiveness.

Numerous models are shown in bright hues and attractive weaves of grey, tan, olive, brown and the more conservative black.

Wm. Vogel & Son,
Broadway, Houston St.

DEWAR'S "WHITE LABEL" SCOTCH WHISKY

Young Men's Shoes.

SMART effects that keep pace with the new Spring fashions are ready. The variety in Oxfords, Walking Pumps, Laced and Buttoned Shoes in both Tan and Black leathers, comprises the largest high grade shoe exhibit for Young Men in New York.

$5.00 to $8.00

Alexander
SIXTH AVENUE AND NINETEENTH STREET

J. HUMMEL, AUCTIONEER.

FIELD, CHAPMAN & CO.
WILL SELL AT 427 & 429 BROADWAY, N. Y.,

TO-DAY, LAST DAY, APRIL 3d, 1908,
AT 11:30 O'CLOCK A. M.,
A PEREMPTORY SALE OF
PERSIAN AND TURKISH RUGS
By order of
H. H. TOPAKYAN,
Retiring from Business.

Mr. Topakyan has been established for twenty years in the United States and has decided to dispose of the entire stock of his Stores, 147 5th Ave. and 25 Broad St., before returning to Persia.

EVERY VARIETY OF PERSIAN, TURKISH & INDIA RUGS & CARPETS.

From the smallest Mat to the largest Rug made will be included in this Sale.

The Sale will be worthy the attention of all dealers and connoisseurs, as the offering is unsurpassed by any collection in this country.

To-Night at 8:30
(CONCLUDING SALE)
IN THE
Fifth Ave. Art Galleries,
546 Fifth Ave., Cor. 45th St.
Mr. James P. Silo, Auctioneer.
The Great Art Sale
AT AUCTION
OF
Mr. Edward Brandus
The one opportunity of the season for securing
BEAUTIFUL PICTURES
by the
BEST ARTISTS
AT YOUR OWN FIGURE
Exhibition Until Time of Sale.

To-night (Friday) 8 P. M.
Etchings & Engravings
Rare New York Views, Dramatic Prints, Etchings by Buhot, Millet and others,
will be sold by
THE ANDERSON AUCTION COMPANY
In the Howard Building
264 Fifth Ave., (cor. 29th St.)

The Issue of The New York Times, Next Sunday, Will Be One Nobody Can Afford to Miss. Order from Your Newsdealer To-day.

Spring Shirts

$2. Four for $7.50

You may ha' yer doots about my two-dollar **ready-to-wear** shirts being worth two-fifty until you find yourself inside of one—never after will you doubt.

The shirts will tell the tale of good tailoring and right proportions.

Wm. G. White

Broadway at Leonard Street, 42d St., 3 doors West of 5th Ave.

This 9,059 Word

Business Book is FREE

Simply send us a postal and ask for our free illustrated 9,059-word Business Booklet which tells how priceless Business Experience, squeezed from the lives of 112 big, broad, brainy business men may be made yours—yours to boost your salary—yours to increase your profits. This free booklet deals with

—How to manage a business
—How to sell goods
—How to get money by mail
—How to buy at rock-bottom
—How to collect money
—How to stop cost leaks
—How to train and handle men
—How to get and hold a position
—How to advertise a business
—How to devise office methods

Sending for this free book binds you to nothing, involves you in no obligation; yet it may be the means of starting you on the road to a broader career. Surely you will not deny yourself this privilege, when it involves only the risk of a postage stamp! Send the coupon today.

SYSTEM, 151-153 Wabash Ave., Chicago.
Send on your 9,059-word free Booklet.
36-48

Name _____
Address _____
Business _____
Position _____

"Sheltona"

(retails at fixed price $1.00 yard, 46 inches wide) a fabric of same character as "Shelma"; in black and colors, made from pure worsted yarns, not quite so fine as those selected for "Shelma"; the best fabric for serviceable gowns and skirts—at $1 the yard.

On Sale in Dress Goods Dept. of

John Wanamaker
O'Neill-Adams Co.
Stern Bros.
Bloomingdale Bros.
Fredk. Loeser & Co., (Br'klyn).

Write for samples & illustrated Fashion Booklet—Free

The Shelton Looms

Sidney Blumenthal & Co., Inc. Manufacturers
453 Broome Street NEW YORK

College Brand Clothes

COPYRIGHT 1908 L. SLESINGER & CO.

$15.00 TO $30.00

Beyond the good fabric which is incidental, beyond the exclusive designs which are merely a matter of good taste, College Brand Clothes have expressive tailoring and impressive style to more than justify the prices.

And this is so whether the garment cost $15 or $30.

College Clothes Shop

129 West 42nd Street, N. Y.

Household Utensils

In Largest Variety and BEST QUALITY ONLY

Our

Refrigerators

Are the Perfection of Cleanliness, Efficiency and Economy.

The "Eddy" our standard for a quarter of a century.
The "Premier" glass lined

Orders by mail receive prompt and careful attention.

LEWIS & CONGER

130 and 132 West 42d Street, and 135 West 41st St., New York.

HARDMAN PIANO

IMPROVES WITH USE

5th Av. & 19th St., New York. 524 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

The Busy Man's Train

NEW YORK CENTRAL LINES

TWENTIETH CENTURY LIMITED

Uneeda Biscuit

Apollinaris

THE QUEEN OF TABLE WATERS

BOMB WRECKS HOUSE; TENANTS IN A PANIC

Owner of Building Hurled Down Stairs and a Woman Buried in the Debris.

THE BLACK HAND SUSPECTED

Last of Several Attempts to Blow Up the Place with Dynamite Wrapped in Rags—Two Arrests.

Cries of "fire" coming from the floor above his head sent Emanuelo Spartaro, who owns the five-story tenement at 427 East Twelfth Street, running out of his grocery store on the ground floor and up the stairs to the floor above at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Antonio Bassi, who lives in the rear flat on the second floor, had been in the grocery, and he ran upstairs with Spartaro.

In a corner in the front of the hall the men saw a pile of rags on fire. On last Tuesday Spartaro had discovered a similar fire, and after putting it out he had found five sticks of dynamite wrapped up in the rags, so yesterday he shouted to Bassi to hasten for some water. The man returned from his flat with a pail, and Spartaro threw it on the blaze.

At the same instant there was a terrific explosion. Bassi was flung off his feet and Spartaro was knocked through the banisters and half way down the stairs to the lower floor, where he lay unconscious. Panic-stricken tenants of the house ran over his body in their efforts to reach the sidewalk.

The explosion had rocked the whole house. Windows fell out of their frames, and the broken particles of glass clattered down into the street. The doors leading into the two front flats on the first floor were blown from their hinges and tossed inside the flats. Mrs. Giovanni Liberatore and Mrs. Dominick Lappani, each of whom has a young baby, rushed to the front windows when the doors blew in, and would have thrown themselves and the babies out but for the shouts of warning of persons below.

In the grocery in the meantime there had been a panic. Mrs. Spartaro had been waiting on customers when the explosion occurred. A large section of the ceiling in the rear of the store fell. Particles of plaster and bits of lathing flew about the store and canned goods and groceries toppled off the shelves. Mrs. Spartaro was half buried beneath the débris and the customers ran wildly to the street, not stopping to help the woman. She escaped serious injury.

Policemen Burke and Cahill of the East Fifth Street Station found Spartaro on the stairs and called Dr. Simon from Bellevue Hospital. He took Spartaro there. The man was a muss of bruises and cuts, but the surgeon revived him and said that he was not seriously injured.

There had evidently been a bomb concealed in the burning rags and Spartaro told the police that it had undoubtedly been put there by members of the Black Hand. He said that he had been receiving Black Hand letters constantly for nearly two years. For a time he had turned them over to the police, but when he found that they made no arrests, and that nothing ever came of the threats, he began to ignore the warnings.

"This is to teach me to obey," he moaned yesterday. "Next time I shall be killed."

Spartaro said that until four or five months ago he had lived at 419 East Twelfth Street, and that a few days after he moved away, a bomb was exploded in the house. Last Tuesday, he said, he discovered the blazing rags in the hall of 427, and put out the fire, and then found the sticks of dynamite. Early on the morning of March 9 he had found a similar fire, sticks of dynamite being wrapped in the blazing rags. On that occasion Policemen Burke and Coffee arrested three men whom they found in the neighborhood, but they were discharged next day in court.

Spartaro said that he had received the latest Black Hand letter on Wednesday. It demanded that he put $5,000 near the railroad station at Jamaica, L. I., on penalty of death. He said that he had ignored it.

The police arrested Bassi and Giovanni Gaspare, who live on the third floor. They found Bassi washing his cuts in his own home and charged him with being a suspicious person, although he explained that he had been hurt while helping Spartaro to put the fire out. Gaspare had a powder-blackened cut on one hand, said the police, and they considered this fact enough to hold him on.

HINTS RUSSIAN SPIES DID IT.

Socialist Organ Has Two Theories to Account for Union Square Explosion.

In its issue of to-morrow The New York Socialist, the English-speaking weekly organ of the Socialist Party, under whose auspices the proposed unemployed demonstration in Union Square last Saturday was to have been held, will comment editorially on the bomb explosion, in part as follows:

"The theory of an Anarchist plot may be dismissed, since all who are familiar with the situation know its inherent improbability. Two hypotheses remain: 1. That the bomb thrower, exasperated by his sufferings and having been finally stung to madness by the clubbing he is said to have received from a uniformed thug, decided to have revenge. 2. That he was incited and assisted by some persons interested in having a bomb outrage committed.

"So far as the facts are now before us, we incline to the former theory. But the second theory cannot be altogether dismissed. It is certain that there are in New York many Russian police spies, some of whom are always trying to incite attempts at riot, assassination, 'expropriation,' &c.

"That these have their relations with the city detective force, as well as with the Russian Consulate, there can be little doubt. Anything they could do to discredit the Russian-born population in this country—the refugees from the tyranny of Czarism—would be so much gained for the autocracy of St. Petersburg."

HUNTING DOWN ANARCHISTS.

Police and Secret Service at Work—Undesirables to be Deported.

A goodly proportion of the detective force of New York City was busy yesterday helping the United States Secret Service Bureau locate all aliens in the city who may be found undesirable and who may be deported.

"There have been no arrests thus far," said Chief Flynn of the New York Secret Service Bureau yesterday, "but the police and the Secret Service men are working together in weeding out such people as we can get hold of and stamp as the unfit sort.

"There is no chance of our deporting Berkman or Emma Goldman. The former has been here too long and the latter is the daughter of a citizen. Emma Goldman's father took out his naturalization papers, and it is highly improbable that she can be sent out of the United States."

Y. M. C. A. Advertising Class Dinner.

The advertising class of the Twenty-third Street Young Men's Christian Association celebrated its third year of successful work under the directorship of Frank L. Blanchard of the Hampton Advertising Company with a dinner at Reisenweber's last evening. Mr. Blanchard acted as toastmaster. Addresses were made by B. B. Farnsworth, educational director of the Young Men's Christian Association; George H. Perry, advertising director of the Siegel-Cooper Company; H. W. Doremus of the H. W. Doremus Advertising Agency, and others.

TO DRIVE OUT THE "REDS."

Paterson's Mayor Says Anarchists Will Be Forbidden in the Town.

PATERSON, N. J., April 2.—Mayor McBride, who recently asked the aid of President Roosevelt in a crusade to drive the Anarchists out of Paterson, which resulted in the President ordering La Questione Sociale, an Anarchist publication, excluded from the mails, is more in earnest than ever that the town shall be freed from Anarchists.

The fact that the "Reds" have advertised a meeting to be held in Turn Hall tomorrow night to protest against the action of the Federal Government, induced the Mayor to call a special meeting of the Police Commissioners to-night to take action in the matter.

"The day when 'Reds' like Emma Goldman and those of her class could come to Paterson and speak from a public platform has gone by," said the Mayor afterward. "When smallpox exists in a house we quarantine the place, and that is what we are going to do hereafter with Anarchists. As Mayor of this city, I am going to use every power I have in this matter, and I know I shall be backed up by all the law-abiding people of Paterson."

PLANS FOR A NEW SUBWAY.

Utilities Board Takes Steps to Push Through Broadway-Lexington Av. Line

Chairman Willcox announced yesterday that the Public Service Commission had passed a resolution instructing its engineer, Henry B. Seaman, to prepare plans for the Broadway-Lexington Avenue Subway route which the commission laid out some time ago and which has been approved by the Board of Estimate.

This means that within six or seven weeks at the most the matter will be sent to the Board of Estimate for final action. By this move the Public Service Commission will make the Board of Estimate bear the responsibility for any delay.

On July 1 the city's borrowing capacity will be increased by $50,000,000, and while a considerable part of this is already tied up to provide for contracts that have not yet been certified by the Controller, it is likely that there will be a large sum available for subway building. The Broadway-Lexington route, it is estimated, will cost about $60,000,000, but if this amount is not available, the commission believes work can be done on a part of the line.

A prospective bidder on new subways has appeared in the person of S. M. Brower, who represents the Trussed Concrete Steel Company of London, England. Mr. Brower says his company is willing to put $25,000,000 into the construction of the new subway at once, and that $25,000,000 more can be obtained in England if necessary.

ENGLISH INVESTORS SHY.

Banker Writes That We Have Too Many Receiverships—Turns to Canada.

John H. Davis of the Wall Street banking house of John H. Davis & Co. received a personal letter yesterday from the head of one of the most important financial institutions in England in reply to a suggestion that many securities of honestly managed American corporations could be bought with confidence. The letter says:

It is an undoubted fact that the careful English investor is now turning his attention to Canada as the field for investments without the risk of receiverships, a system so freely adopted of late in the United States. Canada is a country marvelous in its progress and, up to date, one is able to have confidence in the administration of justice, whether criminal or civil actions, which is now lacking in the United States.

Mr. Davis said, commenting upon this extract: "Nothing would so quickly restore English confidence in American securities as vigorous civil and criminal prosecution of the persons responsible for the collapse of our banking, railway, and industrial companies.

"It is a deplorable fact that foreign and home investors are unwilling to purchase securities of our many honestly and capably managed corporations because of the failure of prosecuting officers to relentlessly pursue lawbreakers, and because of the apathy of stockholders and Directors toward speculations by banking interests and railroad managers allied with them."

IMPORTS DROP $31,252,435.

Heaviest Decrease Is Shown in Precious Stones and Automobiles.

George W. Wanmaker, Appraiser of the Port, yesterday gave out a statement of transactions in his office for the month of March, 1908, in comparison with the same month of 1907 and 1906. The statement shows this comparison:

Appraised value of merchandise.

1908	$55,429,093
1907	86,681,528
1906	69,712,334

The appraised value of precious stones and pearls for the month of March, 1908, is $889,514, as compared with $3,298,281 for March, 1907, and $3,780,825 for March, 1906. For the month of February, 1908, the imports of gems amounted to $200,443.

Forty-seven automobiles, of the total appraised value of $127,946, were imported in March, 1908, in comparison with 103 cars valued at $352,700 in March, 1907, and 109 cars, valued at $338,874 in March, 1906; 263 cars, valued at $583,897.03, have been imported at this port since Jan. 1, 1908, compared with 276 cars, valued at $912,461, and 300 cars, valued at $959,778, in the same period of 1907 and 1906, respectively.

The imports of sugar for the month of March, 1908, show an increase of 50 per cent. over February, 1908, the approximate values being:

March, 1908	$6,000,000
February, 1908	4,000,000
March, 1907	8,000,000

The appraised value of groceries, wines, tobacco, &c., for the month of March, 1908, amounts approximately to $14,000,000.

ERIE PLANS STILL IN DOUBT.

Directors Meet, but Postpone Action on Maturing Notes Till To-day.

The meeting of the Erie Directors scheduled for yesterday was adjourned until 2 o'clock this afternoon. Wall Street had expected that yesterday's meeting would result in some decision regarding the company's maturing notes, but no announcement other than that of the adjournment of the meeting was made.

Erie notes sold several points lower yesterday, sales being reported at 90 compared with as high as 93¼ on Wednesday. The Erie stocks were all off on the day's trading, the losses being fractional except in the second preferred, which closed 1½ points lower.

D. & H. Can Buy Share of Stock.

ALBANY, April 2.—The Public Service Commission in the Second District has granted the application of the Delaware & Hudson Company for authority to acquire an additional share of capital stock of the New York & Canadian Railroad. This share is the only one not already owned by the Delaware & Hudson Company. The commission has notified the Delaware & Hudson that it will take up the matter of merging the two roads when the rules of practice of the commission are complied with.

WALL STREET HAS LITTLE MONTE CARLO

Clerks and Messenger Boys Woo Fortune on Pier, Free from Police Interference.

HARVEST FOR GAMBLERS

Patrons Can Get Any Kind of Game, from Craps to Crackloo and Faro.

While the chimes of old Trinity were ringing out the noon hour yesterday and scores of business men were flocking to the church for the midday Lenten exercises there was being enacted on the opposite end of Wall Street a scene of an entirely different nature, in which the cries of "come seven, come 'leven" were intermingled with expressions of joy and sorrow over the winning or losing of nickels and dimes.

On a pier at the foot of Wall Street, just north of the Fall River Line pier, there is established every day about noon a miniature Monte Carlo where gambling games of various kinds are played by messenger boys and small-salaried clerks from the offices in the financial district. There one may find between the hours of twelve and one every day games of chance openly run upon which may be wagered anything from a penny to a dollar.

As for police interference, such a thing doesn't appear to come within the reckoning of the patrons of chance. They have a free field, and the games are run with evident security. Within a radius of five blocks yesterday not a bluecoat could be found.

The enticing game of "Sweat" was one of the most popular, and the pug-nosed proprietor did a land office business while it lasted. He "barked" his own game, but had the able assistance of a "capper," who invariably showed the fortune hunters how to win—which they rarely did.

"Come on, boys, get yer money down," barked the youth with the dice box. But their hands seemed reluctant, and so the "capper" had to make a winning to drag them out of pocket. Within twenty minutes the pug-nosed sharp appeared to have harvested the last coin in the crowd.

"We all can't win," quoth pug-nose, stowing away the tools of his trade.

Three-Card Monte Popular.

While this game was going on another flourished a few feet away. A big darky with an expansive smile on his face, grinning until the whites of his teeth shone in the midday sun, had in charge a seductive little game of three-card monte, and his following consisted of some dozen or more dapper young clerks with tall collars and fancy neckties.

"Ah ain't tryin' ter make no money—I'm here just to advertise Blank's best playing kyards," said the darky.

He juggled the cards deftly for a minute while the eyes of the youngsters appeared to be glued to them, and then he threw them face down on the small table he had before him.

"If you all's eye is quicker dan mah han' you gets de coin. Pick out de little red ace for a cent, nickel, or a dime, an' if you all wins I pays."

Again he gave the cards a deft toss and it did look ridiculously easy to pick out the red ace, but the group didn't take the bait. That's where the capper came in. He stepped up and picked the elusive ace the very first time and got a dollar for it. A score or more clerks gambled on that ace the very next throw—and lost.

That good old stand-by, craps, was one of the best patronized of all the games. The smaller boys turned to it. "Come seven, come 'leven," "Big Joe," "Little Mike," they shouted as they threw the dice.

Another of the popular games was what is known as the Chinese puzzle. This was operated by a squat negro who appeared to be in a particularly jolly frame of mind, especially when the money was turned into his pockets, as it usually happened. The game consists of rolling up a skate strap so as to have the effect of two loops in the centre. The trick is to stick a pencil into one of the loops so that when the strap is loosened it will still be around the pencil.

In another nook a faro game was going full blast. Young clerks played systems that were sure winners—they fondly believed, only to discover that they didn't seem to work out right. Chuckaluck, crackloo, and half a dozen other games had plenty of patronage.

Hope for Luck on the Morrow.

The games had been running full blast for half an hour and money was rapidly changing hands, mostly in favor of the dealers, when there was a shrill whistle. The whistle of a policeman? No. Not one was in sight. It was the 12:30 toot, which told all hands that they must return to the humdrum routine of banking and brokerage clerical work or messenger service. They had had their fling. Some of them left jingling a few remaining coins, or counting out a scanty winning, while others stuck their hands in empty pockets, hoping that on the morrow when they returned they might recoup their losses.

"Well, dis is sure gettin' to be a pikin' game," said big Mike Donovan, stevedore when not working the green cloth. "Dese days is not as good as dey was before de panic. Dese Wall Street chaps don't seem to be as good spenders as dey was."

The three-card monte men, five in all, admitted doing a land office business. Their combined winnings amounted to $10.76, all gathered in in about fifteen minutes.

As THE TIMES reported walked up Wall Street and into Broadway scores of men whose business takes them to Wall and adjacent streets every day were leaving old Trinity Church. The Lenten service was over.

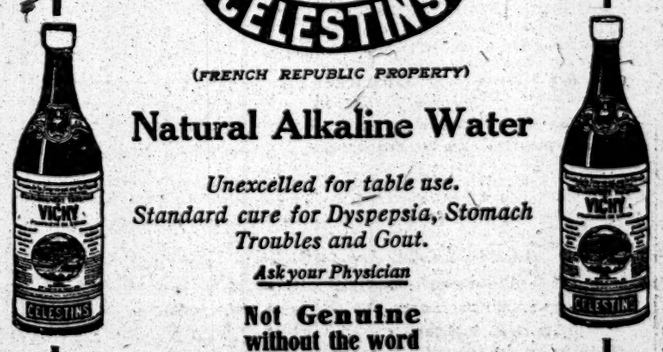
Hard Job Raising the Ferryboat Union

Wreckers are having difficulty in trying to raise the ferryboat Union, which burned and sunk in her slip at Catharine Street on Tuesday night. It is impossible to get a wrecking derrick alongside or pass lifting chains under her keel. Divers will have to close up all holes in her hull so that she may be pumped out and floated.

VICHY CELESTINS

PURITY and EXCELLENCE

(FRENCH REPUBLIC PROPERTY)



Natural Alkaline Water

Unexcelled for table use.
Standard cure for Dyspepsia, Stomach Troubles and Gout.

Ask your Physician

Not Genuine without the word

CELESTINS

NEW YORK INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, April 2.—The following companies were incorporated to-day:

E. W. Edwards & Son, Syracuse, Onondaga County, (department store;) capital, $1,000,000. Directors—Eleazer W. Edwards and Daniel M. Edwards, Syracuse; Martin J. Watley, Rochester, N. Y.

Arkell & Douglas, Inc., West Nyack, Rockland County, (import and export shipping business;) capital, $1,000,000. Directors—William H. Douglas, 317 West Seventy-sixth Street; Edmund L. Mooney, 44 West Forty-fourth Street, New York; Francis M. Sutton, Allenhurst, N. J.

Murray Realty Company, Syracuse, Onondaga County; capital, $650,000. Directors—Daniel M. Edwards, Eleazer W. Edwards, and James R. Murphy, Syracuse, N. Y.

Neptune Salvage Company, New York; capital, $150,000. Directors—Andrew Abramson, 322 Fifty-first Street; Lewis W. Blix, 963 Forty-seventh Street; Samuel Grundersen, 532 Clinton Street, Brooklyn.

Cubeena Cigar Company, New York; capital, $125,000. Directors—Robert Oppenheim, 82 West 127th Street; George H. King, 508 West 151st Street; Jack B. Price, 761 Trinity Avenue, New York.

Riker-Demarest Company, Brooklyn, (contracting;) capital, $37,000. Directors—Albert S. Riker, 555 Dean Street; John M. Demarest, 2,179 Ocean Avenue; Joseph A. Finch, 596 East Fifth Street; Brooklyn.

Frank L. McWade Company, Rochester, Monroe County, (to teach the mail order business;) capital, $25,000. Directors—Frank L. McWade, 51 Park Avenue; Frank C. Tower, 348 Court Street; Jacob F. Nagle, 7 Vassar Street, Rochester, N. Y.

Autotime Company, New York, (manufacture cameras, &c.;) capital, $25,000. Directors—Ernest L. Sawyer, Times Building; Herbert B. Nichols, Union League Club; David W. Armstrong, 25 Broad Street, New York.

Graves Supply Company, New York, (gas appliances;) capital, $20,000. Directors—George W. Graves, 1 West Thirty-fourth Street; Warren L. Cort, Long Island City; Charles M. Allen, Rochester, N. Y.

Burns Manufacturing Company, New York, (axle grease, &c.;) capital, $10,000. Directors—Evan W. Sutton, Arthur H. Koellner, and Oscar W. Miller, 80 Broad Street, New York.

Illing & Mould, Troy, Rensselaer County, (live stock;) capital, $10,000. Directors—Frederick H. Pearce, 509 West 140th Street; Mabel G. Philips, 609 West 178th Street; Robert W. Maloney, 3,121 Kingsbridge Avenue, New York.

Drosin Brothers, Inc., New York, (store fixtures;) capital, $10,000. Directors—Jacob Drosin and Rose Drosin, 243 East 105th Street; Julius Drosin, 2,069 Second Avenue, New York.

Bryan, Gasteiger & Co., Brooklyn, (manufacture hosiery, &c.;) capital, $10,000. Directors—John H. Bryan, 213 Eleventh Street, Hoboken, N. J.; Louis C. Gasteiger, 833 Lincoln Place; Philip Matty, 209 Brooklyn Avenue, Brooklyn.

Ragged Edge, Brooklyn, (amusement devices;) capital, $3,000. Directors—John Seiler, 962 East Twelfth Street; Walter E. Sands, 972 East Twelfth Street, Brooklyn; Leonard Crandall, West Sixth Street, near Neptune Avenue, Coney Island, N. Y.

Ziering Fur Company, New York; capital, $2,000. Directors—Jacob Geller, 23 Hamilton Avenue; Wolf Ziering, 370 New Jersey Avenue; David Ziering, 377 Bradford Street, Brooklyn.

Braunwarth-Wallace Company, New York, (automobile parts;) capital, $2,000. Directors—Otto Braunwarth, Francis J. Wallace, and William J. Masters, 1,900 Broadway, New York.

American Manganese Bronze Company, New York; capital, $100,000. Directors—William A. Locke, 100 William Street; William S. Gray, 76 William Street; C. Monteith Gilpin, 68 William Street, New York.

Catskill Mountain Amusement Company, New York; capital, $1,000. Directors—John C. Rundback, 2,196 Third Avenue; Morris Friedberg and Martin L. Bear, 350 Broadway, New York.

Meinert Realty Company, Brooklyn; capital, $1,000. Directors—John H. Meinert, 814 Greenwood Avenue; Benjamin J. Conroy, 277 Stratford Road, Brooklyn; William Hepburn, 803 Eastern Parkway, New York.

Interior Construction Company, New York; capital, $1,000. Directors—John Hartell, 156 Fifth Avenue, New York; Charles G. Duffy and Mary E. Duffy, 350 Union Street, Brooklyn.

Peerless Amusement Company, Brooklyn; capital, $500. Directors—Alfred Lehman and Georgia McCandlish, 802 St. John's Place, Brooklyn; Walter B. Speth, 824 East 161st Street, New York.

Callanan-Squires Broken Stone Company, Whitehall, Washington County; capital, $150,000. Directors—John J. Callanan, Whitehall; William H. Squires, Clinton, N. Y.; Warren I. Lee, 20 Broad Street, New York.

Increased Capital.

Einstein Manufacturing Company, from $10,000 to $50,000. Attorneys—Gifford, Hobbs & Beard, 5 Nassau Street, New York.

Dissolution.

Schulich & Froehlich Company. Secretary—Isidor Seltzer, 51 West 139th Street, New York.

INCORPORATED IN NEW JERSEY.

TRENTON, April 2.—The following companies were chartered here to-day:

Manganez Steel Rail Company, Valley Road; capital, $400,000. Incorporators—Warfield S. Potter, Bayard L. Peak, and Fred W. Snow. The company is to manufacture iron.

Mica Products Company, Hoboken; capital, $100,000. Incorporators—H. M. Bowne, A. H. Nelson, and F. W. Mills. The company is to mine mica.

Royal Laundry Machinery Company, Jersey City; capital, $1,200,000. Incorporators—Charles Wirth, L. Schlegelmilch, and W. A. E. Henrici. The company is to do general contracting.

Amencois Flexible Shaft Company, Hasbrouck Heights; capital, $125,000. Incorporators—Edward D. Corwin, Fred Knowlton, and G. Wyard. The company is to manufacture machinery.

THE BARRIER

"Better than The Spoilers"

Those who first read this big new novel discovered that it was even better than "The Spoilers." Now the newspapers are spreading the fact. The first critical reviews of THE BARRIER praise this triumphant love story of Alaska in glowing terms. This corroborates the statements already made—and it will be your verdict too. Yes, it's bigger and better than "The Spoilers," but you will find the same clash of elemental passions, the same struggle between the forces of law and lawlessness—and the same dashing romance. THE BARRIER is the one novel that everybody will read and talk about from this time on.

PRICE $1.50

By REX BEACH

HARPER & BROTHERS

THE BARRIER

OLD WIVES FOR NEW

This new novel, which has suddenly become so popular, deals with marital indifferences. The author has presented the matter in a new light, in the form of an interesting story, as bold as it is dramatic. It is a truly powerful novel that is bound to give impetus to discussion. By the popular author

David Graham Phillips

"This novel is bound to give additional impulse to the discussion of the failure of American marriages. But first of all it is a story and an absorbing one, with characters drawn in the author's masterly manner. It is a bold and highly dramatic delineation of contemporary American life, a novel of true power, a big book in every sense of the word."—*Philadelphia Press.*

D. APPLETON & COMPANY NEW YORK

OLD WIVES FOR NEW

Art and Fashion

Paris Fashions of Easter Gowns and Easter Hats and New York's Latest Styles.

The New York Times Sunday, April 5th.

Fashion's artists and Fashion's experts employed by The New York Times to give the women of America the latest designs of newest gowns, materials, colors and trimmings.

Beautifully executed photographs, printed on super-calendered paper, exhibiting every detail of the latest fashions, as seen by Fashion's supreme experts, will fill six pages of the Pictorial Section of Sunday's New York Times April 5th.

An unprecedented aggregation of attractions of especial interest to women in the Spring Fashion and Easter Number of The New York Times.

The Spring Fashion and Easter Number of The New York Times Sunday, April 5th, will present its readers with a magnificent eight-page gallery of high-class pictures in colors and half-tones by world-famous artists. Of these a reproduction of the renowned canvas of "The Russian Wedding Feast," by Konstantin Makoffsky, will occupy two pages. This painting received the medal of honor at the Universal Exhibition of the Fine Arts at Antwerp in 1885, and is the most conspicuous effort of this distinguished artist.

A full page will be devoted to a reproduction of each of the following pictures:

"The Guardian Angel," by Le Tessier.
"A Lesson at Trouville," by Paul Jobert.
"A Song of Springtime," by Deyrolle.
"Good Friends," by Paul Wagner.
"Angel with Lily," by Carlo Dolci.

"Costly Thy Habit as Thy Purse Can Buy"
—SHAKESPEARE.

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.
Adolph S. Ochs, Pres't & Tr. B. C. Franck, Secy.
Address all communications
THE NEW YORK TIMES,
Times Square, New York City.
Telephone: 1000 Bryant.

NEW YORK, 1908.

Entered at the New York Post Office as second-class mail matter.

ONE CENT in Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. Elsewhere, TWO CENTS. FIVE CENTS Sunday.

OFFICES—NEW YORK:
Publication.....Times Square
Downtown.....8 Spruce Street
Wall Street.....80 Broadway
WASHINGTON.....Washington Post Building
PHILADELPHIA.....Public Ledger Building
LONDON.....67 Fleet St., E. C.
PARIS.....36 Rue du Sentier

Subscription Rates—By Mail, Postage Paid.

DAILY, per Week	$0.12
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Week	0.17
DAILY, per Month	0.50
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Month	0.75
DAILY, per Year	6.00
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Year	8.50
SUNDAY, with Pictorial Section, per Year	2.50
THE NEW YORK TIMES WEEKLY FINANCIAL QUOTATION REVIEW, per Year	1.00
To Canada, $1.50 per year.	
THE NEW YORK TIMES SATURDAY REVIEW, per Year	1.00
To Canada, $1.50 per year.	

Add $1.08 per month for foreign countries daily and Sunday, 80 cents daily only.

SIXTEEN PAGES.

FOR A CURRENCY COMMISSION.

The New York Chamber of Commerce, by the action taken yesterday, lends the very considerable weight of its opinion and authority to the proposal that Congress make no attempt to reform the currency laws until a Commission shall have inquired and reported what reforms are necessary. At this late day in the Congressional session the naming of a Commission is probably the wisest step that can be taken. Three months ago it did not seem to be wisest, and was not then necessary. Had Congress devoted itself earnestly to the preparation and enactment of a measure of reform, and certainly no more important business than the revision of the currency laws was before it, a bill which would have satisfied the country might have been passed before adjournment. We have never believed it to be true that the country was not prepared for a sound measure of currency reform. Congress was not prepared—that has been made evident. But the education of the country in the principles of finance is further advanced than Senators and Congressmen have supposed.

Now that the session is drawing to its close it appears that nothing will be done, or, at least, that if anything is done it will not be wisely done. The Aldrich bill has passed the Senate, it may pass the House, but that is extremely doubtful. It would be much better if it did not pass, for it is not at all a measure of reform; rather the contrary, for it extends the scope and application of the unsound principles that are the vice of the present National Banking act. It is the general opinion that the relief for emergencies which the bill aims to provide may safely be dispensed with until Congress meets again. Meanwhile the Fowler bill, which, with all its obvious defects, is a much sounder measure, has no chance at all of passing. Against the opposition of the Speaker and the forces he can command it would stand no chance in the House, and the Senate having passed the Aldrich bill would, of course, give scant hospitality to the House measure. In the resolutions adopted yesterday the Chamber of Commerce says that the pending measures "are so antagonistic to each other that comprehensive legislation at an early date is not probable." No one will dispute that.

The Chamber therefore recommends the appointment of a Commission, as provided in the Lovering bill, to investigate the currency and banking systems of the United States and other leading commercial nations and report a measure at the next session. Under the Lovering bill the Commission would consist of six Senators to be appointed by the Vice President, six Representatives to be appointed by the Speaker, and six members appointed by the President. Senator DU PONT yesterday introduced a resolution providing for seven Commissioners, to be appointed by the President, with power to visit foreign countries and inquire diligently into currency systems abroad and at home, and report what legislation is necessary to give our own currency the safeguards and qualities demanded to avert the dangers and the scandals of which we have had an all too abundant experience. Currency famines like those of 1893 and of 1907 are manifestly a danger to the industries and the trade of the country, and the annually recurring flurry in money rates is, and always has been, a scandal. The support of banking authority and the best financial opinion of the country cannot be commanded for either of the measures now before Congress. That body would fail in its plain duty, however, if it adjourned without taking some action for currency reform. The authorizing of a Commission would be a beginning, and an important beginning. Upon a matter of such moment the basis of Congressional action should be full knowledge. In that respect Congress appeared to be behind the country rather than in advance of it. A Commission will be able to lay before it next December the information upon which it can act with intelligence.

We see no reason why a Currency Commission should go beyond the seas to pursue its studies. If the Commission should be made up of men still in the primary class in finance it might be to their personal advantage to take a course of study in France, England, and Germany. Even then the report of such persons would have small value. A Commission made up as it should be, and doubtless will be, of qualified men, would find abundant material for its investigation in New York or in Washington. Nor do we see any reason why the Commission should make its report in eight large volumes. For the information of Congress it should suffice to set forth concisely the defects of our own system, the sound qualities approved by experience of other systems, with recommendations leaving out the bad and embodying the good. Some very meritorious currency bills have been drawn and made available for study in this country. They will serve as a basis for the work of the Commission.

DUTY OF THE VERY RICH.

It is a mere coincidence that the frustrated plan to kill policemen in Union Square should have been an incident of a week otherwise shamefully marred by social scandals among the very rich. But the coincidence is unfortunate. The ill-feeling represented by that incident, and smothered rather than extinguished by prompt official action, was not directly engendered, of course, by the frequent evidence of the lack of discipline and respect for moral conventions among very rich Americans.

The disregard of ordinary prudence in the conduct of their domestic relations, the willful neglect of the proprieties, among rich people, however, tend to increase the volubility of the agitators against existing social conditions. That the men and women generally most conspicuous in their condemnation of the prevailing ideas of law and order are often noted for their own lack of morality has nothing to do with the case.

There is no denying that we have reached something like a social crisis in the United States. It is the clear duty of people in high places to assist in the peaceable solution of its problems as much by the good example of their own private lives as by their public acts and utterances. Inheritors of famous names, even when the fame is founded exclusively on the acquisition of power through accumulated wealth, injure the whole community when they exhibit themselves as creatures of selfish whims and passions. They escape punishment, except so far as their share of social disgrace is punishment, (and that seems to be negligible in most cases,) and domestic turmoil seems to lend zest to life for some of them. But some millions of their respectable countrymen suffer greatly in mind for their shortcomings.

Within a year we have had far too many marital scandals, and other results of moral turpitude in our "high life"—that is to say, among the rich Americans—and there is not enough intellectual force, artistic appreciation, or public spirit among people of that quality to compensate the country for the bad influence of their misdeeds. The awakening of the very rich to a sense of duty, however, ought not to be hopeless. There must be some way to get at their consciences.

FACTS AND PROPHECIES.

Inter-State Commerce Commissioner LANE selected an unfortunate day upon which to correct Mr. HILL's diagnosis of the railway situation. Mr. HILL remarked that the recovery is slower than had been hoped, and Mr. LANE predicts that there will be a shortage of freight cars next Fall. If he would only guarantee it all would rejoice. But in order to guarantee it he would need to know the result of the unplanted crops. Wall Street is not dealing in futures as much as it was before reform had made such progress. Wall Street prefers "spots" just now, and the fact is that on the day that Commissioner LANE made his prophecies seventeen railways were employing 18 per cent. less than their complement of employés, a percentage corresponding to lack of employment for 345,000 men, or, rather, more than one employé to each sidetracked freight car. Much of this unemployment of the railways is due to the "strike" of a quarter million of soft coal miners. Nominally the stoppage is for negotiations, but negotiations would not be allowed to stop the mines if there were a demand for coal. An excess of coal supply bespeaks idleness in other industries than railways. When factories are not burning coal they are not shipping goods.

Commissioner LANE is unable to understand why there is such a persistent circulation of disquieting rumors when for seven months the net operating revenue per mile has fallen only from $310 to $307, and remains above any previous year. In the first place, the decline in business is cumulative, and is not fully shown in the months selected. The business is worse than described, the latest reported net operating revenue being one-half of October's. Moreover, the net has been enlarged by starving maintenance, so that on some roads a long time will be required to restore the conditions preceding the anti-railway agitation. So serious is this in some cases that committees of employés are protesting to the managements. But, although earnings are decreasing and roads running down, fixed charges are irreducible, and each of 300,000 idle freight cars is a source of expense instead of profit.

Nevertheless the power of recuperation is great, but there is no possible recuperation or protection against Governmental influences. Taking the country over, and speaking of railways alone, taxation has increased from $43,000,000 to $81,000,000 within a decade. With profits from freight revenue of less than one mill per ton mile and declining, Commissioner LANE may cipher out at his leisure one of the obstacles to reviving profits—and there can be no confidence without profits realized, not merely promised.

Optimism is a good fault, and pessimism a bad one, but counsel of good cheer is a mere invitation to dwell in a fool's paradise when gross has fallen 31 per cent., expenses have been reduced only 21 per cent., and the working ratio has risen from 67 per cent. to 76 per cent., not to mention higher taxes and charges, and receiverships and forfeitures of charters, and other little incidents of that sort in contemporary railway administration.

Commissioner LANE asks if railway men emphasize these things because there is a Congress at Washington and a President in the White House. Partly so, and partly because there recently were forty State Legislatures working overtime turning out laws producing these results. Hope is possible because Congress will soon adjourn, and next year there will be only ten Legislatures in session instead of forty.

TRADES UNIONISTS NOT SOCIALISTS.

The proof that among the millions of New Yorkers there was one capable of throwing a bomb at the police is accompanied by reassuring proofs of compensating facts. Thus far it appears to have been the act of an individual, without organized support. Moreover, the bomb thrower's act is repudiated in precisely those quarters where he might have looked for sympathy, if not inspiration. BERKMAN, the suspected accomplice of the bomb thrower, repudiates not only him but all bomb throwing in the name of Socialism. Better yet, the trades unionists repudiate Socialism. Thus LIEBAU, presiding at an east side Socialist meeting, lamented that Socialism was placed upon its defense by a maniacal act. PRITCHARD, Secretary of the International Pavers and Rammers' Union, and DEVEAUX, President of the Actors' Protective Union, are among spokesmen of the unions who repudiate the act.

Perhaps the most striking incident of all was the spirited address of ROBINSON, Secretary of the Central Federated Union, before a meeting of parlor Socialists, whom he made to gasp by quotations from MARX and BEBEL, prophets whom they know rather by dilution and filtration than by study in the original. They were amazed to learn that MARX preached revolution and war upon society, although it must be admitted that this was only in one stage of his career, and that BEBEL counseled that social wounds should be kept festering in order that class distinctions might be emphasized. These amateurs were shocked at learning the company they kept, and they might well have been abashed to be set right in such a matter by a plain workingman. To have their leadership repudiated and their teachings corrected by a disciple was something like insult as well as enlightenment. As for poor ROBERT HUNTER, it is enough to say that the most "advanced" journal in the city, in its new rôle of conservatism, went out of its way to praise the police whom HUNTER condemned for brutality.

This ought rather to be encouraging than surprising, for it is of record that American trades unions are less Socialist than the unions of other nations, and that the cult is rather losing than gaining ground among our labor classes, however it may grow at the polls. The extinct Knights of Labor, for example, had a motto of the "grand freemasonry of labor" which played a part analogous with the Socialist cry of the "soldiership of the plowshare." But the trades unions have thrived, while the Knights disappeared, expressly because the Knights subordinated trade policy—that is, the policy of improving wage earners' conditions under the existing régime—to far-reaching schemes of social reconstruction. At the time that the trades unions triumphed over the Knights they were criticised by the Socialist press as being tools of the employers because they were traitors to the red badge fraternity.

The reason is simple. The American workman has no realizing sense of inferiority. He thinks of himself both as good as his employer, and also as a possible employer. The idea of equality does not tempt him because he aspires to rising above the level. He is individualistic because he thinks upon improving his own affairs rather than reforming the world. This spirit of manhood, rather than bitterness toward superiors, goes to such extremes among American workmen that they reject or languidly accept anything like patronage. This is illustrated by their public repudiation of the parlor Socialists and by the scant success of the patriarchalism of well-meaning trusts toward their employés. On the other hand, when the employés' sympathies are truly enlisted there is such a splendid success as in the purchase of stock upon plans like that of the Steel Corporation, making employés partners or profit sharers in great numbers. American workmen are not Socialists, because that doctrine is not adapted to growth on American soil.

THE EASTER SUPPLEMENTS.

No daily newspaper here or elsewhere has ever issued two such supplements as those which will be the special features of next Sunday's TIMES. The art section will contain six beautiful reproductions, in color and half-tone, of fine paintings. The spirit and detail of each painting have been admirably interpreted. The Spring fashions section will comprise an international display of the season's modes in hats and gowns. All the regular features of THE SUNDAY TIMES will be preserved. No reader of the daily TIMES can afford to miss next Sunday's paper.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Income and Matrimony.

Think of anybody's asking if matrimony is "practicable" on an income of $35 a week and a fair assurance that it will be more in time! That was the question presented by one of our correspondents yesterday, apparently with an honest desire for information from ourselves and other Wise Ones, and, as apparently, with serious doubts as to whether he would receive an affirmative answer or not. To make his uncertainty the more amazing, the young man declared that both he and the young woman whom he has in mind were wage earners and "of comparatively simple taste in the regulation of their lives as well as in their recreations and amusements."

As to the "practicability" of matrimony for them, that is beyond the minutest of peradventures, but our correspondent's use of the word "comparatively" gives pause, since it means at once so much and so little. In comparison with whose taste—by which he presumably means judgment as to the essentials of happiness—is his to be called "simple"? Of the earth's inhabitants, not one in 10,000 ever earned, is earning, or ever will earn $35 a week, while of the citizens of New York City itself, not more than one in 100 have a steady income of that amount. If, therefore, the practicability of marriage were limited to people with resources equal to or above that sum the world would indeed be in a bad way, and the office of Registrar of Vital Statistics would soon become a sinecure—with nobody to hold it, either.

Whether or not the young man should be advised to marry on his present salary is another and more difficult question. It all depends on where he is going to live and on what he calls living. In numberless places $35 a week will give its possessor about all that can be obtained for money, and in almost as many more it will enable him to have all that would not be called by himself and his neighbors useless and rather wicked extravagance. Here in New York one cannot cut much of a dash on an income considerably larger; with it one can be reasonably happy or desperately unhappy, according to circumstances, training, ambitions, and the like.

From the scanty data given by our correspondent it would hardly be safe to tell him to go ahead, but so far as they go, the indications are in that direction. But why does he think so much about how and for what he shall spend his money and so little about what he will get for it? There is a credit as well as a debtor side to matrimony, and in making his estimates he should count the losses he will incur if he refrains from it.

Students in Revolt.

A problem full of difficulty confronts the Faculty of New York University, for they must somehow settle a row where all the technical right is on one side and all the other kinds of right are on the other.

A certain—a much too certain—youth of the name of BLOCH entered the freshman class there, and, instead of falling in with the established ideas and customs of undergraduate life the world over, he seems to have determined that he would stoutly, sternly, even to the shedding of blood, if necessary, affirm and maintain his dignity and his legal rights. Submission to sophomoric arrogance he scorned, the inferiority of freshmen to the members of upper classes he denied, and all rules of conduct and attire not imposed upon men in general he laboriously violated just to show that he wasn't to be scared or coerced.

Naturally he at once became intensely unpopular among those whose respect he had planned to compel, and to his disciplining in the way they thought he should go they devoted a vast amount of time and attention. His life became full of accidents and incidents, all uncomfortable. From a persecution which without much doubt he thought was for righteousness' sake he defended himself on occasion by the display of a revolver, and, being a youth with command of money, he went about under the protection of detectives. This conduct led him at last and inevitably to and into the basin of the college fountain, and his flight therefrom was accelerated by a crowd of students, who, with vigor if not solemnity, warned him never to return under penalty of worse befalling him.

All this, of course, was very sad and improper, as viewed from the standpoint which a college Faculty is forced to take. There had been riot and disorder and there was a painful necessity for "doing something." The something—the suspension of a student whose guilt the other students think devotion to duty and which was shared by scores of them—has caused a "strike" which shakes the whole structure of the university and threatens serious consequences.

It is too bad. The Bloch boy seems to be a defective in that he lacks a sense of humor. To make up for that he has a wildly exaggerated sense of his own importance. He wants to deprive himself of an essential part of college training, and yet he is so dreadfully within his legal rights that the Faculty must back him up. Being wise and human, they hate to do it, but the alternative is the recognition of rules that are wholly without authority. How they will wriggle out of the dilemma remains to be seen.

New Yorkers Are on the Move.

If the steady growth in population of the outlying boroughs continues, as it undoubtedly will, Manhattan Island is destined to assume some such relation to Greater New York as that which "the City" bears to London. That is, we shall all become suburbanites in greater or less degree, and old New York will be entirely devoted to business and government—if there is any distinction between the two, which local history is calculated to make one doubt, sometimes.

Of course, dwelling houses are still going up at the northern end of the island as fast as or faster than they are coming down to be replaced by stores and factories at the lower end, but the vacant territory still to be occupied by the fugitive citizens is of narrowly limited extent, and they will all be shoved off the edge before many years. Many have already taken the longer journeys in anticipation of the inevitable compulsion, and the number of these foresighted ones increases with each improvement in the means of transportation to the Farther Gilgals of Richmond, Queens, the Bronx, and Westchester, to say nothing of Jersey. It's a beneficent process, and few of us, whatever we may say, really mourn the disappearance of the ancient landmarks.

The Man in Love.

He heard her say she would repent,
And, jealous as Othello,
He hopes her sacrifice this Lent
Will be the other fellow.

J. J. O'CONNELL.

CHEERFUL WEDDED COUNSEL.

Happiness Not Impossible on Less Than $100 a Month.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I always read with deep interest letters like the one published in to-day's issue of THE TIMES, asking "Counsel of Older Heads." To the writer of this morning's letter I would say that the income mentioned is abundantly adequate for a very good start in life.

Everything depends upon the point of view, of course, and my point of view is this: My husband draws a salary much less than $100 a month. We pay $30 for a dear little apartment of four rooms on Washington Heights, every window commanding a view that might make any city dweller envious; situated in a neighborhood of private houses. There is nothing in the apartment that wouldn't be improved by a fire, and I think a burglar could recover damages for loss of time. The rest of the income provides us with all that is necessary to our happiness and comfort—and we are ridiculously happy and comfortable.

But again, my point of view includes long years without companionship, except the usual acquaintances one makes today to forget to-morrow, and no home but the cheerless staying place a business girl makes for herself in a boarding house. And, too, I (the wife) have a great fondness for sewing, and—yes, I will confess it—busying myself with homely, everyday puttering. Happiness and contentment are from the inside, and those who do not find them in all circumstances would not find them in any. The only real sacrifice we make is books, but we believe they will be ours sometime, for the rainyday fund (provided from a source outside of my husband's income) is being steadily added to for the little home in the country, that will be furnished with books and two chairs, (one for company.)

I wish that I might include a word or two about entertaining. Perhaps I can sum it up in this: Two people who are engrossingly interested in each other do not need to seek entertainment elsewhere, but may safely "let down their buckets where they stand." The most congenial people we meet live in our books, and with these, our camera and our work, we entertain ourselves in our happy little home, more than satisfied just to be together.

MARY HART.

New York, April 2, 1908.

THE HOUSEHOLD EXPENSES.

Asserts In Lyric Strains That $25 a Week's Enough.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Possibly your dubious correspondent, "Fides in Matrimonium," may derive some encouragement and reassurance from the following doggoned doggerel, and not allow his "fides" to be shaken at the appalling prospect of trying to solve the problem of how two persons with "comparatively simple tastes" can manage to get along on $5 per diem, "with prospects of advancement":

Here's a fellow hesitating
Matrimony's joys to seek,
Just because his paltry income's
Only thirty-five per week.

Let us haste to reassure him,
Fate her vengeance will not wreak
On a chap whom matrimony
Tempts at thirty-five per week.

That's a fortune. Come, have courage!
Thousands of us have to eke
Out a wedded-bliss existence
On but twenty-five per week.

Yet we're happy. Debts don't bother;
Life with us's a gladsome shriek.
You can strew your path with roses
On your thirty-five per week.

ARTHUR A. PENN.

East Elmhurst, L. I., April 2, 1908.

Change the Amounts.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

May I suggest to "Fides in Matrimonium" that he, in his apportionment of $10 per week for rent, $10 for household expenses, $5 each personal allowance, and $5 for a rainy day fund might find it advantageous to change the amounts somewhat.

Ten dollars is too much for rent; $7 or $8 is better. Ten dollars is ample for household expenses. Five dollars each personal allowance is about right, and I personally know that $5 will be quite sufficient for a woman's allowance, vacation in Summer, pretty clothes, (for the wife,) and a happy, healthy existance in this gay metropolis. I know, because we have been married two years with just that income, and we find we can entertain our friends in a simple way, of course, and have enough left, so "Fides in Matrimonium" need doubt no longer on that score.

A YOUNG WOMAN WHO KNOWS.

New York, April 2, 1908.

Socialists and Anarchists Not Alike.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I read with astonishment the letter in Wednesday's TIMES, signed "J. T. K.," wherein is expressed the desire that "the Stokes, Hunter, Irvine, Goldman" crowd be deported.

This writer, by his letter, shows himself to be absolutely ignorant of the people of whom he writes—the men named are Socialists, and Mrs. Goldman is an Anarchist. A person even slightly informed on these matters must know that they are not at all alike, and, according to President Hadley of Yale, these two systems are the antithesis of each other.

MARY ALLAN STUART.

New York, April 1, 1908.

Let's Investigate.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Let a body of honest citizens investigate whether there is such a thing as a denial of free speech in these United States.

New York, April 1, 1908. LEWIS RICE.

Misinformed.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

That the Socialists deplore the throwing of the bomb in Union Square as deeply as any other body of citizens no one can deny who has heard one of them speak of the occurrence at any length. That they are in nowise to blame is likewise true, in spite of your admirably worded editorial in THE TIMES on "False Teachers and Their Dupes." I think you were sincere in your opinion, but I regret that you were so misinformed. M. A. PACE.

New York, April 2, 1908.

Reptile, Not Animal.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I notice in this morning's issue of THE TIMES an item headed, "What Is a Turtle?" That question was solved many years ago by a Magistrate of this city, whose name I cannot recall, but who was popular and famous in his day. A restaurateur was brought before him, charged with cruelty to animals. The specific charge was exposing a turtle on its back, with a brick for a pillow, outside his place of business. The Magistrate dismissed the case on the ground that a turtle was not an animal, but a reptile. R. G. QUENNELL.

New York, April 1, 1908.

The Insufferable High Steps.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

My mother, who is more vigorous than most women of 75, finds it almost impossible to ride on the street cars with the new, high step. When accompanied by but one person she can with difficulty be helped enough to make the mounting of the steps at all comfortable, and the wrench attendant upon dismounting is positively painful to her. A DAUGHTER.

New York, April 2, 1908.

Where Women Want to Vote.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Does the fact interest you that in the Western States, where women have the suffrage, they poll a heavier vote than the men, despite the fact, as you say, "that 99 per cent. of them don't want to vote, and wouldn't vote if they could"? JOHN VERNON GREEN.

New York, April 2, 1908.

EXHIBIT OF MINIATURES.

A Loan Exhibition at the Hotel Gotham —Much Creditable Work Shown.

A loan exhibition of miniatures and medallions was on show Wednesday and yesterday in the ballroom of the Hotel Gotham. The exhibition covers a wide range, and many of the works shown are both facile and serious. A curiosity of the collection is a silhouette of Whistler's maternal grandfather, executed in hair and framed in a braided hair frame of archaic type.

Nothing so naive is found in the cases of modern work, but the amount of characterization in the little stiff head challenges comparison with many a later portrait. It is placed in the case with a number of miniatures by Miss Laura Coombs Hills, who recently has held exhibitions here and in Boston. Her "portrait of Miss Dreier" is simple in modeling, with a nice treatment of the hair and background.

Miss Alice Beckingham practices a painter-like technique, and shows a color sense of remarkable subtlety. Her "Study in Blues and Green" is a reserved harmony of strong personal quality, rather low in tone without the glittering gayety of color commonly found in miniature painting. In the oblong "Child's Portrait" also, low tone is kept without sacrifice of the freshness and transparency of a child's flesh. A sketch of Bliss Carman, besides being an excellent likeness, has a spontaneity of effect due to the long, loose strokes of the fine brush that makes one wish an ivory could oftener be handled in a large style despite the traditions and conventions of the medium.

Mrs. Fuller contributes among other things an exquisite drawing of a child, a straight little figure in a long white gown, holding a doll, and seen against a dull-blue wall; in the rugs and in a print on the wall are dim tones of pink and blue. The erect pose of the child's figure, the complete unconsciousness of the expression, the gentle, adequate modeling of the shadowed side of the face and the delightful color combine in an unusual and charming effect.

Miss Martha Wheeler Baxter has a portrait of a baby lying against a pillow; only the head is fully treated, and the drawing of the indeterminate features is admirable, especially in the eyes. Mrs. Kendall shows several pictures of children with outdoor backgrounds, without great distinction of color, but good in composition and drawing.

Mr. W. J. Baer shows a number of skillfully handled subjects, many of them with outdoor backgrounds of tapestry effect that give a look of the eighteenth century print to the picture. Miss Elsie Southwick uses ivories of a rather large size and attempts "subject pictures" such as an old Dutchwoman cleaning pans.

Miss C. F. Howard has a group of lovely children painted with an instinct for vitality and expression, and a fine little study called "The Lace Cap," in which breadth and delicacy are combined. Each of Miss Ursula Whitlock's contributions has merit, but the best of them is a portrait of Mrs. J. F. Richards, in which a certain intimacy of rendering lends an especial charm to a particularly rewarding subject. Miss Alice Searle's portrait of Mrs. McKelway preserves the character of the subject both in pose and feature. The texture of the hair is beautifully rendered and the lighting is broad and simple.

Miss Mabel R. Welch has copied from the Old Masters, and shows a Romney in which the style and technique of the original are brilliantly interpreted and a Rembrandt that is hardly less successful.

Other exhibitors are Mr. Thomas R. Manley, Mrs. Leslie Bush-Brown, Miss Margaretta Archambault, Miss Ellen Wetherald Ahrens, Mrs. Brewer, Mrs. Rhoda Holmes Nicholls, Miss Elsie W. Southwick, and Mlle. Leinque.

OUR NEW PERIL.

A Death-Dealing Policy Meditated Against a Populous City.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

We are fond of enlarging upon the tremendous advance made by the race since the period when the clan or tribe was the unit of society, and every individual outside it was held to be an enemy, fit only to be killed, or, at the least, despoiled of his possessions as opportunity offered. We have, to be sure, got out of the habit of lifting our less immediate neighbors' cattle, burning their barns, and putting to the sword such of them as might resent these attentions, but we are still worthy of our barbarian ancestors for all that, and could give them a few points in savagery on a larger scale than they contemplated.

We are all patriots, and would rush to arms to defend our country from invasion, and would be stirred to the highest pitch of indignation over an injury to a fellow-citizen by subjects of another power. Yet we contemplate with equanimity the spectacle of thousands of our own countrymen killed by our deliberate action—killed as certainly, and with about the same degree of responsibility on our part, as if one should order a company of soldiers to fire at random into a crowd of inoffensive citizens.

As a matter of fact, bacilli are more deadly than bullets, and such projects as those for the discharge of the raw sewage of the Bronx and the Passaic Valleys into the waters of the Hudson River and New York Bay are really more serious assaults upon the lives of the citizens of New York than would be an armed invasion of the metropolis by the inhabitants of Westchester and New Jersey. The conflict of arms would soon be over, but if the plans which these two regions are actively promoting are brought to fulfillment the loss of life and the injury to the health of the community will be continuous.

Nothing can excuse the selfish disregard for the life and property of others displayed by the promoters of these schemes, for it is not a question of the health of these suburban communities as against that of New York. They must dispose of their sewage, of course, but sanitary science has discovered other means of so doing than the dumping of it, with all its disease-breeding filth in solution, into the waters surrounding a populous city. If argument is powerless to restrain our neighbors from carrying out their murderous purposes, let the strong arm of the law be invoked.

MANHATTAN.

New York, March 31, 1908.

SOME RHYMES OF THE TIMES.

'Twixt Bryan and Taft.

"Say, where do you stand?" says Bill Bryan to Taft.
"Come, put yourself up for inspection."
"I stand," says Bill Taft—and he inwardly laughed—
"A pretty good chance of Election."

The Political Mother-Goose.

There was a man in Washington
Who was so wondrous wise
He jumped into a Message bush
And used up all his "I's."

And when he saw his "I's" were out
With all his energies
He jumped into another bush
And cornered all the "Me's."

Explained.

Why Kaiser Bill
Frowned down on Hill
Is easy to determine.
He heard from France
Hill could not dance,
So couldn't lead the German.

Accentuation.

They say that Taft's a Trojan Horse,
His insides full of Greeks;
You would not guess the truth, of course,
To listen when he speaks.

But take that figure he doth sport,
So wondrously convex—
It surely does suggest a sort
Of inward circumflex.

WILBERFORCE JENKINS.

PICTURES OF MERIT BY WOMEN ARTISTS

Canvases at Their 17th Annual Exhibition Show a Marked Advance Over Past Years.

BARBARIC TREND IN JEWELRY

Tendency In Hand-Made Work Seen at Spring Display of the National Society of Craftsmen.

The Woman's Art Club of New York is now holding its seventeenth annual exhibition at the Bauer-Folsom Galleries at 396 Fifth Avenue. A number of the canvases shown have merit much beyond the ordinary, and the exhibition as a whole shows a marked advance over those of previous years.

A "Study of Child and Young Girl," by Caroline T. Locke, is one of the more notable pictures of figure subjects. It is a pastel executed in a straightforward and dignified manner without any approach to the crumbly prettiness to which pastel is apt to degenerate in modern hands, rather statuesque in composition and blunt in modeling, with a low-toned color scheme that is both decorative and restful, though without the quality of realism.

"Mother and Babe," by M. Jean McLean Johanson, is a boldly simplified rendering of the structure of the subject in a dusky brown that is almost monochrome against a pale green, which does not suggest atmosphere, but makes an admirable harmony of tone.

"Valence," by Marion Powers, a Murillolike study of a little girl, with oranges, shows the child broadly smiling, the oranges pouring like a yellow flame over the bottom of her straw basket, bare feet and legs drawn and modeled with knowledge and precision. The whole canvas is a triumph of sincere workmanship.

"Madame," by M. Nelson, in which the texture of the diaphanous gown is closely observed and carefully rendered, and "The Late Breakfast," by Mary Wondervoer, in which a rather murky tonality is balanced by a direct and spontaneous presentation of the child's figure, are also worthy of serious consideration.

Among the landscapes are several with strong claims to consideration. "In France," by Adelaide Deming, which wins the Ruth Payne Burgess Prize, a straight road between straight lines of trees and a dappled gray sky full of atmosphere and good drawing; "Street in Bellagio" and "New Street, Chargford," by Florence Frances Snell, quiet and tender in shadow tones and brilliant in illumination where the sun strikes the pale walls of the houses, showing also a strong feeling for the value of broad plain surfaces such as Whistler used in his "Street at Saverne," and "Looking Seaward," a rather empty composition that nevertheless won the Mary B. Elling Prize for the best painting in any medium.

The water colors and miniatures are of only average merit, with the exception of two portrait heads by Isabel Le Boutillier, which are large in style and dignified in statement, and have moreover a charm of tone and color seldom found in the miniature of the present day. The exhibition closes on April 15.

The Craftsmen's Spring Exhibit.

The National Society of Craftsmen, now holding its Spring exhibition in its rooms at the National Arts Club, 119 East Nineteenth Street, offers a variety of interesting products for examination. There are some pieces of silver, bowls, porringers, candlesticks, and small serving dishes, that are beautiful with the soft finish of handwrought metal where the mark of the tool has not been entirely obliterated. The famous dictum that true art removes all traces of the labor of execution does not wholly apply to metal work.

Some of the late exhibitions have shown pieces smoothed to almost the evenness of machine-made ware, and have thus lost the charm attaching to the various reflections from the uneven surface—an element of beauty that may fairly be compared with the scintillating brushwork of the "Pointilliste" school in painting.

In the silver spoons shown by the National Society there is still a tendency to sacrifice utility to grace in the too slender shaft. The old Queen Anne rat-tail spoons were made narrow in the shaft, but with a substantial thickness that has kept them firm under the usage of many years.

The barbaric note in the hand-made jewelry of the present day is in harmony with the growing tendency toward the use of full hues and more or less barbaric combinations of color in dress. Bags of all degrees of service ability are seen, even to those of embroidered white satin, but the designs are singularly limited and seldom distinguished. No one familiar with the Flemish and German pictures of the fifteenth and sixteenth centuries can fail to have noted the beautiful shapes and proportions of the side bags or purses worn by both men and women, but their influence has not been felt among the bag makers of to-day.

Mirror and picture frames are shown in excellent examples, with ornament in low relief and simple design where we have been accustomed to exaggerated and florid decoration, and the wood work in more ambitious pieces carries on the impression of excellence.

The pottery, representing as it does some of the best and best-known work of the country, is interesting both for its intrinsic beauty and as an instance of one craft which successfully has decorated the public and created a demand that bids fair to be permanent. Of most of the crafts this unfortunately is hardly true, but each year that such societies as the National Society of Craftsmen live and hold their own makes more assured the general acceptance of the principles for which they stand.

ART MUSEUM ACQUISITIONS.

Life-Size Bust of Pope Innocent I.—London's History on Seals.

The Metropolitan Museum of Art made its monthly announcement of Museum news yesterday. An important feature of this was the decision to continue the Saint-Gaudens exhibition through the month of April. The March record shows the largest number of visitors yet—104,266. Many of these came expressly to see the work of the sculptor, a large number being from out of town.

A painting by Lucas Cranach, Elder, "Portrait of a Man," is one of the interesting exhibits in the recent accessions rooms. A life-size bust of Innocent I., attributed to Alessandro Algardi, one of the best Italian sculptors of the seventeenth century, is one of three made by the same artist, one being owned by J. Pierpont Morgan, while another is at Kensington Gardens. Algardi in 1640 made a colossal relief in marble representing the "Expulsion of Attila by St. Leo," which was placed above the high altar of St. Peter's at Rome, and is said to be the largest relief in the world.

Beautiful doors from the Palace of Ispahan, the Palace of Forty Columns, (1587-1628,) in the reign of Shah Abbas, Sir Purdon Clarke considers one of the most fortunate acquisitions of the Museum. These doors have received the same decorative treatment given the lacquered book bindings of Persia: there is a gold ground over which are the colors. Garden scenes with figures form the design, the feasting having a spiritual and allegorical meaning. The foundation of the doors is the wood of the country, beech, very hard, and well able to stand the American climate.

From the City of London the museum has received a set of thirty seals struck by the Corporation, and furnishing a history of London, through great events recorded and also in the development of the art which they represent. The first medal commemorates the opening of London Bridge in 1831, and they range from this to the coronation visit of King Edward VII. and Queen Alexandra in 1902.

There are interesting Moorish tiles of the fifteenth century, and ancient American iron work shows beautiful stirrups from Mexico, seventeenth century. Gothic in design, immense things used also for fighting by the riders.

Two portraits by Romney and Sir Joshua Reynolds are already hung on the second floor. "Mrs. St. George and Son" is by Romney, and the "Portrait of the Misses Paine," by Sir Joshua, both loaned by Thatcher Adams. A "Girl Writing," by Vermeer of Delft, is loaned by J. Pierpont Morgan. These are a few of many interesting acquisitions.

CAPITAL SOCIETY IN LIVING PICTURES

Old and Modern Masters Reproduced for Red Cross Camp.

BEFORE NOTABLE AUDIENCE

It Filled the Belasco Theatre—Many of the Members of the Diplomatic Corps Took Part.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—Miss Mabel Boardman and Miss Gwynn scored an artistic and social triumph to-day when the most distinguished audience of the Spring season filled the Belasco Theatre and applauded the living pictures of old and modern masters as represented by leading members of Washington society.

The object of the charity was the Diet Kitchen and Red Cross Camp, Miss Boardman having an international reputation for her work in aid of the Red Cross. The Marine Band took the place of the regular orchestra.

The programme included reproductions of Angelicia Kaufmann's "Duchess of Devonshire," with Miss Emily Bacon as the subject. Miss Isabel May posed as Sargent's "Carmencita"; Mrs. Bourke Cockran, with the son of the Viscountess Henri de Sibour and daughter of Col. Charles Bromwell were "Lady Bella Delme and Children," by Sir Joshua Reynolds; the Baroness Moncheur posed as "Lady Hamilton as Circe"; Mrs. Parsons and Mr. Frank Ellis as "The Question," by Alma Tadema; Romney's "The Stafford Children" was reproduced by Miss Cecelia May, Miss Margaret Perin, Francis Hoar, and Dorothy Fremont Smith; Sir Joshua Reynolds's "The Graces" by Mrs. Jack Story, Mrs. Fleming Newbold, and Miss Marion Oliver; E. D. Nullet's "Between Two Fires" was represented by William Phillip, Miss Julia Meyer, and Miss Schenck.

The closing picture, "America and Her Colonies," had Miss Marjorie Ide as America, with the colonies in white and green draperies suggestive of the tropics, Miss Nabuco, daughter of the Brazilian Ambassador; Miss Alice Meyer, and Miss Frederica Morgan.

MISS GLADYS KISSEL A BRIDE.

Married to James Ely Miller Yesterday in Church of Incarnation.

Miss Gladys Godfrey Kissel, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Rudolph H. Kissel, and James Ely Miller, son of Mrs. Charles A. Miller, were married in the Church of the Incarnation, Madison Avenue and Thirty-fifth Street, yesterday afternoon. The Rev. Dr. William M. Grosvenor, the rector of the church, and the Rev. Henry Mottet of the Church of the Holy Communion officiated jointly.

The bride was given in marriage by her father. She wore a white satin princess gown, and her point lace shawl veil was held by a diadem of orange blossoms. She carried valley lilies. Her sister, Miss Ina Kissel, was her maid of honor, and the bridesmaids were the Misses Dorothy and Eleanora Kissel, respectively cousin and sister of the bride; Miss Ellen H. Rogers, and Miss Elsie Nicoll.

Charles D. Miller, brother of the bridegroom, was best man, and the ushers were Messrs. Anson W. Hard, Jr., Theodore P. Dixon, J. Harry Alexandre, Jr., Ogden Mills Reid, and Francis H. Kinnicutt.

The church was decorated with palms and lilies, and at the ends of the pews clusters of Easter lilies were tied.

Later a reception was held at the Kissel home, 10 West Fifty-first Street, to which relatives and intimate friends only were invited. The house was decorated with Spring flowers and Southern smilax.

Mr. and Mrs. Miller will spend the early Spring and Summer in Morristown, N. J. The bride is a granddaughter of Mrs. David Pierce Morgan.

SPRING WEDDINGS.

Miss Spencer and Charles S. Virgil of Shanghai to be Married To-morrow

The wedding of Miss Theodora Spencer, daughter of Mrs. George H. Patchen, and Charles Stone Virgil of Shanghai, China, will be celebrated to-morrow at 207 West Eighty-fifth Street.

Miss Kay Spencer will be the bride's only attendant, and John Brady will be best man.

Mr. and Mrs. Virgil will leave New York on Tuesday for Seattle, and will sail from that port on April 14 for Shanghai.

The wedding of William Cunningham of this city and Miss Marian S. Ralston of Cadillac, Mich., will take place on April 22, at the Broadway Tabernacle.

The marriage of Miss Marie S. Eddy and Lieut. Lajos Kada, of the Hungarian Army, will take place on April 9, at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Titus Eddy. The pair will go to Vienna.

FRIEDMAN—BELAIS.

R. Moses Friedman of this city and Miss Selena Belais, daughter of Henry Belais, were married last night in the Spanish-Portuguese Church, Central Park West and Seventieth Street. The Rev. Dr. Mendes, assisted by Dr. David de Sola Pool, officiated.

Miss Grace Friedman was the maid of honor, and Dorothy Belais the flower girl. Ahren Friedman was the best man, and the ushers were Milton Krieger, Abram Krieger, Arnold Belais, and Raymond Mendes.

HOFFMAN—MULLEN.

Thomas Egbert Hoffman, a son of Mrs. Sigler Hoffman, and Miss Harriet E. Mullen, daughter of William Mullen of Binghamton, N. Y., were married yesterday afternoon in the chantry of Grace Church. The Rev. Karl Reiland officiated.

The bride was given in marriage by her father. She had no attendants. W. Egbert Thomas, a cousin of the bridegroom, was best man. Mr. and Mrs. Hoffman will live in Newark, N. J.

MORGAN—ELLIOT.

Miss Edith Valentine Elliot, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas E. Elliot of Orange, N. J., was married last night at the home of her parents to Hugh Thomson Morgan of East Orange. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Howard H. Brown. Mr. and Mrs. Morgan will tour England, Scotland, and France, after which they will live in Orange.

ISAACS—HENDRICKS.

The wedding of Clarence Isaacs and Miss Alma Hendricks, daughter of Mrs. Henry Harmon Hendricks, took place at 4 o'clock yesterday at the home of the bride, 257 West Ninety-first Street. The Rev. Dr. Mendes officiated.

The bride, given in marriage by her brother, Brandon Hendricks, wore a white satin gown and carried valley lilies and gardenias. Miss Edna Isaacs was the maid of honor, and Eugene Isaacs, the bridegroom's brother, was best man. The ushers were Ernest Isaacs, James Florance, D. Henry Cardozo, Jr., and Nathan Rosenbaum.

ENGAGEMENTS.

Betrothals of Miss Alice Crary and Miss Ella Carter.

The Rev. Dr. Robert Fulton Crary and Mrs. Crary announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Alice Crary, to Arthur Taylor Sutcliffe of New York.

Mr. Sutcliffe is an architect. He was graduated from the Drexel Institute School of Architecture and also studied at the Beaux Arts, Paris.

The wedding will take place on April 30 at the home of the bride's parents, the historic Teller homestead at Matteawan, N. Y. Bishop David H. Greer, assisted by the Rev. George H. Toop of St. Luke's Church, Matteawan, will officiate.

Miss Crary will wear a wedding gown which was worn by Cornelia de Peyster, her great-great-great-grandmother, when in 1712 she married Oliver Teller. The bridal pair will sail in May to Europe and afterward will live in New York.

Mrs. Henry Levis Carter of Philadelphia has announced the engagement of her daughter, Miss Ella Maud Carter, to Charles Alfred Seymour of this city. Miss Carter is a sister of Mrs. Alfred V. Leman and a cousin of Mrs. George Batcheller.

The wedding will take place in the first week of June at St. Mark's Church, Philadelphia.

VANDERBILT TO DEFEND SUIT.

Details of Wife's Complaint in Divorce Action Kept Secret.

The disappearance of the papers in the Alfred G. Vanderbilt divorce suit was explained yesterday morning at the County Clerk's office when one of the clerks announced that he had found them lying underneath a desk. After they had been compared and stamped with the "Filed" mark on Wednesday afternoon they were thrown on a desk and in some way slipped to the floor, where, according to the officials, they remained until found yesterday morning. It was emphatically denied that any attempt had been made to keep the filing of the suit a secret.

There are four papers, and, although there is no mention in either of them as to the nature of the suit, the fact that a referee is appointed makes it certain it is one for divorce.

The papers are: Justice O'Gorman's order appointing David McClure referee, an affidavit of Henry B. Anderson of counsel for Mr. Vanderbilt, giving notice of his client's intention to defend the suit; an affidavit of Joseph W. Welsh, a process server, who swears he personally served Mr. Vanderbilt with a copy of the summons and complaint on the afternoon of March 26 at the Grand Central Station, and a stipulation of counsel on both sides agreeing to a referee.

The lawyers on both sides refused to disclose the particulars of the complaint. It is expected that Mr. McClure will soon begin the hearing of testimony. Mr. Vanderbilt's absence abroad will not interfere in this respect, as his interests will be guarded by his counsel.

Mrs. Fish Entertains for the Bryces.

Mr. and Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish gave a dinner last night in honor of Ambassador Bryce and Mrs. Bryce at the Fish residence. Other guests were Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Alexander, Mr. and Mrs. Peter Cooper Hewitt, Mr. and Mrs. H. Le Roy Emmet, Mr. and Mrs. James R. Soley, Mr. and Mrs. J. Stewart Barney, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Z. Gray, the Marquis and Marchioness of Headfort, Mrs. Sydney Smith, Mrs. Nathalie Schenck Collins, Mrs. William Post, the Misses Janet Fish, Rosamond Street, Gwendolyn Burden, and Margery Curtis, and Messrs. Moncure Robinson, Joseph Grace, Lawrence Gillespie, Bradish Johnson, Stuyvesant Fish, Jr., P. F. Collier, and others.

Garden Sale in Aid of Hartley House.

The Anti-Basement Circle will have a garden sale for the benefit of Hartley House on Wednesday, April 15, from 11 till 6 o'clock, at the home of Mrs. W. V. S. Thorne, 4 East Seventy-second Street. Mrs. John Henry Hammond is President of the circle, and Mrs. Charles A. Van Rensselaer is Chairman of the Entertainment Committee.

Social Notes.

Mrs. James Francis Sullivan of Philadelphia is in town visiting her sisters Mrs. Oscar Livingston and Mrs. Charles Emory Smith.

The Paderewski benefit for the Music School Settlement will be given on April 9 at the Plaza. Miss F. V. Doane has charge of the reserved seats and boxes.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Roelker, Jr., will close their house, 35 Garden Place, Brooklyn, and spend May and June at Garden City.

A sale of Summer frocks, blouses, embroideries, and novelties will be held on Monday at 41 East Seventy-eighth Street, the object being to create a market for the work of poor Catholic women.

The Rev. William O'Brien Pardow, S. J., will lecture on Palm Sunday, at 4 o'clock, at 41 East Seventy-eighth Street, the house of the Daughters of Faith, on "The Santification of Society Through Christian Marriage."

Miss Farrar and Enrico Caruso will sing at the concert to be given at the Waldorf-Astoria this afternoon for the benefit of the Ladies' Auxiliary Lying-in Hospital.

Mr. and Mrs. Percival Roberts of Philadelphia and Mr. and Mrs. John G. Elliott of Tuxedo, who returned to town yesterday, are at the St. Regis.

Capt. Percy Hicks and Mrs. Hicks, who have been at the St. Regis, will sail for Europe Saturday on the Carmania.

Racine's "Esther" will be given by the pupils of the Le Baron Drumm School at Carnegie Lyceum to-morrow night.

NEW DANCER FOR GENEE.

Madeline Anderton, an American Girl, Takes Place of Injured Coryphee.

Madeline Anderton, who is a member of the company playing "The Soul Kiss" at the New York Theatre, last night distinguished herself as the first American girl who has ever appeared in a dance with Adeline Genee. Miss Anderton got the opportunity through an accident which took place on Wednesday evening to one of Mlle. Genee's regular nine coryphees, Miss Naish.

This accident came at the end of the "Gold Ballet" in the first act. As Miss Naish left the stage she struck her head against a piece of scenery and cut a gash so severe that several stitches had to be taken in it. She could not finish the performance, and yesterday was not able to appear.

Mlle. Genee selected Miss Anderton from the girls in the company, because she had some knowledge of regular ballet dancing, and yesterday afternoon conducted a dancing rehearsal at the theatre for her special benefit. At the performance last night Miss Anderton seemed to be as capable as any of the English dancers.

COHANS IN NEW PLAY.

"The Yankee Prince" Marks Reunion of the Family.

Special to The New York Times.

HARTFORD, Conn., April 2.—George M. Cohan's latest musical play, "The Yankee Prince," with the author in the title part, and his sister, Miss Josephine Cohan, who has returned to the legitimate stage after three years' absence in vaudeville, had its initial presentation at Parsons's Theatre to-night.

To-night's event celebrated the twelfth anniversary of the theatre, and attracted one of the largest and most fashionable audiences gathered in years, including Gov. Woodruff of Connecticut and his staff, and the Mayor of Hartford. The play made a hit.

A large delegation of New Yorkers came here by special train to witness the opening.

NEW THEATRE MEN DINE.

Otto H. Kahn Has Granville Barker as Guest of Honor.

Otto H. Kahn last night entertained his associate founders of the New Theatre at a dinner given in his home, in East Sixty-eighth Street, with Granville Barker and William Archer, the English critic, as guests of honor. Practically all the founders of the New Theatre were present to meet Mr. Barker, who has been discussed as a possible director for the institution.

Mr. Kahn said after the dinner that the affair was purely personal and had no significance with regard to the New Theatre appointment. He added that it was doubtful whether the founders would have anything to say before Mr. Barker's return to Europe next week.

Brady to Give a New American Play.

William A. Brady and Joseph Grismer will produce for the first time at the Tremont Theatre, Boston, next Thursday afternoon an American play written by Thompson Buchanan, entitled "The Intruder." Mr. Buchanan is a New York newspaper man, and his play treats with the marriage and divorce question from a modern viewpoint. This initial special presentation will be made by the members of the company now playing "The Man of the Hour" at the Tremont Theatre.

THE OLIVE MEAD QUARTET.

A New String Trio Serenade by Dohnanyi Played at the Last Concert.

The Olive Mead Quartet gave its last concert of the season last evening in Mendelssohn Hall, playing Haydn's quartet in D minor, a new serenade by Dohnanyi for violin, viola, and violoncello, and Grieg's G minor quaret. There was an audience of not very large numbers that heard some very good ensemble playing; for Miss Mead and her associates zealously kept up the high standard they have set for themselves, and their performances are almost always euphonious, well balanced, and governed by a fine musical intelligence. Such was the case with last evening.

The new piece on the programme, Dohnanyi's trio, will not gain a place for itself as an epoch-making work; in fact the composer has indicated a not too ambitious rank for it by calling it a "serenade." It is in four movements—a march, a romance with an obstinate pizzicato accompaniment for a viola melody, a quaintly amusing scherzo and a rondo. The young Hungarian pianist composer has not disburdened himself in this work of many significant melodies, and there are sketches of dryness in most of the four movements when he is going through the motions of making music rather than making it. He has shown ingenuity and skill in his treatment of the three instruments; the scherzo is not without gayety and light spirit, and the final rondo has a nearer approach to a spontaneous melodic prompting than most of the others. It was an agreeable work to hear in the excellent performance given of it by Miss Mead, Miss Reynolds, and Miss Littlehales.

NOVELTY BY MISS FARRAR.

She Presents a New Bit of Acting as Violetta in "La Traviata."

To Geraldine Farrar innovations in opera are the spice of life. She recently had "La Traviata" entirely recostumed, and that was an innovation which had long been hoped for at the Metropolitan Opera House.

Since her first appearance here as Violetta she has changed details of her action, and last night the novelty was her appearance on the stage at the rise of the curtain. Instead of strolling in on a gentleman's arm a few bars after the overture, as most Violettas do, Miss Farrar was discovered seated at the front of the stage, with her back to the audience. She rose to greet Flora Bervoise at the proper time. Of Miss Farrar's singing last evening pleasanter things can be said for her third act than for her first.

The cast included Miss Jacoby, Mr. Caruso, and Mr. Stracciari, who is a most unconvincing Giorgio. Mr. Ferrari conducted. The audience was a large one.

CARUSO STAR AT BENEFIT.

Metropolitan Tenor to Sing at Concert for the Lying-In Hospital.

Both Caruso and Miss Farrar will sing this afternoon at a concert in aid of the Lying-in Hospital, and despite the heavy expenses, the women in charge of the entertainment expect to clear about $6,000. The receipts will probably exceed $10,000, owing to the drawing powers of Caruso, who will receive for his two solos and one duet $2,500. Miss Farrar will receive as her fee $1,000.

Most of the programme will consist of music from Puccini's "Madama Butterfly," including the love duet from the first act. Mrs. Louis Lee Stanton, Mrs. Charles Steele, Mrs. Foxhall Keene, and many other women of prominence form a Board of Managers, and the boxes will be occupied by leaders of society now in town.

Metropolitan Opera Directors to Meet.

The Board of Directors of the Metropolitan Opera Company will hold their annual meeting, which has been twice postponed, to-day at the Opera House. Mr. Gatti-Casazza, the new Director, is expected to arrive in New York on April 25.

MUSIC AND MUSICIANS.

Domenico Russo has been engaged as leading tenor for the Italian Opera Company which will sing at the Academy of Music the week of April 13. Mr. Russo sang for two seasons at the Tivoli Opera House in San Francisco.

Jan Kubelik will play with Walter Damrosch and the New York Symphony Orchestra at the Hippodrome on Sunday evening, April 12.

Col. Cody Has Only a Slight Cold.

Major Burke received yesterday morning from Chicago a telegram from Col. Cody (Buffalo Bill) informing him that there was no need to worry about his reported illness. The telegram reads: "Only suffering from slight cold. Took a day's rest. Shall be in New York on April 5."

FRIARS MAKE MERRY WITH LEE SHUBERT

They Give Him a Dinner at the Hotel Astor and Jesters Have Fun with Him.

HIS "DATE BOOK" A WONDER

Speeches Made by Augustus Thomas, Otis Skinner, Frank Keenan, and Harrison Grey Fiske.

The Friars gave a dinner last night at the Hotel Astor to Lee Shubert, the theatrical manager. He was the target for no end of good-natured jokes, but he took them in the best of spirit. Nearly 400 persons sat down to dinner at 11 o'clock, and the festivities lasted until cock-crow.

The sensation of the event was the appearance of the two clowns from the Hippodrome, Marceline and Holland. They came into the room driving a pony and riding sedately in a miniature dog-cart. Then they made the round of the tables.

The most conspicuous joke perpetrated on Mr. Shubert took the form of an immense "date book," which was suspended over his head. When the Friar Governor, Toxen Worm, in his capacity of "agent," was introducing the guest of honor and referring to the many Shubert successes, he tore off the leaves of this "date book" one by one. However, each leaf bore in flaring letters not the name of a Shubert success, but of some unhappy Shubert failure, with comments into the bargain.

Among the speakers were Otis Skinner, Frank Keenan, Fred Ward, Harrison Grey Fiske, Walter Eaton, Augustus Thomas, James K. Hackett, and Wells Hawks, the Friar Abbot, who acted as toastmaster. An orchestra of twenty-four pieces under the direction of Manuel Klein rendered selections during the evening, and the Friars Quartet sang the Friars' Song.

In introducing Mr. Shubert, Mr. Worm referred to the days when this youngest of the managers was struggling for a start in Syracuse, his arrival in New York, and the formation of the firm of Sam S. and Lee Shubert. He showed how the old war between Abraham Lincoln Erlanger and Lee Shubert had come to an end through their joint interests in "advanced vaudeville."

Mr. Shubert's address was brief and simple. He said in part:

"I believe it is the habit of men who are not accustomed to speaking to begin their remarks with an apology. I have none. I can simply say that you have overpowered me with the friendliness and cordiality of this dinner. To you as Friars it is one of your regular dinners. To me it is an event.

"It is a great opportunity for a manager to talk to a body of press representatives and agents. He usually talks to one at a time by wire, if he can locate them. But to-night I want to tell you, all together, with how much interest I have watched the growth and successful conduct of your organization. Nearly every man associated with me is a Friar. I am proud of the Friars, and I trust that you may some day make me one."

LIEDERKRANZ "FAUST" NIGHT.

Goethe Festival and Concert for Schurz Memorial Fund.

During most of the concerts at Carnegie Hall of late it has been the custom to place a bust of some composer in the centre of the stage. Last evening at at the Goethe festival, given by the German Liederkranz, a bust of Goethe supplanted the usual one of a musician.

The concert was given in honor of the hundredth anniversary of "Faust," and the audience was a large one. The programme grouped itself around an address in German by Prof. Julius Goebel of Harvard University.

The Philharmonic Orchestra under Wassily Safonoff played Wagner's "Eine Faust Overture," "The Dance of the Sylphs," and "The Hungarian March" from Berlioz's "La Damnation de Faust."

The Liederkranz Chorus sang the finale of "Die Meistersinger" with a volume and spirit which would have made a subscriber of the Metropolitan Opera House gasp with astonishment that such things could be.

The chorus also sang Mendelssohn's "Die Erste Walpurgisnacht," in which the soloists were Mrs. Paula Woehning and Messrs. Reed-Miller and Otto Goritz.

A male chorus sang a setting by Veit of "The King of Thule," and Mme. Leffler-Burckard sang songs by Mendelssohn and Schubert.

The net proceeds of the concert are to be devoted to the Carl Schurz Memorial Fund.

A BENEFIT FOR FIREMEN.

Big Vaudeville Bill at the Academy of Music on Sunday.

A notable programme has been prepared for the benefit on Sunday night at the Academy of Music for the Firemen's Memorial Fund. Bonita of the "Wine, Woman, and Song" company will appear, assisted by her entire company. Others who will appear are Mlle. Dazie, who will execute several of her best dances, Alice Lloyd Harrison and Bernard, Kolb and Dill, Rock and Fulton, Maud Lambert, Billy Clifford, Fred Niblo, Bert Leslie and company, and Vinie Daly. George Cohan's song, "The Boys Who Fight the Flames," will be sung.

The Firemen's Memorial Fund now amounts to $23,851. Latest subscriptions include the following: Charles Pfizer & Co., $100; Clarence Whitman & Co., $25; George L. Jewets, $10; Regensburg's stores, $4.75; trained nurses of 222 West Fifty-eighth Street, $20; American Bank Note Company, $25; Mrs. C. Vanderbilt Cross, $5; P. F. Collier, $25.

Faversham Buys Rights to "Herod."

William Faversham yesterday bought outright from Stephen Phillips the American rights to his play, "Herod." As already announced, "Herod" will be the third of Mr. Faversham's productions at Daly's Theatre next season under the management of Felix Iaman. Mr. Faversham will offer the play here with the production made by Beerbohm Tree in London.

London Manager Coming Here.

LONDON, April 2.—Gaston Mayer, the theatrical manager, will sail from London for New York on April 11. He is going there to see the production of "Paid in Full," the new play by Eugene Walter, now at the Astor Theatre under the management of Wagenhals & Kemper. Mr. Mayer and Wagenhals & Kemper will both be interested in the London production of the piece, which will be at the Adelphi Theatre some time in September.

An Appeal of Facts

Will you help the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor to relieve the widespread, acute and increasing suffering shown by its work since the beginning of 1908?

Families Being Aided

January 1	2,475
February 1	2,949
March 1	3,452
April 1	4,066

These figures mean for many thousands no work to be had, savings gone, health impaired by want and despair, homes broken up.

Prompt and generous aid can relieve present suffering of women and children and prevent demoralization that years cannot undo.

Gifts large and small may be sent to R. S. Minturn, Treas., room 210, No. 105 East 22d St., New York.

R. FULTON CUTTING, Pres.

REMARKABLE PICTURES.

In Color and Half-Tone Will Distinguish Next Sunday's Times.

Superb reproductions of six splendid paintings will be included in the Easter number of THE TIMES, which is to be issued next Sunday. These paintings are interesting in every instance, and their presentation will be found by the readers of THE TIMES to be fully worthy of the originals. They are: "Angel with Lily," by Dolci; "The Guardian Angel," by Tessier; "Good Friends," by Wagner; "Russian Wedding Feast," by Makoffski; "A Song of Springtime," by Deyrolle, and "A Lesson at Trouville," by Jobert.

Five of these paintings will be reproduced in colors or half tone in full-page form, suitable for framing. The sixth, "Russian Wedding Feast," will occupy the full surfaces of two of THE TIMES's pages. This painting has been long known, with thousands of admirers in both America and Europe. It will be reproduced in THE TIMES next Sunday in harmonious colors and in the highest form of the art of modern printing. No newspaper has ever placed a finer picture in the hands of its readers.

Another feature of THE TIMES's Easter number that may be mentioned is the section of eight pages that will include a complete pictorial display of the fashions for women during the coming Spring and Summer seasons. These pictures have been selected for this paper with great care by leading modistes and milliners of Paris and New York. Altogether these pages form a series that is decidedly uncommon. Many varieties of gowns for morning, afternoon, and evening wear will be shown on them, and there will be two full pages of hats—wonderful creations that overshadow all that has gone before.

Like the section containing the paintings which have been mentioned briefly above, the section containing these pictures will be printed on super-calendered paper and every detail of both gowns and hats will be perfectly retained and satisfactorily brought out. This fashion section will be found by all the women readers of THE TIMES to be full of entertainment and information—of a value hitherto unapproached by any publication of this character. The pictures presented in the pages of this section were posed especially for THE TIMES in Paris and New York, and in addition to the splendid portrayal of fashions that resulted, they afford a most interesting study of the models of the two cities, an unusual opportunity of comparing the faces and the figures of attractive young women of the Old World and the New. An equal number of pages will be given to each.

Orders for THE SUNDAY TIMES should always be given to newsdealers as early in the week as possible. The edition is always sold out very early. The Easter number, with the two special sections mentioned above, is certain to be in great demand, and in order to facilitate the work of the newsdealers as well as to insure the receipt of the paper readers of THE TIMES are once more requested to place their orders to-day.

MANY AT THE BRANDUS SALE.

John L. Briggs Pays $3,000 for "Lady Hamilton" by Romney.

The second evening of the Edward Brandus sale at the Fifth Avenue Art Galleries brought $33,570, with a total for the two evenings of $65,867. Of the higher prices "Lady Hamilton," by George Romney, went to John L. Briggs for $3,000; Louis Ralston paid $1,450 for Blommer's "Maternal Love"; R. Gimpel bought Van Dyke's "La Femme au Collier de Parles" for $2,200. Cesare Detti's "Troubadour" brought $1,375, going to G. C. Muir; George Arrojo paid $2,850 for Cattle," by Van Marcke.

The following are the names of the artists, pictures, buyers, and prices in order:

G. Haquette, Old Dieppe Fisherwoman, to E. Zanel	$50
Antonio Torres, Carmen, to L. L. Brinckmeier	205
Antonio Torres, The Belle of Tarragona, to Samuel Mundheim	330
Antonio Torres, Sweet Airs	200
C. Springer, Harbor on the Zuider Zee, to H. D. Babcock	115
Sir Godfrey Kneller, Lady Denham, to R. L. Winston	200
B. Van der Helst, Dutch Woman, to C. E. Latimer	210
Adrian Schulz, Autumn, to John Alley Parker	90
Adrian Schulz, Lake in the Forest, to H. B. Walker	120
Adrian Schulz, Forest of Fontainebleau, to Miss Holland	110
Sir William Beechey, R. A., Elizabeth, Countess of Winterton, to L. A. Lanthier	400
Frederic Ede, The River Loing, near Montigny, to J. A. Parker	180
Frederic Ede, Autumn, to H. B. Walker	140
Frederic Ede, River Scene, to W. H. Oscanyan	140
Francis Cotes, R. A., Portrait of Miss O'Hanlan, to H. D. Babcock	425
Martin De Vos, Paon et Syrenx, to L. A. Lanthier	110
Maima Vestier, Madame de Colande, to C. E. Latimer	800
J. Van Couwer, View at Rotterdam, to H. L. Evans	140
George Henry Harlow, R. A., Girl With Pet Collie, to John L. Briggs	525
J. Fernandez Ribera, The Anatomist, to G. F. Coster	375
Louis Tocque, Peter the Third of Russia, to L. A. Lanthier	425
Emile Van Marcke, Cattle, to George Arrojo	2,850
Robert Tournieres, Madame de Pompadour, to E. H. Archer	550
Louis Lagrenee, The Clemency of Coriolan, to F. W. Leavitt	500
Auguste Toulmouche, The Card Castle, to Felix Fourea	500
W. Thornley, Street at Dinan, to J. A. Parker	100
John Hoppner, Miss Adam, to J. Eldridge	1,550
Aime Perret, Proud Toiler of the Fields, to J. A. Parker	560
Aime Parret, Sunset in the Fields, to J. I. Jewett	725
Jean Paul Clay's Marine, to R. W. Cameron	700
Pierre Charles Comte, The Dancing Lesson, to Louis Katz	200
John Opie, Mrs. Clark, to Mrs. S. R. Sigimund	190
Pierre Mignard, Duchesse de Bourgogne, to Charles D. Hill	1,100
A. Roslin, Madame d'Azincourt, to Louis Katz	425
Albert Maignon, Ideal England, to J. I. Mitchell	425
Govaert Flinck, Portrait of a Man, to F. V. Peabody	610
Cesare Detti, A Troubadour, to G. C. Muir	1,375
Mignard Pierre, Portrait of Mlle. de Lavalliere, to J. A. Parker	140
Il. Sassofferato, Virgin and Child, to Louis Katz	975
Louis Lagrenee, Empress Elizabeth of Russia, to George F. Coster	1,800
L. Falero, Young Greek Girl, to J. A. Parker	165
Sir Peter Lely, Countess of Falmouth, to L. A. Lanthier	510
Francois Drouais, Marquis de Serilly, to Robert K. Hutton	925
Gaston Latouche, A Sunset at Bruges, Belgium; to E. O'Reilly, agent	475
Gaston Latouche, The Last Chapter; to Luis Calderon	800
George Romney, Lady Hamilton; to John L. Briggs	3,000
Bernardus Johannes Blommers, Maternal Love; to Louis Ralston	1,450
Pierre Mignard, Portrait of Madame la Presidente de Maison; to A. Andrews	150
Jules Goupil, The New Purchase; to L. Darila	350
Louis Tocque, Duchess de Montmorency; to S. Russell, agent	1,000
Frits Thaulow, Scene in Holland; to George F. Coster	1,350
Camille Felix Bellanger, Daphnis et Chloe; to P. Delaye	750
A. Van Dyck, La Femme au Collier de Perles; to R. Gimpel	2,200
Maurice Leloir, La Derniere Gerbe (The Last Sheaf;) to J. I. Jewett	750
Frederic Ede, Grazing, to F. A. Vanderlip	135
Frederic Ede, Summer, to J. A. Parker	165
Delpy, Sunset; to E. O'Reilly, agent	250

The sale will be concluded this evening.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Henry B. Harris will inaugurate the sixth season of the Hudson Theatre on Aug. 24 next with Robert Edeson in a new play.

At the annual benefit of the Actors' Society, to be held at the Hudson Theatre on April 21, Victor Moore and his wife will do the vaudeville act which first brought them into prominence. It is called "Change Your Act," or "Back to the Woods." On the same occasion Daniel Frohman will offer a new one-act drama by Henry Arthur Jones, entitled "The Goal."

To-night will be a Goethe festival performance of "Goetz von Berlichingen" at the German Theatre, with Ernst Sauermann for the first time in the title role.

Henry W. Savage's production of "The Merry Widow" will celebrate its 200th consecutive performance in New York at the New Amsterdam Theatre next Wednesday evening.

William De Mille left for Pittsburg last night to be present at special rehearsals of "The Royal Mounted," his new play in which Cyril Scott is to be seen at the Garrick Theatre on Monday evening.

THANKS FROM MR. CONRIED.

Open Letter to Operagoers Expressing Appreciation of Support.

Mr. Conried has caused the following open letter to be printed in the programmes of the Metropolitan Opera House, where it will appear to-day and to-morrow:

"To the Patrons of the Metropolitan Opera House:

"At the end of the last season of opera under my management at the Metropolitan Opera House I consider it a duty as well as a great pleasure to tender my most sincere thanks to the music-loving public of New York in general and to the subscribers of the Metropolitan Opera House in particular for their liberal support, and their appreciation of my efforts to raise the artistic standard of grand opera at the Metropolitan Opera House. The ever increasing subscription list has been a source of great satisfaction to me, inasmuch as it has proven the correctness of my judgment, that the patrons of the Metropolitan Opera House not only desire an ensemble of the most eminent artists, but also a mise en scène of a high artistic standard.

"Finding it impossible to reply to the very numerous expressions of good wishes which I receive daily I take these means to thank my friends and patrons, one and all, in the hope that they will keep me in kind remembrance. Very sincerely,

"HEINRICH CONRIED."

DR. WILBUR GILLETT DEAD.

Alienist Who Once Wrote Paper on His Own Temporary Aberration.

DETROIT, April 2.—Dr. Wilbur Gillett, a well-known alienist, died in St. Mary's Hospital yesterday as the result of brain trouble, the specific cause of death being a cerebral hemorrhage.

During the early part of his career Dr. Gillett was one of the examining physicians for the Probate Court, and during his term examined more than 1,000 cases. In May, 1905, the insanity expert became himself a victim of hallucinations and was removed for two months to a retreat.

On his discharge he gave to the newspapers an interesting analysis of his condition, drawing the conclusion from his own symptoms that most suicides are insane. He said he had fought a constant impulse to kill himself.

Funeral of Harmon Shroeder.

The funeral of Harmon Shroeder, who died on Teusday at his home, 322 St. Nicholas Avenue, will be held to-day at the Lutheran Church, 140th Street and Edgecombe Avenue. Mr. Shroeder was 88 years old. When a young man he opened a shop near the foot of Spring Street and commenced to refine sugar. This was the beginning of the industry in the United States, and from it grew the Sugar Trust. He retired from active business thirty years ago. He was one of the founders of the Lutheran Church in Sixth Street, so many of whose members perished in the Slocum disaster. His widow and two sons and two daughters survive. Dr. Henry M. Shroeder, one of the sons, married a daughter of Henry J. Raymond, who founded THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Benjamin C. Porter.

Benjamin C. Porter, the well-known portrait painter, died at his home, 22 West Eleventh Street, early yesterday morning. He had been in poor health for a year. He was born in Melrose, Mass., in 1843. He early developed an artistic tendency and became a pupil of Dr. Rimmer and A. H. Bicknell in Boston, where later he established a studio and took up portrait work. He opened a studio here in 1883. He was elected a member of the National Academy of Design in 1890. He was also a member of the Society of American Artists, the Sculptors' Society, and the Institute of Arts and Letters. He twice won medals at the University Expositions in Paris.

Funeral of Joseph Howard, Jr., To-day.

At a special meeting yesterday of the New York Press Club a committee of members was appointed to represent the club at the funeral of Joseph Howard, Jr., this afternoon. The funeral will be held in Plymouth Church at 2:30 o'clock. A feature of the musical service will be the singing of the Press Club hymn, "Scatter Seeds of Kindness."

Obituary Notes.

SAMUEL W. JACKSON, oldest member of the Schenectady County bar, died in Schenectady yesterday, aged 87 years. He was born in Palatine, Montgomery County, June 28, 1821. He was appointed to the Supreme Court bench in 1867 by Gov. Hoffman. He had been local attorney for the New York Central Railroad for twenty years.

PETER H. CREAMER, for twenty-five years in the banking business in Newark, N. J., died at his home there Wednesday night after an illness of ten days of pneumonia, aged 63 years. He was senior member of the Board of Deacons and Treasurer of the Park Presbyterian Church. His widow and a daughter survive.

LOUIS Y. SCHERMERHORN, President of the American Dredging Company and a Director of the local Maritime Exchange, died at his home in Philadelphia yesterday from Bright's disease. Mr. Schermerhorn was also a member of the Philadelphia Board of Trade and the Holland Socity of New York. He was 67 years of age.

PARIS FASHIONS,

Beautifully printed on super-calendered paper, designed by fashion's leading experts. Six pages of perfect and detailed illustration of wonderful creations in dresses and hats. An afternoon dress in ecru tussor, with straps of embroidery on the front, designed by Zimmerman, the famous Parisian designer; a black satin evening gown in Grecian style, trimmed with Venetian lace, by Doeullet; a dress of pearl-colored cloth with silver galloon and black piping; a hat of pale gray straw with natural coque feathers; a tan chip with green foliage and white berries—these are a few of the ravishing dainties pictured in the Spring Fashion and Easter Number of THE NEW YORK TIMES, Sunday, April 5. Many other attractions, 5 cents. Order in advance of your newsdealer.—Adv.

The Issue of The New York Times, Next Sunday, Will Be One Nobody Can Afford to Miss. Order from Your Newsdealer To-day. :-: :-: :-:

On Exhibition Day and Evening

OIL PAINTINGS

Collection of

ADOLPH ALEXANDER (retiring)

24 W. 26TH ST.

TO BE SOLD AT AUCTION

beginning

MONDAY, APRIL 6, AT 2 P. M.

L. ULLMANN & SONS, Auct'rs.

Rare opportunity to buy fine Oil Paintngs at your own price.

CATALOGUES NOW READY.

Born.

LAHNSTEIN.—On March 22, to Mr. and Mrs. Cecil M. Lahnstein, a son.

Married.

MILLER—KISSEL.—On April 2, 1908, by the Rev. Henry Mott

AMATEUR WRESTLERS COMPETE FOR TITLES

Eighty Contestants in Preliminary for Metropolitan Championships.

CONTESTS LONG DRAWN-OUT

Many Extra Periods Required to Decide Winners at Boys' Club Tournament—Champions Qualify.

Eighty contestants took part last night in the preliminary rounds of the Metropolitan Association (A. A. U.) wrestling championships at the Boys' Club, Tenth Street and Avenue A. Every metropolitan athletic club of importance was represented, and the main hall of the club was crowded with friends of the competitors. In the majority of the bouts the boys showed themselves to be well versed in the rules, which were catch-as-catch-can. In the other contests, what the wrestlers lacked in knowledge of the game they more than compensated for by their earnestness. The favorite holds were the half nelson and crotch. One or two essayed the strangle hold, but a warning by the referee quickly broke the prohibited hold.

The bouts were limited to six minutes, but the boys were so well matched that several extra periods were required to select the winners. There was a general disposition on the part of several of the contestants to wrestle on the floor instead of the mat, and several times the occupants of the seats near the ring were sent sprawling through the overstrenuousness of the wrestlers, and on more than one occasion a spectator was struck in the face by the foot of one of the contestants.

Extra periods were required in the 125-pound class, in which five out of the six bouts were decided on falls. Gus Bauers, National Turn Verein, the champion, drew a bye in this class. The 135-pound class was limited to four bouts owing to several withdrawals. The absence of B. Bradshaw, Boys' Club, the champion, robbed the class of much of its interest. Bradshaw is suffering from a sprained shoulder. The decision of the referee in two bouts was greeted with jeers and hisses. The summaries:

105-Pound Class, Preliminary Round.—R. Schwartz, Boys' Club, defeated George Kautzman, National Turn Verein. Time—1:40. Peter Siebel, Union Settlement A. C., defeated B. Fallik, Grace A. C. Time—1:00. A. Alberts, St. Bartholomew A. C., defeated M. Divin, Grace A. C. Time—0:11. L. Lauer, Boys' Club, defeated M. Curry, Boys' Club. Time—1:10.

115-Pound Class, Preliminary Round.—J. Hein, Boys' Club, defeated William Hesse, St. George A. C. Time—0:38. Milton Salomon, Public Schools A. C., defeated Phil Marcus, West Side Y. M. C. A. Time—3:38. A. Swanson, Harlem Y. M. C. A., defeated Charles Lehman, St. George A. C. Time—4:01. A. Selector, Educational Illiance, defeated Lewis G. Peberka, New West Side A. C. Time—9:00. George Mehnert, National Turn Verein, defeated H. Lazincky, St. Bartholomew A. C. Time—0:22.

125-Pound Class.—Preliminary Round—L. Ruggerio, St. Bartholomew A. C., defeated M. Halverson, Trinity Club. Time—2:53. J. Gulicksen, Dover Sporting Club, defeated Louis F. Schneider, Northwestern A. C. Time—6:00. Henry Weingard, University Settlement, defeated C. Faist, Boys' Club. Time—7:00. J. Manhoe, St. George A. C., defeated Phil Amer, Educational Alliance. Time—8:00. Martin Weinmann, Union Settlement A. C., defeated J. Frank, Grace A. C. Time—2:17. P. Heidell, St. Bartholomew A. C., defeated John O'Loughlin, German-American A. C. Time—1:21. Gus Bauers, National Turn Verein, a bye.

125-Pound Class.—Peliminary Round—A. S. Rubin, Grace A. C., defeated Theodore J. Macfear, National Turn Verein; A. J. Balter, Svea A. G. C., defeated W. Chadwick, Boys' Club. Time—3:45. Samuel Fleisher, Inter-Settlement A. A., defeated Yust Wass, Svea A. G. C. Time—3:27. William H. Karl, Harlem Y. M. C. A., defeated J. Schmidt, St. George A. C. Time—6:00. Oscar L. Swanson, Swedish Sporting Club, a bye.

145-Pound Class.—Preliminary Round—R. Tisney, St. George A. C., defeated B. Mendelsohn, Inter-Settlement A. A. Time—0:00. John Krug, National Turn Verein, defeated John P. Fasola, North Western A. C. Time—1:01. Max Weilner, German-American A. C., defeated J. A. Smolick, Boys' Club. Time—1:29. Otto Huttner, Boys' Club, defeated G. Ribstein, St. George A. C. Time—2:18.

158-Pound Class.—Preliminary Round—A. Pederson, Dover Sporting Club, defeated A. Keller, National A. C. Time—6:00. F. McWillard, Mott Haven A. C., defeated Victor Epstein, Inter-Settlement A. A. Time—0:15. W. Widmeyer, St. George A. C., defeated George Rudolph, Boys' Club. Time—7:02. H. Chelstrop, Svea A. C., defeated Oscar W. Benzing, Boys' Club. Time—4:35. H. Anderson, Dover Sporting Club, defeated Joseph Sentee, German-American A. C. Time—1:46. Peter Peterson, National Turn Verein, defeated G. W. Herbst, Mott Haven A. C. Time—2:24. Martin Ludeck, Educational Alliance, defeated William Kretzer, North Western A. C. Time—0:47.

Heavy-Weight Class.—Preliminary Round—G. Guendet, German-American A. C., defeated J. Levine, West Side A. C. Time—3:38. Emery Payne, North Western A. C., defeated Emil Manzelli, Harlem Y. M. C. A. Time—2:29.

Folwell Cannot Wrestle Foster.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., April 2.—Capt. Folwell of the University of Pennsylvania football team sent word to-night that he was ill and therefore unable to meet Foster, the Yale football guard, in the wrestling bout arranged to be held on Saturday evening to settle the rivalry between them. Foster will try to induce Folwell to wrestle here later.

Billiard Players Matched.

M. B. Brown and C. E. White have been matched to play 1,200 points at 14.2 balkline billiards, in blocks of 300 points each night, beginning April 6, at the Knickerbocker Academy, Brooklyn. The match is to decide the amateur billiard championship of Brooklyn, and the winner will receive a handsome trophy donated by Frank A. Keeney.

Tod Sloan Beaten at Pool.

In last night's game in the pool tournament at John T. Doyle's Academy, W. Downs defeated Tod Sloan, 50 to 40. The score: Downs —9 5 9 9 5 13. Total, 50; high run, 10; scratches, 1. Sloan—6 10 6 6 10 2. Total, 40; high run, 7; scratches, 3.

On chilly days when Spring overcoats are all buttoned—some buttons show.

Those are the new "button through" coats—a little advanced in style, but still in good taste.

Fancy cheviots, $22 and $25.

Other Spring overcoats, $18 to $35.

ROGERS, PEET & COMPANY.

Three Broadway Stores.

258 at Warren st. | 842 at 13th st. | 1260 at 32nd st

STALLION ST. SIMON DEAD.

Duke of Portland's Famous Old Horse Dies of Senile Decay.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, April 2.—The Duke of Portland's famous old race horse and stallion St. Simon died here to-day of senile decay aged twenty-seven years.

St. Simon was purchased twenty-three years ago by the Duke of Portland for 1,600 guineas, and as a return for this investment St. Simon, through his service as a racer and stallion, together with his produce, earned for his owner a total of about £300,000. St. Simon as a race horse was never defeated, and many valuable and notable stakes were numbered among his winnings. His success at the stud was unprecedented.

In nineteen years the produce of St. Simon earned £529,933, and at the stud for many years averaged £20,000 annually, while his progeny won for the Duke of Portland alone at least £100,000.

St. Simon was the sire of Diamond Jubilee and Persimon, which respectively won the Derby in 1900 and 1906. These horses were run in the colors of the then Prince of Wales, now King Edward.

CROPPERS IN DRAG HUNT.

Mrs. Burden and Mr. Baltazzi Escape Injury in Accidents.

Special to The New York Times.

HEMPSTEAD, L. I., April 2.—Fifteen riders turned out this afternoon at the eight-mile drag limit held by the Meadow Brook Club over the north country of Long Island.

Two croppers, one by Mrs. James Burden, and the other by Warner Baltazzi, gave considerable excitement to the chase until it was found that only the "feelings" of the riders were hurt and not bones, which the falling horses at first indicated.

Mr. Baltazzi took off too quickly for the last jump and horse and rider rolled over on the ground together. The horse was caught after much difficulty, but Mr. Baltazzi decided not to continue the run.

The meet was at Jericho, and many well-known persons came in their automobiles to see the hunters take the starting jumps.

The line was over about eight miles of country, considerable of which was stiff, and caused some falls to grooms who were schooling hunters for Saturday's run. Those to finish were M. F. H. Samuel Willets, J. P. Grace, Miss Cornelia Bryce, W. R. Grace, F. Gray Griswold, and Jay Phipps.

DRAW FOR COURT TENNIS.

Tourney Will Last Four Days, with Six Entrants and Champion Gould.

Five Americans and one Englishman will compete for the amateur court tennis championship of the United States, which begins at the New York Racquet and Tennis Club on Monday. Four days are set apart for the tournament, Monday, Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday. Two games will be played on both Monday and Tuesday. The survivors of these games will play in the final round on Thursday, and the winner of this match, after a rest on Saturday, will face Jay Gould, the title holder, for the championship.

T. A. Havemeyer and Foxhall P. Keene will play the first match on Monday afternoon, Keene is now on his way from England, and is expected to-morrow. The second match will be between Eustace H. Miles of England and Pierre Lorillard, Jr. In the draw for Tuesday the winner of the Havemeyer-Keene match will play Payne Whitney, while the second match will bring together Charles E. Sands and the winner of the Miles-Lorillard contest. The contestants will rest on Wednesday, and the winners of the two matches on Tuesday will play for the honor of meeting Gould for the championship on Saturday.

Crowded dedans and galleries greeted the English amateur and professional, Miles and Latham, in a three-set match yesterday at the New York Racquet and Tennis Court. Latham conceded Miles the usual 15 and won after a hard struggle, 6—4, 6—5, 6—5. It was the best showing made by Miles since his arrival. Each set was well contested.

In the morning Jay Gould spent an hour in the court at hard practice with George Standing. The young world's champion played a strong game and kept Standing on the jump during the entire time. He is playing a stronger game than ever, and is expected to retain his title.

LARD WINS TITLE AGAIN.

Washingtonian Takes First Honors in Pinehurst Golf Tourney.

Special to The New York Times.

PINEHURST, N. C., April 2.—The eighth annual united North and South amateur championship golf tournament ended to-day with thirty-six hole finals in all divisions, Allan Lard of the Columbia Golf Club, Washington, D. C., the title holder, defeating John E. Porter of the Allegheny Country Club, 5 up and 4 to play, for the championship. A. C. Travis of New York won the consolation from S. Valentine Farrelley of Deal by 1 up.

Two thirty-seven-hole contests gave added interest to to-day's play, and close matches ruled throughout. There were trophies for the division winners and runners-up and the consolation division winners in six divisions, trophies going to the following:

Second Division.—E. L. Jones, Lake Geneva, Ill., winner; Harry Avery, Detroit, runner-up; V. Cliff, Detroit, consolation winner.

Third Division.—J. A. Zangerle, Westwood, Ohio, winner; J. C. Head, Oakmont, runner-up; E. J. Ridgway, Montclair, consolation winner.

Fourth Division.—Leroy W. Johnson, Columbia, New York, winner; Harry Dutton, Oakley, runner-up; George W. Watts, Baltimore Country, consolation winner.

Fifth Division.—Harry Curtis, Brae Burn, winner; J. V. Hurd, Pittsburg Country, runner-up; W. H. Edsall, Wallingford Country, consolation winner.

Sixth Division.—E. A. Thomson, Garden City, winner; G. A. Peck, Mount Everett, Mass., runner-up; F. A. Barr, Pittsburg, consolation winner.

Smith to Referee Wrestling Bout.

CHICAGO, April 2.—At a meeting of newspaper men to-day, Edward Smith, sporting editor of a Chicago newspaper, was chosen to act as referee of the Gotch and Hackenschmidt world's championship wrestling match to-morrow night. Smith's appointment was approved by Hackenschmidt and by "Jack" Herman, acting as Gotch's representative.

Rice Trophy Stays in England.

PHILADELPHIA, April 2.—The international cable chess match between American and British universities played here March 21 will, it is unofficially stated, be declared a draw, each side having three points. The final result depended upon the adjudication of the game between Blumberg of Columbia and Lob of Oxford. While the referee, W. P. Shipley of Philadelphia, has not formally rendered his decision, it is learned from an authoritative source that he has awarded the game to the Englishman. This makes the match a draw and the Rice Trophy will remain in England another year. England has won three matches, America one, drawn four.

Joint Athletic Meet in Brooklyn.

Entries have closed for the big joint athletic carnival, which will be held by the Central Young Men's Christian Association and Fourteenth Regiment athletes at the Fourteenth Regiment Armory in Brooklyn to-morrow evening. The programme contains nearly twenty events, and will bring together some of the fastest amateur Athletic Union, military, and Young Men's Christian Association athletes in the district. There are five relay races, including a race for high schools of Greater New York, a relay for the Brooklyn Amateur League, and a Young Men's Christian Association relay. More than 500 athletes will be seen in the various other events.

Hugh Baxter Gives $100 to Fund.

Hugh H. Baxter of the New York Athletic Club, who was America's champion pole vaulter, and is now an enthusiastic follower of track and field athletics, has contributed $100 to the Olympic fund, which is now being raised.

JUBILEE BEATS POOR FIELD AT BENNING

Fred Littlefield's Clever Colt Wins Purse Easily by Five Lengths.

GILES OUTFOOTS SMOKER

Two Horses Run Close Together in First Race, with a Head Separating Them at the Finish.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—The winning of two third choices, each by a head in their respective races, furnished about all the keen contention in the Benning events this afternoon. The other four races were won easily by from two to five lengths. The third choices happened to be the only winning "outsiders" to-day, and these were Giles, at 12 to 5, in the first race, and Servile, at 5 to 1, in the third race, so that with three favorites coming home first, and the well-played choices finishing inside the money, the bettors had the best of the gambling.

The track was still deep in mud, and as a consequence none of the fields had more than six starters, the first race, in which Smoker was beaten by Giles, having only three horses to wear silks.

J. E. Madden's two-year-old Obdurate won as she pleased in the four-and-a-half-furlong dash, and Fred Littlefield's Jubilee won the fourth race by five lengths, after indulging the 10 to 1 shot Gilvidear in front until they straightened out for the run home. P. H. Sullivan's three-year-old Billy B. Van easily beat Call Boy in the fifth, with four other horses strung out lengths apart, making the race a "Billy B. Van" burlesque. Berkeley ran away from Sam. H. Harris in the stretch and won the last event with plenty of speed left. The summaries:

FIRST RACE.—Handicap; three-year-olds and upward; five and one-half furlongs; Columbia course. Giles, 100, (Fairbrother,) 12 to 5, 2 to 5, and out, won; Smoker, 114, (Brussel,) 8 to 5, 9 to 20, and out, second; Banyah, 103, (McCahey,) 9 to 5, 2 to 5, and out, third. Time—1:12. Three starters.

SECOND RACE.—Two-year-olds, selling; four and one-half furlongs; old course. Obdurate, 102, (McCarthy,) 1 to 20 and out, won; Nutmeg, 99, (McCahey,) 4 to 1, 7 to 10, and out, second; Gerald D., 102, (Haynes,) 50 to 1, 15 to 1, and 5 to 1, third. Time—1:01. Bonnie Kelso and Golden Inquiry also ran.

THIRD RACE.—Three-year-olds and upward, selling; seven furlongs; Columbia course. Servile, 91, (Bergen,) 5 to 1, 8 to 5, and 4 to 5, won; Azuma Maid, 103, (McDaniel,) 18 to 5, even, and 2 to 5, second; D'Arkle, 101, (McCarthy,) 11 to 5, 4 to 5, and 2 to 5, third. Time—1:32⅘. Neoskaleeta, Bobbin Around, and Helen B. also ran.

FOURTH RACE.—Three-year-olds; seven furlongs; Columbia course. Jubilee, 111, (McCarthy,) 1 to 5 and 1 to 10, won; Gilvidear, 106, (Steele,) 10 to 1, 8 to 5, and 2 to 5, second; The Shaughaun, 106, (McDaniel,) 20 to 1, 4 to 1, and 4 to 5, third. Time—1:35. Glaucus and Richmond Duke also ran.

FIFTH RACE.—Maiden three-year-olds and upward; one mile; Columbia course. Billy B. Van, 94, (McCahey,) 7 to 5, 1 to 3, and out, won; Call Boy, 97, (McCarthy,) 6 to 5, 1 to 3, and out, second; Prisoner, 113, (Brussel,) 50 to 1, 10 to 1, and 3 to 1, third. Time—1:49 1-5. Lachesis, Poinciana, and Hartford Boy also ran.

SIXTH RACE.—Handicap; three-year-olds and upward; one mile and 100 yards; old course. Berkeley, 113, (McDaniel,) 8 to 2, 4 to 5, and 2 to 5, won; Samuel H. Harris, 100, (McCarthy,) 9 to 5, 7 to 10, and 1 to 3, second; Ivanhoe, 105, (McCahey,) 4 to 1, 8 to 5, and 3 to 5, third. Time—1:53. Animus, Peter Knight, and Denial also ran.

Five Jockeys in Bad Spills.

NEW ORLEANS, April 2.—Six of fifteen starters in the third race at the Fair Grounds to-day fell. The first to go down was Bert Osra, which fell with Jockey Martin shortly after the start. Then on the stretch down Harold D. fell and Bensonhurst, Calabash, Wild Irishman, and Communipaw fell over him. The riders of these five were respectively Jockeys Koerner, Rice, Bliac, Leibert, and Skirvin. Bliac and Skirvin were unhurt, but all the others were injured, Martin having a broken leg and Rice a broken collar bone.

Chinn & Forsythe Horses Coming.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., April 2.—Chinn & Forsythe's large string of thoroughbred racers were shipped from Montgomery Park to-day to Belmont Park for the Eastern racing season. Twenty-four head, mostly two-year-olds, made up the string. Trainer Raleigh Colston is in charge, and Jockey H. Shreve will do the riding.

Horses Out of Carter Handicap.

The following horses have been declared from the Carter Handicap: Charles Edward, Nealon, Uncle, Jacobite, Holaca, Cairngorm, Tony Faust, J. C. Core, Cohort, Veil, King Cobalt, C. W. Burt, Transvaal, and Johnnie Blake.

NOTES OF THE TURF.

Arrivals of horses from Winter training quarters practically have filled the stable room at the Gravesend and Sheepshead Bay tracks, the most popular training grounds on Long Island. Chief among the recent arrivals, some of which got in yesterday, are the horses of Mrs. L. A. Livingston, trained by Matt Feakes, from Rancocas Farm, Jobstown, N. J.; Michael Murphy, trained by James Healey, from Oceanport, N. J.; Adolph Spreckels, trained by Enoch Wishard, from Savannah, Ga., and Paul J. Rainey, trained by William Garth, from Virginia. The H. P. Whitney stable, from Aiken, S. C., expected two days ago, was delayed in transit, but probably will arrive at Sheepshead Bay to-day.

The death of the fast filly Ella O'Neill, one of the smartest of the two-year-olds of last season, has been reported to The Jockey Club by her owners, Burlew and O'Neill.

Partnership in thirteen horses, with a quarter interest for each of four members of the Kraus family, has been registered with The Jockey Club for the coming racing season, the stable being named to race in the colors of Maurice Kraus. Of the horses so recorded nine are two-year-olds and two are three-year-olds.

The Country Club of Brookline, Mass., has announced the entries for seven stakes for the regular race meeting of the club, to be held in June, with four of the regular fixtures, under conditions that offer allowances for gentleman riders.

The list of horses eligible for the Futurity of the coming season at the Sheepshead Bay race course has been announced by the Coney Island Jockey Club, with a total of 188 horses left in after the last declaration. Under the conditions of the race the Futurity of this season will have a total value of about $35,000.

Woodman's Axe Spoils Trout Fishing.

VERONA, N. J., April 2.—The trout season having opened yesterday a number of Bloomfield fishermen wended their way over the Orange Mountain to the brook which supplies Verona Lake, which for years past has been known as the home of these speckled beauties. They returned, however, with empty creels. The fishermen ascribe their ill-luck to the fact that a land improvement company has cut the timber from a large section of land near the head waters of the stream, which takes its rise on the western slope of the mountain near Eagle Rock Park reservation. The fishermen say that the stream has dwindled to less than one-half of its former volume, and that they believe it will go entirely dry during the Summer, thus cutting off the main supply of Verona Lake.

Olympic A. C. Bouts.

A series of limited-round bouts furnished an interesting card at the weekly boxing entertainment of the Olympic A. C., Harlem, last night. The star contest was between Joe Wagner and Billy Barrett. Wagner was the winner. Johnny Lynch of Boston and Willie Jones of Brooklyn met in the other "sixer." This contest was fast and lively, and at the end of the journey it was a difficult task to select a winner.

Rouse O'Brien's Poor Fight.

A few "members" witnessed the downfall of a Boston fighter named "Rouse" O'Brien at the Long Acre Athletic Club last night. O'Brien, who was more fit to be tucked away in bed, was permitted to meet Willie Mangold in a six-round bout in the wind-up. Mangold, who is a robust, husky pugilist, simply used O'Brien as a punching bag, and the pitiful slaughter was stopped by the referee in the third round. The rest of the programme was poor.

JACOB Ruppert

LAGER BEER, BOTTLED AT THE BREWERY

Third Av., 90th-92d Sts. Tel. 1126—79th.

CONROY WINS GAME.

New Yorker Steals Home with Run That Decides at Atlanta.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTA, Ga., April 2.—The Yankees won a close game from the fast Atlanta team in the ninth inning this afternoon by a score of 5 to 4. Hemphill batted in the tieing run on his fourth hit of the game, and Conroy stole home a few moments later, while the pitcher was winding up. The New Yorkers put up a miserable game in the field, the work of Ball and Niles being very amateurish. Orth and Lake pitched for the Yankees. The veteran twirler was unhittable during the four innings he occupied the box, but Lake had considerable difficulty in pulling through with the poor support behind him. The same teams play again to-morrow. The score:

NEW YORK.	R	H	PO	A	E	ATLANTA.	R	H	PO	A	E
Niles, 2b	0	0	5	0	2	Collins, lf	1	1	4	0	0
Keeler, rf	0	1	4	0	0	Wilkes, ss	2	1	1	4	1
Stahl, lf	0	0	1	0	0	Becker, rf	1	0	0	1	0
Ball, ss	0	1	0	2	0	Winters, cf	0	3	0	0	0
Chase, 1b	1	1	8	2	0	Jordan, 2b	0	1	3	3	1
H'phill, cf	1	4	2	0	0	Fox, 1b	0	1	8	2	1
Conroy, 3b	1	0	1	0	0	McM'ray, c	0	1	3	2	0
Sweeney, c	1	0	3	1	1	Dyer, 3b	0	0	3	2	0
Orth, p	0	0	0	1	0	M'kenzie, p	0	0	2	4	0
Lake, p	0	0	1	5	0	*Moran	0	0	0	0	0
Total	5	6	27	11	3	Total	4	5	27	18	3

New York	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	3—5
Atlanta	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	2	0—4

*Batted for Mackenzie in ninth inning.

Stahl by pitcher—By Mackenzie, 3. Hits—Off Lake, 5 in five innings. Bases on balls—Off Orth, 1; off Lake, 2; off Mackenzie, 2. Struck out—By Orth, 2; by Lake, 1; by Mackenzie, 2. Stolen bases—Keeler, (2,) Hemphill, Sweeney, Collins, Becker, Conroy, McMurray, (2,) Moran. Sacrifice hits—Winters, (3,) Becker, (2,) Lake. Bases on errors—New York, 2; Atlanta, 3. Left on bases—New York, 4; Atlanta, 6. Time of game—One hour and forty minutes. Umpire—Mr. Weeks.

Fordham Vanquishes St. John's.

Fordham defeated St. John's College of Brooklyn yesterday by the score of 7 to 2, at Fordham Field. Egan was conspicuous with the bat, having a single, double, and triple to his credit. Fordham scored 3 in the first on hits and battery errors, and added 2 each in the third and seventh innings. The Brooklyn collegians succeeded in getting B. Yates and Unger across the plate in the eighth inning. When Smith threw wildly to McKenna. Yates allowed eight hits, but pitched splendid ball for the visitors, striking out fifteen men. Smith gave but three hits and fanned eleven batsmen. The score:

FORDHAM.	R	H	PO	A	E	ST. JOHN'S.	R	H	PO	A	E
McK'na, 1b	1	0	8	0	0	Castle, cf	0	1	0	0	0
H'man, lf	1	1	1	0	0	Jollon, ss	0	1	0	0	2
Mah'ny, cf	2	1	1	0	0	Carr, 2b	0	0	1	2	0
Egan, rf	3	3	2	1	0	Carey, lf	0	0	1	1	0
Coffey, ss	0	0	1	3	1	Kehoe, rf	0	0	0	0	0
M'Don'd, c	0	0	11	3	0	B. Yates, p	1	0	0	1	1	0
Schiess, 3b	0	1	0	0	0	Agn'ski, 3b	0	0	1	0	1
E'dwin, 3b	0	1	1	1	0	Unger, c	0	1	13	1	0
McCaf'y, 2b	0	0	0	2	0	D. Yates, 1b	0	0	4	0	0
Smith, p	0	0	1	0	1	Total	2	3	24	4	3
Total	7	8	27	11	2						

Fordham	3	0	2	0	0	0	2	0	—7
St. John's College	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	—2

Two-base hit—Egan. Three-base hit—Egan. Sacrifice hit—Coffey. Stolen bases—Castle, McDonald, Baldwin. Left on bases—Fordham, 3; St. John's, 3. First base on errors—Fordham, 2; St. John's, 1. Struck out—By Smith, 11; by Yates, 15. Bases on balls—Off Yates, 5; off Smith, 2. Hit by pitcher—By Yates, 1; by Smith, 2. Wild pitches—Yates, 2. Passed balls —Unger, 2. Umpire—Mr. Diederich. Time of game—One hour and fifty minutes.

Giants Again Halted by Rain.

Special to The New York Times.

DALLAS, Texas, April 2.—After one of the brightest, warmest, and best baseball days imaginable yesterday, the thermometer started on a downward course last night, and this morning found the weather similar to an early February day in New York. Rain came pelting down before noon, and put a stop to all proceedings in a baseball way here. To-night the same conditions exist, and a disappointment seems to be in store for Manager McGraw and his men to-morrow, as it was intended to bid good-bye to Texas with a game here and one at Fort Worth. Better weather is promised for to-morrow, but late to-night there is no sign of immediate improvement.

Seton Hall Wins Opening Game.

Special to The New York Times.

SOUTH ORANGE, N. J., April 2.—Seton Hall College opened its baseball season this afternoon, defeating the Bowdoin College nine by the score of 6 to 2. Meegan of Seton Hall made the best play of the day, with a three-base hit, which brought in two men. The score:

	R.	H.	E.
Seton Hall	2	2	0
Bowdoin	0	1	2

Scores of Baseball Games.

At Montgomery—Brooklyn, 4; Montgomery, 0.

At Washington—Georgetown, 9; Amherst, 0.

At Charlottesville, Va.—Cornell, 4; Virginia, 2.

At Columbia, S. C.—Boston, (National,) 5; Buffalo, (Eastern,) 5.

At Durham, N. C.—Trinity, 4; Colgate, 3.

At Richmond, Va.—Toronto, 1; Richmond, 0.

N. Y. A. C. IN AUTOING.

Division Formed to Stimulate Sport—Will Organize Touring Bureau.

An automobile division of the New York Athletic Club was formed last night at a dinner held in the clubhouse, which was attended by more than 125 members who own motor cars. President George W. Kuhlke outlined the purposes of the new plan by saying that it was the intention of the club to make the automobile division one of the strong sporting features of the club. A Touring Committee or Bureau of Tours will be appointed in the near future so as to afford members of the club any information regarding routes, legal requirements, shipments of cars abroad, and other assistance that may be needed for short or long trips either in this country or abroad. Walter Wilson acted as toastmaster, and among the other speakers were Controller Herman Metz, Commissioners of Accounts Mitchell and Gallagher, George B. Hulme, W. L. Mitchell, and Robert Lee Morrell.

For the benefit of outside motorists who desire to join the club for the purpose of enrolling as members of the automobile division the officers announced that the membership limitation would be waived in such cases. It was stated that 500 members of the club now own motor cars, and the majority of these are expected to become active supporters of the automobile division. The Automobile Committee, consisting of Herman Leibert, E. B. Gallaher, Thomas J. Regan, Whitney Lyon, and Thomas S. Deeley, was authorized to draw up plans for club runs and competitions, the first of which will take place early in the season.

Americans Win Chess Games.

VIENNA, April 2.—The two Americans engaged in the international chess tournament in this city won their adjourned games to-day. Marshall against Alapin and Johner against Cohn. Schleister and Maroczy maintained their lead over the field.

A., J. & G. Club Has New Owner.

GLOVERSVILLE, N. Y., April 2.—The A. J. & G. baseball franchise was transferred from the control of the Fonda, Johnstown & Gloversville Railroad Company to-day to the management of John L. Bacon of Troy. This means that Gloversville will be represented in the State League again this season.

VANDERBILT RACE SURE OF TEN CARS

Big Cup Event Certain of Success This Year, Says Chairman Thompson.

WEIGHT RULE IS CHANGED

A. A. A. Board Now Has Four Courses Under Consideration—Race to be Purely a Speed Contest.

With ten entries positively assured for the Vanderbilt Cup race and with several important changes in the rules for eligibility whereby the event will stand out more prominently than ever as a high-speed contest, the prospects for this big automobile contest this year assumed a far brighter hue yesterday than has been the case since the event was abandoned last year. This cheerful outlook for the international motor contest in America was the result of an important meeting of the Racing Board of the American Automobile Association, held in the American Automobile Association offices, 437 Fifth Avenue, yesterday.

"There is not the slightest cause for doubt regarding the successful running of the Vanderbilt Cup race next Fall," said Chairman Jefferson De Mont Thompson at the close of this meeting. "A. L. Riker has promised two Locomobiles for the race, and he says the cars will be ready for road work within a short time. E. R. Thomas has two of his big Thomas cars in preparation. Two Appersons are assured by Edgar Apperson, and in addition two Isottas, one Darracq, and one Renault are promised. It shows that the manufacturers are eager for this race, and the changes in the rules have met with their entire satisfaction."

The most radical of these changes, which have been under discussion for some time, was in the eligible weight limit. The new rule requires a minimum weight of 900 kilometers, (1,983.6 pounds,) and a maximum limit of 1,200 kilometers, (2,644.8 pounds.) The maximum limit for the last three Vanderbilt events followed the Europe ruling of 1,000 kilometers. This year, the maximum limit for the Grand Prix has been raised to 1,100 kilometers, and this was originally adopted here.

W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr., has taken an active part in preparing the rules. He is not willing to limit the cylinder capacity as is done in the Grand Prix, or otherwise place any limitations upon the construction of the car. Provided the weight rule is adhered to the cars may be of any horse power desired.

Mr. Vanderbilt was not present at the meeting, as he was in attendance at a meeting of the Long Island Motor Parkway, but he was in communication with Mr. Thompson by telephone during the meeting.

The committee also announced various other conditions, but they show no material changes. For the race this year, a competing country may be represented by ten cars, instead of five, as formerly. The entries will close Sept. 1. The entry fee is $1,000 per car, but additional duties may be received after Sept. 1 to Oct. 1 at double the original fee.

The date of the race with the route will be announced by July 1. Formal applications have been received from St. Louis and Savannah, and in addition to the possibility of the Long Island Parkway, it was said that a fourth course in an Eastern State is under consideration. In recognition of the excellent work done by the Savannah Automobile Club in conducting the recent stock car races, Frank C. Battly, President of the club, was appointed a member of the Racing Board. Beside Chairman Thompson the other members present were A. L. Riker, A. G. Batchelder, Frank G. Webb, H. Rossiter Worthington, Harry W. Knight of Boston, Alfred Reeves, and Frederick H. Elliott.

BRIARCLIFF RACE APRIL 24.

Entrants Decline to Postpone Date—Long Contest Is Favored.

There will be no postponement of the Briarcliff Cup race, in Westchester County. It will be run, as originally proposed, on April 24. Rumors have been current for some time that, in view of the possibility that the roads would not be in the best possible condition at that time, a later date might be chosen. A meeting of the entrants was held yesterday in the offices of the Manufacturers' Committee, in charge of the race, at the Bryant Arcade Building, Sixth Avenue and Forty-second Street, and as such positive assurances were given by persons familiar with the road conditions late in April that the course would be in excellent shape for a racing stock car contest, the representatives of eighteen of the twenty cars who were present unanimously voted to hold the race on April 24.

An informal vote was taken to determine the wishes of the entrants regarding the length of the race. The majority favored from ten to twelve laps. As the circuit is thirty miles in length, this would mean 300 to 360 miles for the contest. The Executive Committee will determine definitely next week. The twenty cars entered are nearly evenly divided between American and foreign makes, being eleven of the former and nine of the latter. The American machines are three Stearns, two Loziers, two Simplex machines, and one each of the Thomas, Hol-Tan, Allen-Kingston, and Apperson. The foreign cars are three Isottas, two Fiats, and one each of the Renault, Panhard, Maja, and Benz, representing Italy, France, Germany, and Austria.

Considerable humor was added to the meeting when it became known that Robert Lee Morrell and Secretary F. M. Moore, while on their way to the meeting from the upper part of the city in Mr. Morrell's automobile, were arrested for overspeeding and escorted to the police station, where Mr. Morrell gave bail for his chauffeur.

Freshmen Must Pay Their Way.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., April 2.—That Cornell believes that athletics can be given their proper position without cutting down schedules and limiting the number of games was manifested again to-day when it was announced by Graduate Manager Dugan that in the future freshman athletic teams, excepting the freshman crew, will not be financially supported by the association, and that if games with other colleges are to be played the members of the first-year classes would have to pay the bills. Mr. Dugan also said that hereafter there would be no special coaches for freshman teams, but that the 'Varsity coaches would look after the first-year men. The real reason behind this action is the purpose of the Cornell leaders to show that they believe in living up to the one-year eligibility rule barring freshmen from athletics, in both letter and spirit, by divorcing freshman athletics from any connection with 'Varsity athletics.

Ready—For Men

Plaited and plain H. C. & Co. negligee shirts. New striped shades. $1.50. None better at the price.

Narrow four-in-hands (for the close-fitting collar). Attractive styles at 50c.

Spring Waistcoats—light weights. Priced $3 to $7.

Summer underwear, including Union Suits. Both ankle and knee lengths.

Some $3.50 silk umbrellas left at $2.15.

Stetson Hats—$3.50 and $5.

Hackett, Carhart & Co

265 Broadway, nr. Chambers St. | 841 Broadway, at 13th St.

OLD CROW

PURE RYE

THE BEST WHISKEY

Guaranteed Pure Whiskey Under National Pure Food Law Serial Number 2163

UNMIXED UNADULTERATED

SOLD ONLY IN BOTTLES NEVER SOLD IN BULK

LOOK FOR THE WORD "RYE" IN RED.

Bottled Exclusively by

H. B. KIRK & CO., New York, N. Y.

AT ABSOLUTE AUCTION

A Magnificent Collection

—OF—

Cabinet Made Furniture

Made by the celebrated firm of

F. MOHR & CO.,

and sold by their order at their wholesale salesrooms,

112-114 West 42nd Street,

BETWEEN B

COURT CALENDARS

STATE COURTS.

Court of Appeals Calendar.

ALBANY, April 2.—Court of Appeals calendar to-morrow: Nos. 408, 452, 461, 10, 14, 15.

Calendars for Friday, April 3.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division. Re-

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Term—For the hearing of appeals from the City Court and Municipal Court. Recess.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Hendrick, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Litigated motions. 1—Blogg-Budd. 2—Sessa-Saggese Const Co. 3—Grant-Cananea Cons Cop Co. 4—Same-same. 5—Same-same. 6—Same-same. 7—Same-same. 8—Amer La France Foamite Co-Cal Safe Dep & Tr Co. 9—Hahn-Schultz. 10—Corcillius-Board of Supts. 11—Same-same. 12—N Y Life Ins Co-Haslett. 13—Beardsley-Paschal. 14—Same-Bullion Sm & R Co. 15—Friedland-Saul. 16—Shoemaker, Lance & Co-Burlingham. 17—People, &c-Lieberman D Co. 18—Hyde-Equit Life Assur Soc. 19—Hendel-Alland. 20—Collier-Postum Cereal Co. 21—Same-same. 22—In re Wright-Dauchy-Townsend Co. 23—Sheltel-Sheitel. 24—Same-same. 25—In re Main St. 26—In re Brooklyn Drive. 27—Herrmann-Penn R. R. 28—Burch-same. 29—Blakenly-same. 30—Browne-Drowne. 31—Same-same. 32—Mosler Safe Co-Malden Lane Safe Dep Co. 33—Well-Bell—St. Anselm's Church-Edelbrock. 34—Moran-Moran. 36—Gibbons-Logan. 37—Same-same. 38—Banks-Kimber. 39—Smith-Bowne. 40—In re Robinson. 41—Mandel-Gen Fuel Co. 42—McDonnell-Rose. 43—Sobel-Stillman. 44—McCarthy-Murtagh. 45—Allied Five Boroughs R Co. 46—Dresel-Hollander. 47—Norddeutscher Bk-Hess. 48—Title Guar Trust Co-Sprague. 49—Jones-Jones. 50—Lamson-Con Iron & Steel Co. 51—In re Crawford. 52—Gestera-Gestera. 53—Carman-Hopkins. 54—Kutner-Hodnett. 55—Wagner-Westcomb. 56—Smith-Bulkley. 57—Palmer-Smith. 58—Teulls-Teulls. 59—In re Thorne. 60—Inter West Indies Trad Co-Porto Rican Line. 61—Thistle-Thistle. 62—Grumer-Smith. 63—In re Berger. 64—In re Johnson S Co. 65—Chambers-Lyon. 66—Scott-Hall. 67—Tremain-Costello. 68—Meyerson-Co. 69—Gluckman-Gladke. 70—Warren-Ehrenfeld. 71—Meralsky-Vassar. 72—Birmingdale. 73—O'Connor-Foundation Co. 74—Brand-Strasbourger. 75 — Scheinberg-Manie Trans Co. 76—Standard-M Co-Rowne Cons Co. 77—Wyckoff-Bloomer. 78—Hyde-Equit Life Assur Soc. 79—Hoffman-Knick Co. 80—Mannix Co-Wentzel. 81—In re Riverside Drive. 82—In re same. 83—Sanderson-Sanderson. 84—Luongo-Davis. 85—Fiocarini-Goldsmith. 86—In re Spiegel. 87—Mut-Prov Sav Life Assur Soc. 88—Fehlinger-Boos. 89—Arnovitz-Gerdes. 91—Mannheimer. 92—Town Topics Pub Co-Collier. 93—In re Deane. 94—Benner-Kelterborn. 95—Shaw-Stanley Jordan Co. 96—J Saron Metal Co-American Bonding Co. 97—Morgan-Tannenbaum. 98—Paul-Paul. 99—Dunn-Dunn. 100—Frazer & Geyer Co-Waterman. 101—Chapman-same. 102—Frazer & Geyer Co-Waterman. 103—Chapman-same. 104—Rates-Bates. 105—In re Reilly. 106—Kelly-Donnegan. 107—Fogarty-N Y Eng & Const Co. 108—Same-same.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Gorman, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Parts III., V. and VI.—Adjourned for the term.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Parts II., III., IV., V., VII., VIII., IX., X., XI., XII., XIII., XIV., XV., XVI., XVII., and XVIII.—Adjourned for the term.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers — Thomas, S.—Held in Room 14 Hall of Records Building, Fifth floor. Motion calendar called at 10:30 A. M. 1—Peter O'Reilly. 2—John Donnelly. 3—Minnie Donnelly. 4—Sarah Moore. 5—Morris Rude. 6—John I. Sowdon. 7—William K. Sowdon. 8—Arthur W. Sowdon. 9—Peter McCullough. 10—Theodore Herman. 11—Bertha T. Rathjen. 12—Maria Forkin. 13—Edward M. Phillips. 14—Daniel M. Phillips. 15—William Bishop. 16—Daniel Bacon. 17—Robert Irwin. 18—Julia Huf. 19—Isidore Goodfriend, et al. 20—John Gilfroy. 21—Francis Golden. 22—Regina Rhein. 23—Patrick Doyle. 24—Sarah M. Abernethy. 25—Hiram R. Dater. 26—Grace McConville. 27—Bernard McConville. 28—Irene McConville. 29—Michael Denning. 30—Michael King. 31—Henry F. Weber, Jr. 32—Ida F. Fraser. 33—Arthur C. Fraser. 34—Kate M. Smith. 35—Bernhard H. Zinn. 36—Julia L. Skillin. 37—Regina Rhein. 38—Elizabeth L. Roe. 39—Charlotte M. Parker. 40—Robert Irwin. 41—Jeannette Goldsmith. 42—Joseph Schneider. 43—Anna L. Kollatz. 44—August Oberheim. 45—Rosa O'Brien. 46—William F. Kelly. 47—Edward McGlynn.

Held in Room 8, Hall of Records Building, fifth floor. Wills for probate at 10:30 A. M.: Benj. Carrutti, Hy. Y. Satterlee. Edith L. Davis, Rosanna W. Nolan, Nathan Klein, Charlotte Cushman, Julius Arnold, Christian Lampe, Joseph Swan, Prudence W. Boynton, Leopold Eidlitz.

SURROGATES' COURT—Trial Term.—Beckett, S.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Held in Surrogates' Court, Trial Term, fifth floor, in the Hall of Records Building. No day calendar.

CITY COURT—Special Term—Conlan, J.—Held in Brownstone Building, (Chambers Street.)—Opens at 10 A. M. Motions must be made returnable at 10:30 A. M. The motion calendar will be called at 10:30 A. M. and defaults allowed at that time.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Parts I. to VIII. Adjourned for the term.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Part I.—Foster, J.—Assistant District Attorneys Marshall and Gonterman for the People. Opens at 10:30 A. M. No day calendar. Pleadings. 1—Frank Novak, John Brzovsky. 2—George Kelly, John Kelly. 3—Zilla Kelly, (4.) 5—James Stewart. 6—Harry Cuff. 6—Frederick A. Mimerly. 7—Frank Stevens. 8—Joe Schneier. 9—Santo Potocchi. 10—George Graham. 11—Jacob Fry. 12—Thomas Phelan. 13—Gizlo Vankovics. 14—John Dero. 15—Alonzo Bell; Asa M. King. 16—Morris Smith. 17—Clayton Slaughter. 18—Simon Adelman. 19—Dennis Coffey. 20—Albert Lee. 21—John Hogan, James Kelly, Richard Hurley. 22—Thomas L. Murphy. 23—Edward Casey. 24—Joseph Vitello, Samuel Edelstein. 25—Frank Williams. 26—Henry Foulkes. 27—George Politakas. 28—Vito Radici. 29—Cora David, Nicholas Strade, alias Nicholas Sprade. 30—Charles Walles. 31—Emil Schiff. 32—Nathan Vidaver.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Parts II., III., and IV.—Adjourned for the term.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Part V.—Adjourned until April 6.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—O'Gorman, J.—Harry Rosenwasser-Morris Krawshaar—Samuel Manheimer. Aetna Mortgage Co-Anna Arrito—Joseph P. McDonough. Commonwealth Mortgage Co-Rutland Realty Co—Joseph P. McDonough. Solomon Sulzberger-John S. Schwab. John E. Sheehy. Bernhard Mayer-Alexander Schmidt. (2)—Louis Loss. Joseph Schultz-Joseph Ginsburg—Edward Wright and Louis C. Goetting.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Hendrick, J.—Hillman-Lowe—John J. Walsh. Bronx Inv. Co.-Futdy Co.—William Allen. Potter-Arnold—George E. Whitehead-Weed—William Allen. Walter-Cosgrove—J. Sidney Bernstein. Realty Operating Co.-Steinmann Realty Co.—A. Fred Bauber. Same-Abelman Con Co.—Burt L. Rich.

SUPREME COURT—Truax, J.—McDonnell-Reynolds—Frederick W. Sperling.

SUPREME COURT—O'Gorman, J.—Nones-Day—Charles L. Hoffman. Slocum-Mosher—Warren B. Sawyer. Farmers' L. & T. Co.-Sheehan—George A. Lavelle. Amer. Ex. Nat. Bank-Neal Dink—Abraham Benedict.

Westchester County.

Day Calendar for Friday, April 3.

COUNTY COURT—Hon. William P. Platt, J.—Pepple-Daniel. Keogh. 1110—Merino-Miller.

BUSINESS TROUBLES

GEHLEN COMPANY.—The Gehlen Company, interior decorations, 42 Union Square, has made an assignment to Edwin A. Hofstatter. The business was started forty years ago and was incorporated in December, 1901, with a capital stock of $50,000. Charles W. Gehlen is President and Treasurer.

CHARLES SWARRIS COMPANY.—Schedules in bankruptcy of Charles Swarris Company, dealers, 1,404 Broadway, show liabilities of $5,249, and nominal assets of $4,330, consisting of stock, $800; fixtures, $433; accounts, $3; cash, $65, and a claim against a burglary insurance company for $414.

JENNIE M. BODENSIEK.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Jennie M. Bodensiek, who conducted business as Mood and sometimes as Jennie M. Mood, dressmaker, 7 West Thirty-ninth Street, by these creditors: Raimon, $513; J. R. Palmenberg's Sons, $90; and Edward McInnes, $2. It was alleged that she has insolvent, and transferred merchandise and accounts to certain creditors to defeat them. Judge Holt appointed Edwin B. Hart receiver, with a bond of $2,500. The liabilities are $15,000, and the assets $5,000.

B. FRIEDMAN & BROTHERS.—Judge Holt has denied a motion to appoint a receiver for B. Friedman & Brothers, fur manufacturers, 18 East Sixteenth Street, against whom a petition in bankruptcy was filed on March 25 last, as they claimed to have no assets. They transferred all their assets in January to Gross Engel & Co., who financed a settlement for the firm at 25 cents on the dollar on a prior petition filed on Nov. 25. Gross Engel & Co. paid off $42,000 of Friedman & Brothers' indebtedness, and all the assets. B. Friedman & Brothers yesterday consented to be adjudicated bankrupts.

EMPIRE FRAME AND ART COMPANY.—Max Mayer, manufacturer of picture frames at 5 Murray Street, doing business as the Empire Frame and Art Company, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $15,- and assets of $10,903, consisting of stock, $2,- machinery and fixtures, $1,200, and cash, $903. Among the creditors are Mrs. Sarah Mayer, $2,000; Bally Cohen, $1,000; H. Brickner, $1,000, and Conrad Haunt & Co. of Baltimore, $1,183. The business was started in 1880. Mr. Mayer went through bankruptcy once before in 1899. Judge Holt yesterday appointed Alfred B. Conklin receiver of the assets, with a bond of $6,000.

EXCELLED CLOTHING COMPANY.—Louis Ginsburg, Solomon Rosenthal, and Joseph Schultz, composing the firm of Ginsburg, Rosenthal & Schultz, manufacturers of clothing under the style of the Unexcelled Clothing Company, 649-651 Broadway, have disagreed as to the manner of conducting the business, and yesterday Judge O'Gorman of the Supreme Court appointed Edmund Wright and Louis C. Goetting receivers of the assets, on the application of Stern, Singer & Barr, attorneys for Mr. Schultz, who brought suit against the other two partners for a dissolution of the partnership. Mr. Singer said that the firm was solvent and had assets exceeding $100,000. Epstein Brothers, represented Ginsburg and Rosenthal, consented to the receivership, as the partners could not come to any agreement. Mr. Epstein said the liabilities were $80,000 and the nominal assets, $150,000. Mr. Ginsburg started the business in 1898, and the present firm was formed on Jan. 1, 1907. The bond of the receivers was fixed at $100,000.

CHARLES FENKART.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Charles Fenkart, formerly partner of the firm of Fenkart & Co., manufacturers of laces and embroideries, 543 Broadway, by Arthur K. Kuhn, attorney for creditors: Edward Will, $986, unassigned claim of Stuart Hirschman for rent of Henry C. Hodgens, $5, and Wheeler & Sanderson $38. It was alleged that Mr. Fenkart is insolvent, in April I admitted in writing that the firm of Fenkart & Co. was unable to pay its debts and willing to be adjudicated bankrupt, and also paid certain debts and transferred property to Frederick A. Achelis to prefer them. Mr. Kuhn says that the liabilities of the firm were $333,- of which $130,000 is due to creditors in this country and $200,000 to creditors in Europe. Nominal assets are $239,000, the actual value of which is estimated at $150,000. The firm was established some years ago at Zurich, Switzerland, and the New York branch was started in 1902. Caroline Fenkart is a partner in the firm and resides at Zurich.

Judgments.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

L. A.—S. Langsdorf et al., $16.
H. M. J., (not summoned)—The Mathews Co., $73.
H. B.—C. H. Webster, $78.
Antine, G. A.—P. Cherint, $6,870.
Frank E., Joseph, and James, (not summoned)—J. T. Gwathmey, costs, $22.
Isson, U. S.—N. Colomra, $501.
Pauline—West End Mfg. Co., $863.
W.—Blue & Queripel Co., $37.
B. Gruber, $250.
Braun, S.—American Fashion Co., $—.
H.—B. K. Bloch, $75.
I. A. Jonas et al., $12,179.
J. M.—Edith M. Peters, $2,633.
J. C.—J. Kuntz, $69.
Same, $218.
C.—National Alumni, $72.
B.—B. K. Bloch, $99.
H.—Bessie Leibetkin, $543.
W. A.—G. A. Treadwell, $145.
Same, $125.
N.—C. Vorndran, $190.
G.—B. R. Bloch, $99.
G. A. Rogers et al., $85.
Olive A.—Hotel St. James, $113.
Emma Willms, $26.
M.—I. Bernstein, $235.
J.—14th St. Bank, $387.
J. L.—E. Fay, $107.
Flottie—City of N. Y., costs, $158.
T. E.—G. B. Wadsworth Co., $104.
Adeline P., Administratrix—N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R. Co., $110.
Florentino—N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R. Co., $113.
J. A.—G. L. Storm & Co., $99.
H.—J. Collins, $539.
N.—H. Goldferd, $273.
G.—J. Zweig, $175.
J. M.—W. Rogers, $43.
C.—Taylor & Porter, $78.
I. (not summoned)—G. J. Haase, $29.
B.—Same, $29.
W. S.—Pioneer Iron Works, $556.
Goldsmith, H.—B. Gruber, $50.
Greenberg, J.—Curtis-Bialsdell Co., $14.
Grossmuner, E.—J. W. Hamilton, $58.
Hamer, A.—Mathews Slate Co., $73.
Hoffman, A.—N. Y. Telephone Co., $32.
Henderson, C. A.—Same, $106.
Herbst, A. (not summoned)—H. M. Susswein et al., $22.
Hendry, F. W.—Bofinger Brothers, $132.
Hyman, J.—L. H. Levin, costs, $34.
Joyce, Agnes F.—N. Y. Telephone Co., $48.
Fursch, P.—H. M. Susswein et al., $22.
Kornbluh, A.—G. L. Storms & Co., $113.
Kane, Josephine M.—N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R. Co., costs, $146.
Kull, A. L.—A. E. Stilger, $2,870.
Kalina, L.—Luts & Sheinkman, $96.
Koch, Max—Soloman Nathan, $38.
Linton, Riba—B. J. Kennedy, $254.
Louis, R. H.—Met. Tobacco Co., $188.
Leet, Edward—J. Wanamaker, New York, possession of property and $35.
Liebling, M. G.—N. Abman, $473.
Livens, S. H.—New York Telephone Co., $60.
Lippmann, W. J.—Same, $45.
Laske, Louis—Gustavus A. Rogers et al, $85.
Minor, W. S.—Am. Machinery and Export Co., $1,152.
Mabel, J. P.—G. B. Wadsworth Co., $104.
Minter, S. F.—Home Building and Material Co., $478.
Same—Same, $104.
Moriarty, G.—Celia Shapiro, $64.
Martin, F.—National Alumni, $36.
McCarthy, Caroline—Twelfth Ward Bank of the City of New York, $166.
Mass, Louis—Gustavis A. Rogers et al., $85.
Maloney, W. J.—H. M. Susswein et al., $22.
Mandel, S.—Baldinger & Kupperman Manufacturing Co., $165.
Moller, A.—Pittsburg Plate Glass Co., $583.
Magan, R.—Augusta Rahders, $1,112.
Milk, J. R.—A. E. Stilzer, $2,870.
Marks, Mary E.—Purssell Mfg. Co., $105.
McLaughlin, M.—Curtis-Bialsdell Co., $59.
McAndrews, J.—Augusta Rahders, $1,112.
Neuschutz, P., (not summoned,) and S.—N. Y. Telephone Co., $28.
Nicholson, J. E.—D. J. Delaney, $61.
Osterfield, M.—N. Bokshitzky, $219.
Ottensosser, L.—Curtis-Bialsdell Co., $819.
Perlin, C.—B. K. Bloch, $75.
Peterson, C. F.—N. Y., costs, $114.
Podahsky, D.—Pittsburg Plate Glass Co., $585.
Poggi, P.—Am. Exchange Cigar Co., $69.
Press, Rosie—M. M. Singer, $1,368.
Poll, G.—Am. Transfer Co., $385.
Rogovin, J.—D. Kahn et al., $57.
Rockmore, A.—B. Davis, $460.
Reelmond, Mary—P. K. Mitchell, $231.
Romanelli, F. A.—G. L. Storm & Co., $113.
Ryan, P. J.—O. G. Borkstrom, $1,762.
Ruck, J. M.—N. Y. Telephone Co., $45.
Robinson, Lida—A. Abraham et al., $250.
Rosenberg, H.—N. Y. Telephone Co., $39.
Rose—Same, $45.
Rosenberg, I.—I. Horowits, $161.
Rudd, J.—Elizabeth C. McKibbin, $137.
Reimer, I.—J. Lessler, $110.
Rosenthal, S.—National Alumni, $62.
Ryan, D.—Augusta Rahders, $1,112.
Shallit, S.—B. K. Bloch, $99.
Rosenthal, J. W.—12th Ward Bank, $166.
Souhrada, F.—N. Y. Telephone Co., $25.
Sibley, F.—U. S. Paper Co., $125.
Sinclair, T.—Thomas & Barton Co., $156.
Schwartz, B.—F. R. Mitchell, $231.
Siegal, H.—J. Collins, $539.
Silverson, A.—B. Gruber, $188.
Shultz, G. J.—Emma Willms, $76.
Schrader, F.—Wm. E. Welch, costs, $126.
Same—City of N. Y., costs, $116.
Smith, C. R.—Realty Records Co., $232.
Tucker, Charne—J. Lessler, $110.
Teschner, Esther—14th St. Bank, $387.
Taylor, F. M.—N. Y. Telephone Co., $30.
Tannenbaum, E.—Realty Records Co., $104.
Uhl, Frederick E.—Raymond Van Praag Supply Company, $1,820.
Vallen, J. Christian—Peerless Motor Car Company of New York, $37.
Wagner, Samuel—Henry Reisner, $74.
Wittner, Samuel—Catherine Brenen, $436.
Wells, Almah—Grant Squire, et al., cash, $119.
Waterbury, Lawrence—Louis Wolf, et al., $1,760.
Wachter, Louis—Thavers Brothers Co., $129.
Wirsing, E. M.—J. E. Cowan, et al., $67.
Waterbury, Lawrence—Isaac Stern, et al., $1,172.
Wilson, Ellis, (not summoned)—Benjamin Gruber, $188.
Windeler, Herman—John D. Haar, et al., $410.
Sherman Mortgage & Realty Corp.—N. Y. Telephone Co., $63.
Cosmos Realty Company—14th Street Bank, $63.
The Bankers Surety Company—M. N. Clement, $1,875.
N. Y. City Ry. Co.—Grace Tracey, $1,126.
Metropolitan Surety Co.—Oscar G. Borkstrom, $1,762.
I. J. Borgenski & Co.—Percival Kuhne, et al., $41.
Hercules Realty Co.—Marco Brothers, $249.
Hercules Realty Co.—Olin J. Stephen, $141.
N. Y. City Ry. Co.—Joseph Ladzin, $100.
N. Y. & L. I. R. R. Co.—John Bogart, cost, $113.
Zeltner Brewing Co.—Paul R. G. Horst, $3,206.

Satisfied Judgments.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor and the date that when judgment was filed:

Clark, Bessie C.—H. W. Bell, March 16, 1908, $109.
Concanon, J. J.—Summit Realty Co., March 2, 1908, $97.
Ellerd, J.—W. H. Luckett, March 16, 1908, $719.
Flamm, Israel and Celia—E. Weiss, March 27, 1908, $110.
Friedman, W.—German Union Ins. Co. of Wilmington, Del., March 8, 1908, $22.
Keister, G.—M. E. Keister, Dec. 12, 1907, $564.
Munn, H. T., and S. Goodwin—E. Bayer, Feb. 13, 1907, $2,077.
Lavelle Construction Co.—P. Stein, Feb. 6, 1908, $149.
The Salvation Army—D. Hordern, July 5, 1907, (reversed,) $3,149.
Knobel, S.—A. Levy, Oct. 3, 1906, $129.

DEPARTMENT OF DOCKS AND FERRIES.

Sealed estimates for dredging on the North River (Contract 1,115) will be received by the Commissioner of Docks at Pier A, Battery Place, until 12 o'clock noon on Tuesday, April 14, 1908. (For particulars see City Record.)

DEPARTMENT OF DOCKS AND FERRIES.

Sealed estimates for furnishing coal (Contract 1,124) will be received by the Commissioner of Docks at Pier A, Battery Place, until 12 o'clock noon on Friday, April 10, 1908. (For particulars see City Record.)

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at the office of the Light-House Inspector, Tompkinsville, N. Y., until 2 o'clock P. M., April 28, 1908, and then opened, for furnishing and delivering mineral oil and lard oil of the quality required for the Light-House Service, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1909. In accordance with specifications, copies of which, with blank proposals and other information, may be had upon application to the Light-House Inspector, Tompkinsville, N. Y.

Arrival of Buyers

Buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Bacon, Chappell Co., Syracuse, N. Y.; Miss M. G. Morrissey, millinery; 817 Broadway; Hotel Victoria.

Gilchrist Company, Boston, Mass.; A. F. Clarke, dress goods, silks; 57 White Street.

Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Company, Rochester, N. Y.; J. Cook, linens; 454 Broome Street; Hotel Cadillac.

Bernheimer Brothers, Boston, Mass.; J. H. Boyce, domestics; Hotel Cadillac.

Dealy Brothers, Pawtucket, R. I.; D. P. Dealy, leather goods; Murray Hill Hotel.

Healy, R., Worcester, Mass.; cloaks and suits; Hotel Gregorian.

Stewart & Co., Boston, Mass.; W. W. Frederick, notions; 214 Church Street; Hotel Navarre.

Reed Brothers & Co., Cleveland, Ohio; C. J. Reed, millinery; 621 Broadway; Herald Square Hotel.

Sanger Brothers, Dallas, Texas; D. G. Oppenheimer, dress goods and woolens; 15 Mercer Street.

Long, Jonas, Sons, Scranton, Penn.; A. Long, house furnishing goods; 320 Church Street.

Siegel, P. & Brothers, Chicago, Ill.; Jay S. Herzfeld, cloaks and suits; 7 West 22d Street.

Grinsfelder, J. & Sons, Baltimore, Md.; S. Grinsfelder, silks; Hoffman House.

Phillipson, S. & Co., Chicago, Ill.; H. Morris, muslin underwear and skirts; Herald Square Hotel.

Taylor, J. D. & Co., Kansas City, Mo.; T. R. Robinson, dress goods; 487 Broadway.

Ives, Upham & Rand, Meriden, Conn.; Miss R. Moore, waists, corsets and muslin underwear; 75 Spring Street.

Bell & Hughes Company, Norwich, Conn.; A. Sharpe, cloaks and suits; 75 Spring Street.

Callender, McAuslan & Troup Company, Providence, R. I.; F. E. Williams, dry goods; 2 Walker Street.

Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co., Chicago, Ill.; W. B. Denny, cloaks, suits, and waists; 115 Worth Street.

Phillipsborn's, Milwaukee, Wis.; J. Isis, cloaks, suits, and waists; Hotel Wellington.

Gross, P. A. & Son, Milwaukee, Wis.; P. Gross, millinery; The Breslin.

Famous, St. Louis, Mo.; Clay Myers, waists, and furs; 4 Washington Place; The Breslin.

Houston, James A., Company, Boston, Mass.; R. McGowan, laces and handkerchiefs; 458 Broadway.

Donaldson, L. S., & Co., Minneapolis, Minn.; N. M. Scott, domestics and muslins; 2 Walker Street.

Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; Mr. Gibson, dry goods; 2 Walker Street.

Emigh & Straub, Troy, N. Y.; M. J. Straub, collars; St. Denis Hotel.

Forbes & Wallace, Springfield, Mass.; W. F. Maloney, furnishing goods, gloves, and hosiery; 2 Walker Street.

Clarke Brothers, Scranton, Penn.; C. L. Kresky, domestics and dress goods; Herald Square Hotel.

Cox Brothers, Ellenville, N. Y.; J. N. Cox, dry goods; Herald Square Hotel.

Howland Dry Goods Company, Bridgeport, Conn.; J. D. Granfield, furnishing goods, hosiery and gloves; J. Munsey, prints and ginghams; 75 Spring Street.

Duffy & McInerney Company, Rochester, N. Y.; Miss S. Barthey, laces, handkerchiefs, and gloves; 458 Broadway; T. H. McInnerney, dry goods; Hotel Victoria.

Shepard-Norwell Company, Boston, Mass.; Miss A. L. Lavers, furs; 31 Union Square.

Bear, J. M., & Co., Wilmington, N. C.; J. Bear, dry goods; 262 Church Street.

Brock, H. J., & Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; H. J. Brock, hats; Hotel Imperial.

Chandler & Co., Boston, Mass.; A. W. Harris, cloaks and suits; Hotel Imperial.

Barnard-Sumner-Putnam Company, Worcester, Mass.; W. K. Stanley, silks; 75 Spring Street; Hotel York.

Gimbel Brothers, Philadelphia, Penn.; S. Gimbel, dry goods; 821 Broadway; The Breslin.

Siegel, Henry, Company, Boston, Mass.; A. G. Ortlepp, cloaks, suits, and waists; Sixth Avenue and Nineteenth Street; The Breslin.

Ferrier, W. E., Kansas City, Mo.; dry goods; Hotel Wellington.

Have You Seen The I.B. Claflin Co's RIBBONS

SALESMAN.—Wanted, an experienced fur salesman for Michigan and Ohio States; one who has covered for some time and has trade in the mentioned territories; state experience and reference; no others need apply. Reply Furs, Box 32 Times, Times Square.

Guide for Buyers

Cards may be inserted here upon order through telephone 1000 Bryant.

ANDIRONS (Brass and Iron.)
Janusch Mfg. Co., 18 East 22d St.

ANTIQUE LAMPS.
Janusch Mfg. Co., 18 E. 22d St. Also modern. The Antique Lamp Mfg. Co., 33 W. 125th St.

APRONS.
Kursheedt Apron Co., 605 B'way. Rompers.

ART LINENS, EMBROIDERY MATERIAL, NOVELTIES.
Bentley, Chas. E., Co., 683 Broadway.
Frankenberg, Henry E., 457 Broome St.

ART & ELECTRICAL FIXTURES.
Universal Mfg. Co., 1 Madison Av., E'm 6,065.

AUTO COATS.
Silberman, Scheer & Meyer, formerly M. Silberman & Co., 36-38 W. 20. Also Raincoats.

AWNINGS, TENTS, AND FLAGS.
M. Magee & Son, 147 Fulton St.

BASKETS AND WILLOW WARE.
Chas. Zinn & Co., 180 Grand St.

BOYS' BLOUSES, WAISTS & SHIRTS
Edman Bros., 105 Franklin St. Est. 1858. Also Wash Suits and Knee Pants.

BRAIDS.
Kursheedt Mfg. Co., The, 438 Broadway.

BRASS NOVELTIES.
F. L. Harding, 41 Union Sq., (Desk Sets, &c.)

BUCKLES FOR CLOTHING MFGRS.
J.DukasCo.335 B'way.GlideB'kl's,Adv.Brushes

CARPETS, RUGS, AND OILCLOTHS.
Union Carpet Co., 221-223 Canal St.

CELLULOID GOODS.
Bloom & Mandell Co., 81 Walker St. Albums

CHILDREN'S DRESSES & ROMPERS
E. B. Kursheedt Apron Co., 605 Broadway.

CLOAKS AND SUITS.
Rothschild, L., 45 E. 8th St. Ladies' Silk Coats. U.S.Cray.R.C.Co.,33 W.18. SilkRub'risedCoats

CORSETS.
Boston Hygienic Corset Co., 1 West 34th St.

COSTUMES & Shirt Waist Dresses.
J. Goldberg, 27 West 24th St.

ELECTROTYPES AND CUTS.
Freud Engraving Co., 104 Fulton St.

EMBROIDERIES.
Leumann, Boesch & Weingart, 893 B'way.

ENVELOPES (Sample & Catalogue.)
The Clasp Envelope Co., 109 Leonard St.

FAVORS & TABLE DECORATIONS.
B. Shackman & Co., 812 Broadway.

FILTERS (WHOLESALE.)
Self-cleaning Stone Filters. Linke,1,561 B'way

FOUNTAIN & STYLO PENS.
Diamond Point Pen Co. Also Pearl, Gold, and Silver Writing Sets. 80-88 Fulton St.

HOSIERY.
Boley, M., 506 B'way. Men's Hosiery Exclus'ly
Haydock, J., 332 B'way. Hosiery, Underw'r.
Schiff, Henry, & Co., 890-92 B'way, cor. 19th

GLOVES—Kid, Fabric, Silk.
Weinstein, Max Co.,157 Spring, Mfrs. Kid&Silk

GLOVES—KID, FABRIC, & SILK.
Ferdinand Ehrlich & Sons, 518 Broadway.

KIMONOS, DRESSING SACQUES.
Nasrallah, S., 85 Washington St.

KNIT GOODS—COATS AND BL'SES.
Myres, Max M., 486 Broadway. Also Shawls.

KNIT GOODS—Knit Underwear.
American Hosiery Co., 108-110 Franklin St.
Samuels, I. A., & Co., 436 B'way. Mill Agts.

LADIES' COATS.
J. Mitteldorf, 36 E. 20. Silk & Pongee Nvlts.

LADIES' DR'SES & SH'RTW'ST S'TS.
J. Glockner, 34-36 West Houston St.
Spitzer & Harris, 132 West 17th St.

MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S CLOAKS AND DRESSES.
Getsky & Co., 110-112 Fifth Av.

NECKWEAR—Men's.
Berliner, Strauss & Meyer, 733, 735, 737 B'way.

OIL PAINTINGS & FR'M'D PICTURES
Gray & Co., 390 Pearl St. Gold Mirrors.

OSTRICH FEATHERS.
Taylor, M. J., & Co., Mfg., 37 East 18th St.

PICTURE AND WINDOW GLASS.
Vanborne, D. A., & Co., 467-469 Greenwich.

SHIRT WAISTS & SUITS—LADIES'.
Atlantic Waist Co., 64-66 East 11th St.

STATIONERY.
Fairman Co., Calendars, Tally's, 366 W. 15th.

SUITS, SKIRTS, & COVERT J'KETS.
Cohen&Pollack,35Wav'lyPl.Suits$6.50upto$18

TOYS AND NOVELTIES.
Selchow & Righter, 287 Canal St., nr. B'way.

WATER-PROOF TARPAULINS.
John Sullivan & Son, 356 Hudson St.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF New York.—KATHERINE ELIAS, as General Guardian of the Estate of HENRY F. ELIAS, an Infant, Plaintiff, against MARIE R. WINTERS, William Winters, John Ingle, Jr., and Helen D. Lewis, Defendants.

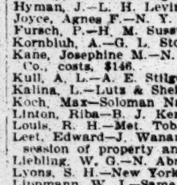
In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, bearing date the 25d day of March, 1908, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 23d day of April, 1908, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, Auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, with the building and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, in the County and State of New York, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the easterly side of Madison Avenue, (formerly called New Avenue East of Mount Morris Square,) which said easterly line is parallel with and distant four hundred and five feet westerly from the westerly line of Park Avenue, which point of beginning is distant fifty-one feet and four inches northerly from the northeasterly corner of said Madison Avenue and 120th Street, running thence easterly parallel with said 120th Street, and part of the way through a party wall eighty-three feet; thence northerly parallel with said easterly line of Madison Avenue sixteen feet; thence westerly parallel with said 120th Street, and part of the way through a party wall eighty-three feet to said easterly line of Madison Avenue, and thence southerly along said easterly line of Madison Avenue sixteen feet to the point or place of beginning.—Dated New York, March 31, 1908.

JOSEPH T. RYAN, Referee.

CARY & ROBINSON, Attorneys for Plaintiff, No. 59 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street number is 1,845 Madison Avenue:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold, is $11,443.06, with interest thereon from the 23d day of March, 1908, together with costs and allowance amounting to $327.92, with interest from said March 23, 1908, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is $207.89 and interest.—Dated New York, March 31, 1908.

JOSEPH T. RYAN, Referee.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In the matter of EVORY MNUFACTURING CO., Bankrupt.

Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer in Bankruptcy, will sell, Monday, April 6th, 1908, at 10:30 A. M., at Nos. 102 and 107 John Street, Manhattan, New York City, certain assets of the above-named bankrupt, consisting of a large stock of plumbers' and steamfitters' supplies, brass and copper goods, bath tubs, sinks, desks, safe, typewriter, fixtures, &c.

The property may now be inspected.

Dated April 1, 1908.

JONATHAN WAXMAN, Trustee.

HENRY W. SYKES, Attorney for Trustee, 346 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York. —In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JOHN RUDD, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, United States Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Friday, April 3, 1908, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 2,815 Eighth Av., and immediately thereafter at 1,768 Amsterdam Av., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of cans of corn, peas, salmon, sardines, tomatoes, sugar, flour, teas, coffee, oil, olives, beans, soaps, pickles, scales, mirrors, shelving, counters, awning, ice box, coffee mill, &c.

ELIHU ROOT, Jr., Receiver.

LESSER BROS., Attorneys for Receiver, 299 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York. —In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SAM GOLDNER, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, United States Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Thursday, April 9, 1908, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 130-132 Essex St., Borough of

Investment Securities

Yielding about

5% to 6½%

We are furnishing to investors copies of our Eight-Page Circular describing a carefully selected list of investments suitable for the most discriminating buyers.

The first page of this circular is devoted to a brief explanation of the primary factors which should govern individual investors in the selection of sound investments.

Write for Circular No. 119

Spencer Trask & Co.

Members New York Stock Exchange

William and Pine Streets, New York

$100,000 C., B. & Q., Ill. div., 1st mtg. 4s, due 1949.

Price on application. Legal for savings banks in N. Y. State and Mass.

CHISHOLM & CHAPMAN

Members New York Stock Exchange,

18 Wall St. 500 Fifth Ave.

Investment Bonds

Netting 4½ to 6%.

Russian, Japan, Mexican, Chilian, Brazilian and Argentine Government State and City Bonds. Also large line American Cities, Counties, Townships Schools and other bonds.

List furnished upon application.

Bonds sold for cash and on partial payment, balance to be paid as convenient to purchasers.

TOLMAN BROS. SECURITIES CO.,

Room 1,108 58 PINE STREET New York City

FOR SALE.

Chesebrough Manufacturing
Maryland Coal Pfd.
Safety Car Heating & Lighting
Texas Company
Oil Fields of Mexico
Kings Co. Electric Light & Power
Procter & Gamble Pfd.

FREDERIC H. HATCH,

Dealer in Unlisted Securities of Railroads and Other Corporations in the United States and elsewhere. Tel. 6330 Broad. 30 Broad St., New York.

To Yield 6%

LONG TERM INVESTMENT

on established property in the most rapidly growing suburb of

GREATER NEW YORK

EYER & CO.

Tel. 7750-1-2 Hanover **BANKERS** 37 Wall St. New York

"PUBLIC SERVICE ISSUES."

Kansas City Gas 1st 5s, 1922
Minneapolis St. Ry. Cons. 5s, 1919
Peoria Water Works p. l. 5s & Cons. 4s, 1948
Denver Gas & Elec. Gen. 5s, 1949
Milwaukee Lt., Ht. & Traction 5s, 1929
100 shs. Lacledo Gas Lt. Common Stock
100 shs. Saginaw-Bay City Tr. Com. Stock
60 shs. Amer. Gas & Elec. Pfd. Stock

LEONARD F. HEPBURN, Specialist

Tel. 3785-3786 Rector. 20 New St., City.

WE WILL BUY OR SELL

E. W. Bliss Co. Common
Hall Signal Common
Cripple Creek Central Com. and Pfd.
Tefft, Weller & Co. Preferred
Century Building Preferred
—All Active or Inactive Securities.—

WILLARD & CO.

Tel. 7067-8-9 Hanover. 15 Broad St., N. Y.

6% COAL BONDS AT 90

First Mortgage 6 per cent. bonds on a coal property, excellently located for the profitable marketing of its product.

Write for descriptive circular.

SWARTWOUT & APPENZELLAR

Phone 5670 John. Bankers. 44 Pine St., N. Y.

WHITE & CO.,

25 Pine Street, New York.

BANKERS AND DEALERS IN FIRST MORTGAGE RAILROAD AND CORPORATION BONDS.

Metropolitan Street Railway analysis will be mailed on request.

WANTED

American Light & Traction Pfd.

Dealers in High-Grade Inactive Securities.

SIEGEL, HEILNER & CO.,

Tel. 3354-5 Broad. 40 Broad St., N. Y.

WARDWELL & ADAMS

111 BROADWAY.

Members N. Y. Stock Exch. & Cotton Exchange. | Manhattan Hotel, 346 Broadway, 407 W. 14th St.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.

McCURDY HENDERSON & Co.,

BANKERS

24 Nassau Street

Members New York Stock Exchange.

INVESTMENT SECURITIES

H. W. HALSEY & CO.

BANKERS

BONDS FOR INVESTMENT.

49 WALL ST., NEW YORK.

Philadelphia Chicago San Francisco

L. B. WILSON. D. M. FERGUSON.

L. B. WILSON & CO.

Members Consolidated Stock Exchange of N. Y.

60 WALL ST., N. Y.

Stocks and bonds bought and sold for cash or on conservative margin.

FRACTIONAL LOTS.

POUCH & CO. 18 Wall St. Members New York Stock Exchange.

Bonds for Trustees, Executors and Private Investors. Write or call for Special Offerings

Send for our copyrighted book "Maturing Bonds."

FARSON, SON & CO.,

BONDS—STOCKS

INVESTMENT SECURITIES

Members {New York Stock Exchange. Chicago Stock Exchange.

34 Pine St. 'Phone 5492 John.

The Phenix National Bank

of the City of New York.
Corner of Nassau and Liberty Sts.

Accounts of Banks, Firms and Individuals Accepted.

Yours solicited.

Established 1852

The Nassau Bank

Corner Nassau and Beekman Sts, NEW YORK

The Trust Company of America

37-43 Wall St., New York.

COLONIAL BRANCH: 125 Broadway. LONDON OFFICE: 95 Gresham St., London, E. C.

Curb Stocks

There is an active, broadening market in established curb stocks in New York and Boston, and the tendency of prices is upward. Advantage should at once be taken of the present reaction.

Unequalled facilities for executing orders.

J. Thomas Reinhardt

20 Exchange Pl., Boston, Mass. 38 Broad St., N. Y.

Customers' Room Overlooking the Curb.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Display Irregularity—Call Money Rates, 2@1½ Per Cent.

NO ANNOUNCEMENT ON ERIE

Postponement of Directors' Meeting Influences Sentiment — German Government Loan Plans.

The course of prices on the Stock Exchange in the fore part of yesterday's session was determined in large measure by the belief generally entertained that, following a meeting of the Erie Directors later in the day, the question of the payment of the road's notes, which mature on Wednesday next, would be definitely settled, and an official statement to that effect made. After trifling declines, therefore, prices manifested strength, and in many instances there were full recoveries from the severe losses suffered on Tuesday, when the Erie's position seemed so dubious. The Directors gathered, but in the absence of a quorum action was again postponed, this time until to-day at 2 o'clock. This left matters in sufficiently indefinite shape to permit unfavorable conclusions to be drawn, and such conclusions were undoubtedly drawn on the floor of the Exchange. The immediate consequences were recessions from the morning's advances and a renewal of the unsettlement, which has characterized the market through the week. While this absence of official statement has undoubtedly affected sentiment adversely throughout the financial community, and may prove positively harmful when the time comes to offer Erie securities to the public, in banking quarters there is still maintained the belief that the maturing notes will be cared for as well as other pressing obligations. If this is correct it makes all the more regrettable the manner in which the entire affair has been handled. Among the speculative element, which controlled the trading almost exclusively, there was visible cheerfulness over reports from Washington that the Inter-State Commerce Commission will between this time and Monday put itself on record as favoring an increase of 10 per cent. in railroad rates, and such reports were made the basis for market operations. The shippers' attitude seems not to be taken into consideration. Among other matters attracting more or less attention were the reports on bank clearings for the month of March, which disclosed sharp decreases as compared with a year ago, but which in certain Western points, including St. Paul, Kansas City, and Omaha, underwent notable improvement, and the tabulation of commercial failures for the March quarter, which make up the greatest business mortality ever recorded for that quarter. Of more significance, however, was the fact that such failures were under those for the preceding quarter, while a comparison of the month of March with any other month since the October panic is strikingly favorable to March. On the Metal Exchange the price of copper was again reduced one-eighth of a cent a pound.

London's information on Wednesday that a large German loan was forthcoming was borne out by the announcement at Berlin yesterday of issues of $210,000,000, $50,000,000 of this to consist of Prussian Treasury notes and the rest of the issue to bear 4 per cent. interest. A subscription price a trifle under par was reported for the bonds, and it was intimated that to help their distribution the German Bank rate would soon be reduced again. Yesterday's German Bank statement showed an increase of $107,000,000 in circulation and a decrease of over $30,000,000 in cash, but this is hardly a representative showing, since the magnitude of the changes reflects the quarterly financing. The Bank of England statement disclosed a reduction in loans and an increase in the proportion of reserve to liabilities to 49.50 per cent. Money rates here were unchanged and the banks reported another small gain from the Sub-Treasury.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call on Stock Exchange collateral loaned at 1½@2 per cent., with the last loan at 2 per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 1¾ per cent.

Time money loaned at 3 per cent. for sixty days, 3¼@3½ per cent. for ninety days, 3¾@4 per cent. for four months, and 4¼ per cent. for five and six months.

Mercantile paper rates, 5¼@6 per cent. for four to six months' indorsed bills receivable and choice single names.

Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $331,470,773; balances, $18,001,059; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $1,760,185.

The local banks have gained $3,460,000 since Friday, as compared with a loss of $3,478,000 in the same time last week.

Sterling exchange closed dull, with demand quoted at $4.8645@$4.8650, sixty days at $4.8420@$4.8423, and cables at $4.8675@$4.8680.

Continental bills were quoted as follows: Francs, 5.19⅝ plus 1-64 and 5.16¼ less 8-64; reichsmarks, 94½ and 95¼ less 1-64@95¼; guilders, 40¼ plus 1-32.

Exchange on New York at Boston was quoted at 12½c discount; Chicago, 35c premium; St. Paul, 35c premium; St. Louis, 25c premium; New Orleans, commercial, 50c discount; bank, 25c discount; San Francisco, $1.25 premium.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was quoted in London at 25¼d per ounce, and in New York at 55⅛c. Mexican dollars were 47c.

PHILADELPHIA PRICES.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, April 2.—Several features of interest developed in to-day's local market. A strong demand for Lehigh Valley sprang up, sending its price 1⅞ points higher, but it steadied off ¼ in the later trading. Lehigh Navigation trust certificates also improved, rising 2½ points, and closing near the top. Tonopah Mining rose 9-16, but failed to hold. United Gas Improvement broke in the last sale 1¼ points, and failed to improve. Rapid Transit eased off fractionally, but Philadelphia Company preferred was up ½, Pennsylvania Steel 2½, and American Cement ⅝. Reading and United States Steel continued active. Total sales, 24,235 shares.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
200	Amer. Copper	58⅝	58⅝	58⅝
57	Cambria Steel	32⅞	32⅞	32⅞
74	Con. Traction of N. J.	29	28⅝	28⅝
179	Electric Co. of Am.	6½	6½	6½
226	Lake Sup. Corp. t. c.	9¼	9¼	9¼
4,878	Lehigh Valley	56¼	54⅝	56
318	Lehigh Nav. t. ctfs.	85	82¼	84⅝
150	Marsden			13
162	Pennsylvania	58 1-16	57⅛	58 1-16
10	Penn. Steel Co. pf.	93½	93½	93½
50	Phil. Co. pf.	37½	37½	37½
20	Phil. Electric	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞
1,585	Phil. Rapid Transit	17⅛	16⅞	17
12	Phil. Traction	88½	88½	88½
8,800	Reading	52⅜	51¼	51 9-16
16	Reading 1st pf.	41	41	41
1,050	Tonopah Belmont	1 8-16	1⅛	1⅛
2,903	Tonopah Mining	8¼	7⅞	7⅞
85	Union Traction	52	51½	52
218	U. G. Imp.	78	76⅝	76⅝
100	United Rys. inv. s. p.	16	16	16
4,060	U. S. Steel	34⅛	33⅝	33¾

*Unlisted. †From last previous sale, based on 100-share lots.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Thursday, April 2, 1908.

Total sales April 2, 1908 463,055
From Jan. 1, 1908 13,453,458
Corresponding date last year 75,992,146

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	†Net Change.
7⅞	7⅝	100	Allis-Chalmers	7⅞	7⅞	7¼	7¼	+ ⅛
18⅞	18⅞	200	Allis-Chalmers pf.	18⅝	18⅞	18⅝	18⅝	−1⅛
58⅞	59	28,500	*Amalgamated Cop.	58⅞	59⅝	58⅞	59	
47	47½	200	American Can	47	47½	47	47⅛	...
49½	50⅜	100	American Can pf.	49⅞	49⅞	49⅞	49⅞	...
32	32¼	2,200	Am. Car & Foundry	31½	32⅛	31½	32⅛	+ ⅛
5½	6	100	*Amer. Grass Twine	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	...
30	31½	100	Am. Hide & Leather	30⅜	31½	30⅜	31½	+ ⅝
19½	19⅝	480	Amer. Ice Securities	19⅜	19⅝	19⅜	19⅝	...
44	44½	1,050	*Amer. Locomotive	43⅞	44⅜	43⅞	44⅛	+ ⅜
93	94	100	*Am. Locomotive pf.	93½	93½	93½	93½	+ ⅝
68	68¼	37,500	*Amer. Smelt. & Ref.	67⅝	68⅜	67⅝	68	+ ⅜
94	96	200	*Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf.	94⅛	95	94⅛	95	+ ⅝
124	125	400	*Amer. Sugar Ref.	124	124⅜	124	124⅜	+ ⅝
85	87	100	Amer. Tobacco pf.	85	85	85	85	+ ⅝
18½	20	100	*American Woolen	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	...
38½	38⅝	2,700	*Anaconda Cop. Min.	38	38½	37⅞	38½	+ ⅞
73⅞	74	5,100	Atch., Top. & S. F.	74⅛	74⅝	74	74	...
85½	86	1	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf.	86	86	86	86	...
71	71½	100	Atlantic Coast Line	71½	71½	71½	71½	+ ⅝
82⅝	82⅞	500	Baltimore & Ohio	82	83⅛	82	83	− ⅛
35⅞	4	100	Batopilas Mining	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	...
44⅝	45	5,885	Brook. Rapid Transit	43⅞	44½	44⅛	45	− ⅜
21	25	10	*Butterick Co.	20	20	20	20	...
151½	152	5,000	Canadian Pacific	151	153⅛	150⅜	151⅝	− ⅛
147½	148½	400	*Can. P.sub.cfs.1st pd.	147½	148⅝	147½	148½	+ ⅝
20	20⅛	1,100	Central Leather Co.	20⅞	20⅞	20	20	− ⅛
87⅛	88	280	Cent. Leather Co. pf.	87⅜	87⅜	87⅛	87⅛	+ ⅛
31	31⅜	800	Chesapeake & Ohio	31⅛	31⅜	31	31⅛	+ ⅛
5	5¼	600	Chicago Great West.	5	5⅛	5	5⅛	...
17	23	100	Chi. Gt. West. pf. A.	17¼	17¼	17¼	17¼	+ ¼
111¾	113	4,710	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul.	117⅜	117⅝	116⅝	117⅜	...
		1,400	*C., M. & St. P. cts., 45 per cent. paid.					− ⅛
134	135	100	*C., M. & St.P.pf.cts., 45 per cent. paid.	112	112¼	111½	111⅝	+ ¼
146¼	147	450	Chicago & Northw.	134⅞	134⅞	134⅝	134⅞	+ ⅝
1½	1⅝	500	*Chi. Union Tr. I. r.	146	146½	146	146⅜	+ ½
52½	53½	120	C., C., C. & St. L.	1½	1⅝	1½	1⅝	+ ⅛
23⅝	24	7,900	Colorado Fuel & Iron	53½	53½	53¼	53½	+ ¼
248	25	2,200	Colorado Southern	24½	24⅞	24⅜	24⅞	+1
53½	54⅛	1,120	Col. Southern 1st pf.	25	25⅞	24	24	− ⅝
44	44½	100	Col. Southern 2d pf.	54½	55¼	54⅝	54⅝	+ ⅛
18⅜	19½	250	Col. & H. C. & Iron.	44½	44½	44½	44½	+ ½
116½	117	4,050	Consolidated Gas	18⅝	18⅝	18⅛	18⅜	−1⅛
13	13⅛	300	Corn Products Ref.	113⅜	117⅞	113¾	116½	− ⅝
153	155	500	Delaware & Hudson.	13	13⅛	13	13⅛	+3
19	20	1,000	Denver & Rio Grande.	154	154½	154	154	...
51⅜	52	360	Denver & Rio Gr. pf.	19⅝	19⅝	19	19½	+1
31½	32	300	*Distillers Securities	52	52	51¾	51¾	+ ¾
10¾	11	400	*Dul., S. S. & At.	31½	31⅞	31½	31⅞	+ ⅝
18½	19¼	700	*Dul., S. S. & At. pf.	10¾	11	10¾	11	+ ⅝
14⅛	14⅝	4,200	Erie	71	71	71	71	+ ½
31	31⅜	800	Erie 1st pf.	33¾	33¾	33¾	33¾	+ ⅝
111⅞	111	1,450	Erie 2d pf.	19	19	18⅝	18⅞	+ ⅜
93	94	100	Minn., St. P. & S. M.	24½	24½	24½	24½	+ ⅝
68	68¼	37,500	Mo., Kansas & Texas.	109⅝	112	109⅝	111⅝	+ ¾
94	96	200	Mo., Kan. & Tex. pf.	23¼	23½	23	23¼	+ ⅜
124	125	5,575	Missouri Pacific.	53¾	54¼	54	54	+ ⅜
85	87	400	*National Biscuit Co.	40	42⅜	40	42⅜	+ ⅝
184½	20	100	*National Lead Co.	78	78	78	78	+ ⅝
38⅛	38⅝	1,000	*Newhouse M. & S.	53¾	56⅜	55	56½	+ ⅝
73⅞	74	2,100	*N. Y. Air Brake.	67	67	65	65	...
63½	64½	5,100	New York Central.	67⅝	67⅝	67⅝	67⅝	+ ⅞
85½	86	1	Norfolk & Western.	96⅝	98¼	96⅝	97⅞	+ ⅝
50	51	100	North American	63½	63½	63½	63½	+ ⅝
127⅛	127¼	13,010	Northern Pacific	51	51	51	51	...
110	110¼	800	*N. P. rects. 62½% pd.	127	127⅝	126⅝	127⅛	+ ⅛
71½	73½	610	Pacific Coast	110½	111	110¼	111	+ ⅛
29½	29¼	600	Pacific Mail	72	72½	71¾	71½	+ ⅛
115¾	116	9,350	Pennsylvania R. R.	29½	29⅞	29	29¼	+ ⅛
88⅞	89⅛	800	People's Gas, Chi.	115⅝	116⅜	115⅝	116	+ ⅝
23¼	23⅝	140	Pressed Steel Car	89	89	88⅞	88⅞	− ⅛
33½	35	100	R'way Steel Spring.	28⅛	28⅝	28⅛	28⅜	+ ⅛
103⅛	103½	110,940	Reading	84	84	84	84	...
81½	84⅜	200	Reading 1st pf.	103½	104¼	102½	103⅛	+ ⅝
18⅝	18⅞	1,100	*Rep. Iron & Steel.	82	82	82	82	−2
70½	71	1,200	*Rep. Iron & Steel pf.	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	...
14⅜	14⅝	200	Rock Island Co.	70⅝	70⅞	70⅝	70⅝	...
26¼	27¼	300	Rock Island Co. pf.	14	14	14	14	− ⅝
24	26	450	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf.	26⅞	27	26⅝	27	...
46½	47	100	Sloss-Shef. S. & Iron.	25⅝	25⅝	24¾	24¼	−3
73½	73⅝	6,900	Southern Pacific	46¼	46⅞	46⅛	46⅝	+ ⅝
13	13⅜	1,150	South. R'way ext.	73½	74⅛	73⅛	73⅝	+ ⅛
37⅜	37⅝	1,700	South. R'way pf., ext.	13½	13⅝	13	13½	+ ⅛
42	42¼	7,300	*Tennessee Copper	37	37⅜	37	37⅛	+ ⅛
19	19½	100	Third Avenue	41⅞	42⅜	41⅞	42	+ ⅛
18	18½	100	Tol., St. L. & West.	19⅝	19⅞	19⅛	19⅛	+ ⅛
42¾	43	1,200	Tol., St. L. & W. pf.	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	+ ⅛
83	85	100	Union Pacific	42	42⅜	42	42⅜	+ ⅛
124⅜	124⅞	94,350	Union Pacific pf.	84	84	84	84	...
78½	80	224	United Fruit	125	128⅛	125	125	...
16	19	200	United Rys. Inv.	80	80	80	80	...
34	35	100	United Rys. Inv. pf.	16	16	16	16	...
23½	25	500	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe.	35	35	35	35	...
40	41	600	U. S. Realty & Imp.	25	25⅛	25	25	...
22	23	500	U. S. Rubber.	41	41	40	40	...
84	85	300	U. S. Rubber 1st pf.	22¼	22½	22¼	22¼	+ ⅛
52	55	300	U. S. Ruber 2d pf.	85	84	84	84	−1
33½	33⅝	45,350	U. S. Steel.	54	54	52	52	−1
98⅛	98⅜	2,725	U. S. Steel pf.	33⅝	34½	33½	33⅝	− ⅛
30⅝	30⅞	10,600	*Utah Copper	98½	98½	98⅛	98⅛	− ⅝
10¼	10½	100	Wabash pf.	30⅜	31	30⅜	30⅜	− ⅛
18	18½	400	Wabash pf.	10¼	10⅜	10¼	10¼	+ ⅛
54	55	1,800	Westinghouse E. & M.	17	18	17	18	+ ⅝
75	90	200	Westinghouse 1st pf.	55	55½	54⅛	55	+ ⅛
7½	8½	100	Wheel. & L. E. 2d pf.	77	77	77	77	−3
37	40	100	Wisconsin Central pf.	7½	7½	7½	7½	− ⅛
				87	87	87	87	...

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

GULF & SHIP ISLAND—

	1908.	1907.	1906.
Mileage	307	307	
3d week March	$38,669	$56,250	$36,180
From July 1	$1,623,357	1,770,126	1,502,859

GULF & SHIP ISLAND for February—

Gross	151,365	204,827	179,842
Exp. & taxes	135,254	140,051	120,886
Net	16,111	64,776	58,456
8 mos. gross	1,504,984	1,611,065	1,567,066
Exp. & taxes	1,184,533	1,165,339	917,696
8 mos. net	320,451	455,726	649,372

LOUISIANA & ARKANSAS for February—

Gross	75,705	92,735	94,700
Exp. & taxes	62,083	65,601	60,114
Net	13,616	27,134	34,586
8 mos. gross	763,884	788,616	847,333
Exp. & taxes	543,293	548,548	647,033
8 mos. net	220,591	225,267	342,734

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE for February—

Gross	3,263,872	3,696,996	3,482,962
Exp. & taxes	2,583,696	2,782,485	2,519,238
Net	859,977	964,561	918,714
8 mos. gross	31,114,965	31,519,444	28,265,179
Exp. & taxes	24,534,880	22,162,782	19,988,543
8 mos. net	6,580,105	9,356,662	8,276,636

MINNEAPOLIS, ST. PAUL & SAULT STE. MARIE for February—

	1908.	1907.	Decrease.
Gross	680,365	702,339	764,745
Expenses	512,332	578,593	442,336
Net	168,033	123,744	322,409
8 mos. gross	8,321,784	8,209,198	7,758,118
Expenses	4,973,938	4,672,344	3,583,543
8 mos. net	3,241,848	3,536,853	4,174,575

MOBILE & OHIO for the month of February—

	1908.	1907.	Decrease.
Mileage	926	926	
Gross op. rev.	668,821	891,534	224,712
Op. expenses	480,954	692,617	111,662
Net op. revenue	185,867	298,917	113,050
Taxes	12,100	12,100	
Op. income	173,767	284,817	113,050
Per cent. exp. to gross revenue, (includ. taxes)	78.03	67.82	.....
From July 1:			
Mileage	926	926	
Gross op. rev.	6,785,518	6,894,947	109,434
Op. expenses	4,874,063	4,653,355	*220,708
Net op. revenue	1,911,449	2,241,592	330,142
Taxes	120,700	96,700	*24,000
Op. income	1,790,749	2,144,892	354,142
Per cent. exp. to gross revenue, (includ. taxes)	73.61	68.90	.....

*Increase.

NASHVILLE, CHATTANOOGA & ST. LOUIS for February—

	1908.	1907.	1906.
Gross	831,413	992,708	878,447
Expenses	649,812	765,142	640,679
Net	181,601	227,561	237,768
Chgs. and int.	149,447	149,017*	148,900
Surplus	32,154	78,544	88,868
8 mos. gross	7,486,794	7,731,970	7,050,659
Expenses	5,894,784	6,100,067	5,311,400
8 mos. net	1,592,080	1,631,903	1,739,259
Chgs. and int.	1,324,264	1,195,435	1,190,007
8 mos. surplus	367,206	436,468	548,252

NEW YORK, ONTARIO & WESTERN for February—

Gross	515,485	518,658	457,806
Exp. and taxes	443,604	415,252	353,857
Net	71,881	103,406	73,949
Deficit	14,015	*29,885	*4,480
8 mos. gross	5,415,698	5,427,123	5,047,280
Exp. and taxes	3,787,257	3,669,554	3,905,783
8 mos. net	1,628,441	1,757,569	1,441,497
Net charges	658,852	593,484	564,192
8 mos. surplus	969,589	1,164,085	877,305

*Surplus.

WHEELING & LAKE ERIE for February—

Gross	311,919	449,404	408,434
Exp. and taxes	287,885	329,208	289,500
Net	24,034	120,196	136,934
8 mos. gross	3,067,273	4,014,053	3,756,144
Exp. and taxes	3,143,257	2,848,646	2,845,299
8 mos. net	814,016	1,365,407	1,112,845

Miscellaneous Earnings.

KEYSTONE TELEPHONE for February—

	1908.	1907.	Increase.
Gross	86,241	82,687	3,554
Exp. and taxes.	45,042	41,168	3,874
Net	41,199	41,519	*320
8 mos. gross	698,823	647,065	51,758
Exp. and taxes.	369,643	340,005	29,638
8 mos. net	329,180	298,080	31,100

*Decrease.

PITTSBURG TRANSACTIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, April 2.—Transactions to-day on the local Exchange were as follows:

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10,000	Antelope Mining	80c	80c	80c
72	Cent. Dis. & Pitts Tel.	108	108	108
75	Crucible Steel	3¼	3¼	3¼
30	Crucible Steel pf.	37	37	37
10	Fireproofing	33¼	33¼	33¼
51	Fireproofing pf.	14¾	14¾	14¾
40	Harb.-Walker Ref. pf.	68	68	68
95	Independent Brewing	6¼	6	6
200	Interior Mining	16c	16c	16c
100	Mfrs. L. & H.	12¾	12	12¼
24	Ohio Fuel	34¼	34¼	34¼
800	Pittsburg Con.	11c	11c	11c
645	Pittsburg Plate Glass.	90½	90½	90½
80	River Coal pf.	25	25	25
200	Shoshone	2¾	2¾	2¾
225	Tonopah Extension	83c	83c	83c
5	U. S. Steel pf.	98⅛	98	98⅛
217	Westing. Elec. 2d	27¼	26¾	26¾

BONDS.

$1,000	Sewer Pipe 6s	90	90	90

BOSTON STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, April 2.—The local copper shares were slightly lower this morning. North Butte rallied to 54, Boston Consolidated sold up fractionally, while the whole list shows some slight improvement. The close was steady at the recession.

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$6,000	Am. Tel. & Tel. 4s	79¾	79¾	79¾
11,000	Am. T. & T. conv. 4s	81⅞	81⅞	81⅞
3,000	At., Top. & S. F. 4s	96½	96½	96½
1,000	C., B. & Q. deb. 5s	100	100	100
6,000	C., B. & Q. joint 4s	93¾	93¾	93¾
1,000	C.,I.U. & S.Y. 5s, 1916	101¼	101¼	101¼
3,000	Inter.-Met. 4½s	57⅞	57⅞	57⅞

RAILROADS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
4	Boston & Albany	199¾	199¾	199¾
11	Boston & Maine	135	135	135
1	Boston & Providence	290	290	290
85	C. J. R. & S. Y. pf.	108½	108	108
46	N. Y. N. H. & H.	133	131¾	131¾
5	Old Colony	188	188	188
50	Rutland pf.	29	29	29
405	Union Pacific	126	124¾	125
56	West End	86⅝	86	86⅝
27	West End pf.	102	101	102

TELEPHONES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
588	*American	109	108¼	108¼
36	†New England	108	108	108
591	New England rights	75c	67c	70c
33	Western pf.	63½	63½	63½

MISCELLANEOUS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
27	*Am. Ag. Chem. pf.	81	80	80
160	American Pneu.	5½	5½	5½
50	American Pneu. pf.	13	13	13
88	*American Sugar	124½	123¾	124½
71	*American Sugar pf.	121	120	121
22	*American Woolen pf.	84	83	83
15	Edison	205	205	205
210	Massachusetts Gas	51	50¾	50¾
38	Mass. Gas pf.	83¼	83	83
5	Pullman	153	153	153
65	Reece	94	94	94
25	Swift	97½	97	97½
197	*United Fruit	124	123½	123½
275	*United Shoe	46¾

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Highly Irregular Market.

Humorists found something to talk about yesterday afternoon in what they described as the shortest bull market on record. This had reference to the sharp rally when prices were marked up with comparative ease and when it looked as if very much higher figures would be scored before the close. Instead of that the market turned quickly, and in a few minutes all the advance had been lost and the illusion of strength had disappeared. Union Pacific was advanced with the greatest ease to 126¼, but the subsequent reaction showed no hesitancy on the downward movement, and the final closing figure was 124¾. It was not the reaction of 1¾ points which excited comment, but the quickness of the reaction and the change in sentiment even before the better feeling inspired by the advance had had time to crystallize. The market generally was absolutely unsatisfactory to a majority of the traders. It required a continuance of agility to scalp any profits, the closing figures showing very little difference from the preceding night, and while the high figures indicated comparative strength during the day it has been already noted that the period for which they existed was so short that few could avail themselves of them.

***

Erie Again a Factor.

Just what the reactionary influence was it would be difficult to tell exactly, but the one assigned was the adjournment of the Erie meeting until to-day without definite action. It has been the assumption of brokers and traders that the Erie situation is a real influence at the moment, price movements in the immediate future depending a great deal on whether a plan will be evolved to carry the road through its financial difficulties, or whether it will be allowed to go into the hands of a receiver. Naturally the adjournment yesterday gave some strength to those who contend that a receivership is unavoidable, even considering the announcement of a day or so ago that a $15,000,000 note issue is contemplated. There are stories going the rounds, gossip without any pretension to official sanction, that there is a division of sentiment among the Directors, and that old antagonists are lined up on either side, making the solution of the problem a little more difficult. Such gossip may or may not have a foundation in fact. It helps to while away the time in dull days in the stock market.

***

New Union Pacific Gossip.

Some ascribed the strength in Union Pacific to the report from San Francisco that French bankers are interested in the new Union Pacific loan, and that there is a possibility that a substantial part of it will go abroad. The detail given was not sufficiently impressive to be accepted as conclusive, but traders bullishly inclined regarded it hopefully and assumed that it might be at least a possibility. Local information up to the close of the market relative to this particular loan was not very illuminating, and the exact effect on the market was a question for those analytically inclined to determine. The present market is of such a character that it is impossible for the ordinary observer to decide what are the influences causing price fluctuations and what of the day's developments are to be eliminated. There is no question about one thing, however, and that is the professional character of the market. If it be true that the big interests are influencing prices they are content to remain strangely apathetic. The character of the price movements at the present time is calculated to worry the average trader rather than to do anything else. There is a decisive conflict of opinion expressed in brokers' letters.

***

Real Money Scarce.

Call money is quoted below 2 per cent.; time funds, as quoted in the financial district, indicate no stringency, but there is a daily complaint that it is more or less difficult to get money for any purpose which will tie it up for any lengthy period. There was a case in point which developed in a broker's office a day or so ago. One of the customers who has a fairly good account with a house told how he was anxious to raise some money without disturbing his margins on the stock he was carrying. He held a mortgage on certain Long Island property located in a district which should of itself tend to make the property comparatively valuable. The amount of the mortgage was small compared with the estimated, or even assessed, valuation. He wanted to obtain a four months' loan amounting to two-thirds of the face of the mortgage, giving as security his own note and an assignment of the mortgage to any one lending him the money. He said that he had made a diligent canvass among his friends without result, then among men who might be interested in the matter from a purely business point of view, and finally he was compelled to turn over the mortgage to his broker and withdraw the money he needed. He has a poor opinion of the money market.

***

Errors of the Professionals.

Professional traders who are supposed by the orthodox believer in their omniscience to make no mistakes in the matter of market movements are nevertheless very human in their speculations and very often unable to judge the effect of developments of which they have a prior knowledge. This does not need a daily demonstration, inasmuch as those who are acquainted with the actual doings in the speculative markets know perfectly well how very wrong many of the professional traders can be. In one office during the past week one of the biggest traders on the floor has been wrong in almost every position he has taken, and he has been frank to admit this fact, which could be demonstrated by the figures of his accounts. When these traders get wrong on the market they are likely to find it difficult to get in step again, but they have one advantage in that they are quick to realize when they are not in harmony with the speculative trend, and accordingly limit their losses by curtailing their operations.

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

Further reductions of ⅛c per pound in the asking prices of all grades of copper were made at the New York Metal Exchange yesterday, making Lake 18@18¼c, electrolytic 18⅛@18, and castings 18⅛@18¼.

In the London market gains of 7s 6d and of 5s, respectively, for spot and futures, were made over the last prices for Wednesday, leaving spot at £59 5s and futures at £59 12s 6d. Pig tin closed strong, at an improvement of £1 5s for spot and £1 10s for futures, at £142 10s and £141, respectively. Lead was unchanged at £14 2s 6d. Spelter was strong at £21 10s. Iron warrants were steady at 49s 6d for standard foundry and 51s for Middlesboro.

The closing bid and asked prices of copper and other metals, for spot delivery, on the New York Metal Exchange yesterday, compare as follows with those of the previous day:

	Thursday.		Wednesday.	
	Bid.	Asked.	Bid.	Asked.
Lake	13.00	13.12½	13.00	13.25
Electrolytic	12.87½	13.00	12.87½	13.12½
Castings	12.62½	12.75	12.62½	12.87½
Lead	3.90	4.00	3.90	4.00
Spelter	4.60	4.70	4.60	4.70
Tin	30.75	31.25	30.75	31.25

COLORADO MINING STOCKS.

Special to The New York Times.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Col., April 2.—The following were the closing quotations on the local Exchange to-day:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Elkton	51¾	52	Isabella	83½	88½
El Paso	32	33	Portland	104	110
Rawlings	11¾	14	Vindicator	80¼	86
Findlay	29	30½	Work	11¼	13

COMMISSION REPORT DODGES LABOR FIGHT

Inter-State Board's Indorsement of Hand Brakes on Trains Changed in Revised Version.

ROOSEVELT TOOK A HAND

The Trainmen's Unions Appealed to Him and the Paragraph They Opposed Was Changed in Final Report.

The Inter-State Commerce Commission report for 1907, in its final shape, prepared for distribution, contains striking changes from the text of the report submitted to Congress by the commission on Dec. 23 last. The changes affect an important phase of the safety appliance law, and the commission, after flatly taking the position that railroads were justified in using hand brakes as well as air brakes in controlling the speed of trains, so changed the language of its report as to avoid a direct issue between the commission and the railroad labor unions which have opposed the use of hand brakes.

In its amended form the commission's report says that a difference of opinion in the matter has arisen which, seemingly, will call for settlement by judicial decision.

In connection with the change in the language of the commission's report between the time it was sent to Congress and of its distribution to the public it is interesting to recall the criticism which the language of the original report called forth in railroad labor union circles. The Railroad Trainman, the official organ of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, in its issue for February, violently criticised the commission for its statements regarding the need of using hand brakes as well as air brakes. Further, it has been reported, the trainmen carried their protest direct to President Roosevelt. The change in the language of the report is particularly significant in view of these protests, as it will doubtless be regarded in some quarters as an indication that the commission has changed the language of its official report to avoid offending the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen.

In its original shape the commission's report, Page 138, Paragraph 4, reads:

The question of the safe handling of trains on heavy grades has been brought to the attention of the commission, it being contended that a literal interpretation of the law requires that trains shall be handled exclusively by means of air brakes, under all circumstances and conditions of train operation. The object and intent of the law is to save life. If trains cannot be handled upon these heavy grades without the use of hand brakes, it is certainly not the intent of the law to require that they be controlled by air alone. The commission has made a very extensive examination of the practices in handling trains on heavy grades in all parts of the country. A report concerning this matter is now being prepared and will be published later.

The corresponding paragraph in the bound copies which have just been prepared for distribution reads:

Differences of opinion between officials of some of the carriers, and between representatives of the employes, in whose behalf this law was primarily enacted, as to the proper and correct interpretation and application of the law in connection with the handling of trains descending heavy grades, have been brought to the attention of the commission, and it seems altogether probable that judicial determination will be necessary to settle these questions. The commission has made an extensive investigation of the practices of handling trains on heavy grades in all parts of the country, and a report concerning this matter is now in preparation, which will be published later.

Another interesting point in the situation is that the report of its investigators, which the commission in its December report said was to be published later, was actually printed in December, but has not yet been made public. It is understood that in this report the commission's experts fully justify the use of hand brakes in conjunction with air brakes as a measure of safety in controlling the speed of trains on grades.

The claim of the railroads in the matter is that greater safety is assured by an intelligent use of both kinds of brakes than by relying solely on air brakes.

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Thursday, April 2, 1908.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
14,140	Amal. Cop.	59	59¾	58¼	59¼
560	Am. Cen. Fnd.	31½	33	31½	32½
10	Am. Ice	19¾	19¾	19¾	19¾
420	Am. Locom.	44	44½	43¾	44⅝
24,580	Am. Smelt.	67¼	68¾	66⅛	66⅛
100	Am. Sugar	124	125	124	124⅞
360	Anacon. Cop.	38	38⅝	37½	38¼
380	A. T. & S. F.	74	74½	73¾	74
2,340	Brook. R. T.	45¼	45¾	44¼	45
60	Can. Pac.	151¾	152¾	151⅝	152⅝
10	Ches. & O.	31½	31½	31⅛	31⅛
1,800	C. M. & St. P.	117¾	118	116	117⅛
3,610	Col. Fuel & I.	24⅝	24⅝	23¾	23⅞
10	Dist Secur.	31⅝	31⅝	31⅝	31⅝
680	Erie	15⅞	15¼	14⅝	14⅝
40	Gt. North. pf.	123¼	123½	123¼	123½
10	M. K. & T.	23⅝	23⅝	23⅝	23⅝
950	Mo. Pac.	40	42¼	40	42¾
10	Nt Lead	55¾	55¾	55¾	55¾
140	N. Y. Cent.	97	98	96¾	97¼
780	N. Pac.	126⅜	127⅞	126⅜	127¼
60	Pac. Mail	28¾	29½	28¾	29½
360	Pennsylvania	116	116¼	115⅝	116⅛
29,220	Reading	103¾	104⅝	102⅝	103¼
80	Rep. Steel	18½	18¾	18½	18½
10	Rck Isl.	14¼	14¼	14¼	14¼
1,060	S. Pac.	73½	74	73½	73⅝
890	South. Ry.	13⅝	13⅝	13	13½
10	South. Ry pf.	37½	37½	37½	37½
43,580	Union Pacific	124⅞	126⅝	124¼	125
20	U. S. Rubber	22⅝	22⅝	22½	22½
7,570	U. S. Steel	33⅞	34½	33⅜	33½
540	U. S. Steel pf.	98½	98⅝	98	98⅛
30	Utah Cop.	30	30	29	29
10	Wabash	10¼	10¼	10¼	10¼
10	Wabash pf.	17	17	17	17

134,230

MINING STOCKS.

100	Con. Cal. & V.	.45	.45	.45	.45
1,300	Diam'field	10½	10½	10½	10½
1,500	El Paso	32½	32½	32½	32½
300	Elkton	.53	.53	.53	.53
1,275	G'field Con.	5.12½	5.50	5.12½	5.37½
900	G'field Daisy	1.35	1.40	1.35	1.40
500	Jim Butler	.31	.31	.31	.31
500	Leadville	.06	.06	.06	.06
2,000	May Queen	.09	.09	.09	.09
500	Mexican	.84	.84	.84	.84
1,000	Mont Anchor	.02	.02	.02	.02
500	Montgom. Mt.	.15	.15	.15	.15
500	Red Hill	.28	.28	.28	.28
500	Sanlstorm	.40	.40	.40	.40
150	Standard	1.45	1.45	1.45	1.45
400	Tonopah Bel.	1.15	1.15	1.15	1.15
2,300	Tramps Con.	21½	21½	21	21

14,025

WHEAT.

87,800	May op	92¾	93¼	92½	93¼

THE COTTON MARKET.

Lower, Despite Bullish News—Closes Steady, 2 to 13 Points Down.

Cotton was easier yesterday notwithstanding reports of steady markets in the South and talk of a better demand for cotton goods. Late months were relatively steady owing to less favorable weather. The market closed steady at a net decline of 2@18 points. Sales were estimated at 175,000 bales.

The market opened steady at a decline of 1 point to an advance of 3 points in response to steady Liverpool cables, large English spot sales, unfavorable weather, and more encouraging reports from manufacturing circles. Shortly after the opening the market weakened. While the local stock consists of only 80,504 bales, there seems to be no competition for it.

The range of contract prices in the local market yesterday was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Wed. Close.
April	....	....	9.50@9.55	9.61
May	9.70	9.54	9.58@9.65	9.71
June	9.72	9.72	9.63@9.65	9.73
July	9.78	9.63	9.66@9.67	9.77
August	9.72	9.65	9.59@9.61	9.71
October	9.61	9.52	5.55@....	9.58
November	9.60	9.60	....@....	....
December	9.62	9.54	9.56@9.57	9.59
January	9.60	9.60	9.58@9.59	9.60
March	....	....	9.61@9.63	....

The local market for spot cotton was quiet and 10 points lower, at 10.40 for middling upland and 10.65 for middling Gulf. Sales, 50 bales.

Southern spot markets were telegraphed as follows: Savannah—Steady, unchanged, at 10½c; sales, 383 bales. Norfolk—Steady, unchanged, at 10 7-16c; sales, 103 bales. Augusta—Steady, unchanged, at 10½c; sales, 107 bales. Memphis—Steady, unchanged, at 10¾c; sales, 2,900 bales. Galveston—Steady, unchanged, at 10¼c; sales, 1,075 bales. New Orleans—Steady, unchanged, at 10½c; sales, 550 bales.

Travelers' Letters of Credit

Payable throughout the World

The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company,

Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street.
Branch Office, 475 Fifth Avenue,
New York.

LONDON: 18 Bishopsgate St., Within.
PARIS: 78 Rue de Richelieu

Bills of Exchange, Cheques and Cable Transfers.

PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST GUARANTEED BY THE SOUTHERN PACIFIC COMPANY

SOUTH PACIFIC COAST RAILWAY

First Mortgage Gold 4s, due 1937

SECURED BY FIRST LIEN ON 100 MILES OF RAILROAD. COMMENCING IN 1912, A SINKING FUND PROVIDES FOR THE RETIREMENT OF THIS ISSUE BY MATURITY

Price, 88¼ and interest, Yielding about 4¼%

MOFFAT & WHITE

5 Nassau St. BANKERS New York City

THE FOREIGN MARKET.

Stocks Dull and Weak in London, but Firm in Paris and Berlin.

LONDON, April 2.—Money was in good demand on the market to-day, and discounts were firm, on the increased demand for gold, which caused the price of bar gold here to advance ⅝d, to 77s 10½d, in the open market.

On the Stock Exchange first-class securities were sold, presumably in order to reinvest in new issues. Less certainty regarding cheap money helped in the downward tendency. The poor Bank return and the new German loan assisted in the easy close.

Foreign securities received moderate attention from Paris, especially Russian and Japanese shares, but copper shares experienced a further selling movement.

American shares had a dull morning, with irregular changes around parity, the probable further dividend cuts and the distribution of stock in Wall Street on each rise creating an uncertain feeling. Later, New York's opening figures came steady, but the selling soon became general and the market closed weak.

Bar silver was steady at 25½d per ounce. Money, 2@2½ per cent.

PARIS, April 2.—Prices on the Bourse to-day were firm and trading was quiet.

BERLIN, April 2.—Prices on the Boerse to-day were firm, upon the expectation of an early reduction in the discount rate of the Imperial Bank of Germany and the report that the forthcoming German and Prussian loan will be offered at an unusually cheap rate, in order to attract foreign subscriptions, thus relieving the home money market.

BIG GERMAN LOAN.

$162,500,000 In Four Per Cents to be Taken at Less Than Par.

BERLIN, April 2.—An imperial and Prussian loan, amounting to $162,500,000 will be offered for subscription April 11. Of this sum $100,000,000 will be in Prussian consols. The issue will bear 4 per cent. interest and will not be convertible within a period of ten years. The subscription price will be 99½ or 99.30 to subscribers taking the non-transferable bonds.

A syndicate of leading Berlin and provincial bankers has bought the issue and agreed to take also an additional $50,000,000 of Prussian Treasury notes, which are not to be offered in the market.

It is reported that the Imperial Bank of Germany will reduce its discount rate from 5½ to 4½ per cent. within a few days in order to prepare the way for the loan.

FOREIGN PUBLIC SECURITIES.

Following are yesterday's quotations for several European State and municipal securities:

	Bid.	Asked.
German consol 3½s	91	92
German consol 3s	81¾	82¼
Bavarian Government 4s	99½	100½
Hessian Government 3½s	90½	91½
Saxony Government 3s	81¾	82¾
Hamburg Government 3s	80½	81½
City of Cologne 4s	98	99
City of Munich 4s	98¼	99¼
City of Augsburg 4s	98½	99½
City of Frankfurt-on-Main 3½s	90½	91½
Mexican Government gold 5s	100½	101¼
Russian Government 4s	83	84
French rente 3s	96½	97½
British consol 2½s	87½	88¼

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

The following were the closing prices in London yesterday for American stocks, comparisons being made between the New York equivalent and the previous New York closing:

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Clos.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols, money	87⅝	..	..	—1/16
Consols, account	87 15-16	..	..	— ⅛
Anaconda	7¾	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
Atchison	76	78⅞	74	— ⅞
Canadian Pacific	153½	150¾	151⅞	— 1½
St. Paul	120½	117	117⅝	— ⅝
Erie	14⅞	14½	14¾	— ¼
Erie 1st pf.	33	32	31½	+ ⅛
Illinois Central	129	125¾	125⅝	+ 1⅛
Louis. & Nash.	100½	97⅝	97⅝	— ⅜
N. Y. Central	100¼	97⅝	97	+ ⅛
Pennsylvania	59¾	116¼	116	+ ⅛
Reading	53¼	108½	108¾	— ¼
Southern Pac.	73¼	73½	73⅝	— ⅛
Union Pacific	128¼	124⅝	125⅛	— ½
U. S. Steel	34⅝	33⅝	34¼	— ⅛
U. S. Steel pf.	101¼	98¾	98⅝	— ¼

Bank of England's Statement.

LONDON, April 2.—The weekly statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes: Total reserve, decreased £1,684,000; circulation, increased £644,000; bullion, decreased £1,040,540; other securities, decreased £2,810,000; other deposits, decreased £240,000; public deposits, decreased £4,248,000; notes reserve, decreased £1,713,000. Government securities, decreased £2,000. The bank's reserve is 49.80 per cent. of its liability this week; last week it was 48.64 per cent.

Bank of France.

PARIS, April 2.—The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows the following changes: Notes in circulation, increased 151,875,000 francs; Treasury deposits, decreased 44,475,000 francs; general deposits, increased 70,025,000 francs; gold in hand, increased 1,725,000 francs; silver in hand, decreased 6,150,000 francs; bills discounted, increased 260,650,000 francs; advances, increased 11,825,000 francs.

Bank of Germany.

BERLIN, April 2.—The weekly statement of the Imperial Bank of Germany shows the following changes: Cash in hand, decreased 121,684,000 marks; loans, increased 178,511,000 marks; discounts, increased 308,759,000 marks; Treasury bills, increased 83,772,000 marks; notes in circulation, increased 428,263,000 marks; deposits, increased 8,171,000 marks.

THE TREASURY BALANCES.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—National banknotes received to-day for redemption, $1,550,029; Government receipts from internal revenue, $632,383; customs, $667,880; miscellaneous, $153,091; expenditures, $1,960,000.

The condition of the Treasury at the beginning of business to-day was as follows:

RESERVE FUND.

Gold coin and bullion	$150,000,000

TRUST FUNDS, TO REDEEM OUTSTANDING CERTIFICATES.

Gold coin	$836,906,869
Silver dollars	451,642,000
Silver dollars of 1890	5,237,000
Total	$1,293,785,869
General fund	177,867,885
Deposits in National banks	202,219,400
In Philippine Treasury	4,064,367
Awaiting reimbursement	35,976
Current liabilities	151,976,183

QUARTERLY REPORT OF THE

UNION TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK

at the close of business on the 25th day of March, 1908:

RESOURCES.

Bonds and mortgages		$241,873.00
Amount of stock and bond investments:		
Public securities, (book value $2,601,489.17,) market value		2,602,545.17
Other securities, (book value $5-928,567.50,) market value		6,157,980.00
Amount loaned on collateral		35,620,500.00
Real estate, Banking house		1,900,000.00
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers		4,652,153.19
Specie		5,115,217.03
United States legal-tender notes and bills of National banks		10,955.00
Amount of assets not included under any of the above items, viz.:		
Accrued interest	$57,507.27	
Commissions accrued	8,626.97	
		66,134.24
Advances to trusts		9,398.32
		$56,766,757.06
Estimated accrued interest not included in "Net accrued interest"		278,210.32

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in, in cash		$1,000,000.00
*Surplus on market value		7,626,825.78
Surplus on book value, $7,808,807.28.		
Deposits subject to check (except as stated below,) not preferred	$35,068,794.98	
Certificates of deposit, (not preferred:) Time	4,894,396.85	
Certificates of deposit, (not preferred:) Demand	117,500.00	
Amount due trust companies	503,208.26	
Amount due banks and bankers	330,171.94	
Preferred deposits, viz.:		
Due New York State savings banks	4,152,518.50	
Due as executor, administrator, guardian, receiver, trustee, committee, or depositary	3,272,076.78	
(Total preferred deposits, $7,424,595.28.)		
Total deposits		47,993,597.31
Other liabilities not included under any of the above heads, viz.:		
Reserved for taxes	$67,989.01	
Accrued interest	53,342.50	
Expenses accrued	16,510.11	
		137,841.62
Estimated tax accrued		8,445.00
Collection account		48.24
		$56,766,757.06
Estimated accrued interest not included in "Net accrued interest"		298,820.59
Amount of debts guaranteed and liability thereon at date of this report		None

*Surplus includes undivided profits.

State of New York, County of New York, ss.: A. W. KELLEY, Vice President, and T. W. HARTSHORNE, Assistant Secretary, of the Union Trust Company of New York, located and doing business at No. 80 Broadway and No. 425 Fifth Avenue, in the City of New York, in said county, being duly sworn, each for himself, says the foregoing report, with the schedules accompanying the same, is true and correct in all respects, to the best of his knowledge and belief, and they further say that the usual business of said trust company has been transacted at the location required by the banking law, (Chap. 689, Laws of 1892,) and not elsewhere, and that the above report is made in compliance with an official notice received from the Superintendent of Banks designating the twenty-fifth day of March, 1908, as the day of which such report shall be made.

A. W. KELLEY, Vice President.
T. W. HARTSHORNE, Ass't Secretary.

Severally subscribed and sworn to by both deponents the second day of April, 1908, before me.

[Seal of Notary.] PETER PALMER, Notary Public, Kings County. Certificate filed in N. Y. County.

LONDON QUOTATIONS.

The following were the closing prices in London yesterday for American stocks, comparisons being made between the New York equivalent and the previous New York closing:

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Clos.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols, money	87⅝	..	..	—1/16
Consols, account	87 15-16	..	..	— ⅛
Anaconda	7¾	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
Atchison	76	78⅞	74	— ⅞
Canadian Pacific	153½	150¾	151⅞	— 1½
St. Paul	120½	117	117⅝	— ⅝
Erie	14⅞	14½	14¾	— ¼
Erie 1st pf.	33	32	31½	+ ⅛
Illinois Central	129	125¾	125⅝	+ 1⅛
Louis. & Nash.	100½	97⅝	97⅝	— ⅜
N. Y. Central	100¼	97⅝	97	+ ⅛
Pennsylvania	59¾	116¼	116	+ ⅛
Reading	53¼	108½	108¾	— ¼
Southern Pac.	73¼	73½	73⅝	— ⅛
Union Pacific	128¼	124⅝	125⅛	— ½
U. S. Steel	34⅝	33⅝	34¼	— ⅛
U. S. Steel pf.	101¼	98¾	98⅝	— ¼

TO THE HOLDERS OF

Consolidated Steamship Lines

4% Collateral Trust Gold Bonds

There have been deposited with the undersigned committee $47,000,000 of the above-named bonds. On and after Monday, April 6th, further deposits of bonds will be subject to a charge of two-tenths of one per cent. to reimburse the committee for advertising expenses. Until that date bonds will be accepted free of such charge by the depositaries. THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK and OLD COLONY TRUST COMPANY, BOSTON.

ALVIN W. KRECH,
Chairman Bondholders' Protective Committee.
A. R. NICOL, Secretary.

STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE Secretary of State, ss.:

This certificate, issued in duplicate, hereby certifies that THE G. E. WALTER COMPANY, a domestic stock corporation, has filed in this office on this twenty-third day of March, 1908, papers for the voluntary dissolution of such corporation under Section 57 of the Stock Corporation Law, and that it appears therefrom that such corporation has complied with said section in order to be dissolved.

Witness my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the City of Albany, this twenty-third day of March, one thousand nine hundred and eight.

[Seal.] JAMES L. WHALEN, Deputy Secretary of State.

The Issue of The New York Times, Next Sunday, Will Be One Nobody Can Afford to Miss. Order from Your Newsdealer To-day. :-: :-: :-:

LOSS FROM 2-CENT FARE RATE

Increase in Vandalia Road's Passenger Traffic Failed to Offset It.

The report of the Vandalia Railroad for 1907, issued yesterday, showed gross earnings of $9,289,011, an increase of $1,098,713, and net earnings of $2,059,081, an increase of $178,359.

Discussing the results on its line within the State of Illinois, the report says that the increase in passenger traffic, after the reduction in the rate to 2 cents a mile, failed to make good the loss in passenger earnings resulting from the lower rate.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Russel E. Prentice and James A. Patten, the grain expert of the Stock Exchange house of Bartlett, Frazier & Carrington, have bought seats on the Stock Exchange. John B. Reid, formerly with Bartlett, Frazier & Carrington, has become associated with Finley, Barrell & Co.

We Own and Offer Subject to Sale and Advance in Price:

$1,000,000

Chicago City Railway Company

First Mortgage 5% Gold Bonds

Dated July 1, 1907 — Due February 1, 1927

Interest payable at Chicago February 1 and August 1

Denomination $1000

Either coupon or registered. Optional at 110 and interest if called for payment by the company on or before February 1, 1919, but not thereafter.

Trustee, the First Trust & Savings Bank, Chicago

A part of this issue is listed on the Chicago Stock Exchange and application will be made to list the bonds on the New York Stock Exchange.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT.

Capital Stock	$18,000,000
First Mortgage Bonds as of April 1, 1908	14,000,000

Earnings and Expenses for the Year ending January 31, 1908, (January estimated)

Gross earnings	$8,216,493.83
Operating Expenses, taxes and renewals	5,751,545.83
Net earnings available for payment of bond interest	$2,464,948.00
Annual interest on all bonds outstanding	700,000.00

The above bonds are secured by an absolute First Mortgage on all property now owned or hereafter acquired, which, on January 31, 1908, comprised 244 miles of single track covering the South Side of Chicago, extending through the down-town section of the city, north to within one block of the Chicago River; operated by the Company under a franchise which runs until February 1, 1927, under the terms of which the City of Chicago, through its Board of Engineers, appraised the property at $21,000,000, as of June 30, 1906.

The City has the right to take over the property for municipal operation during the life of the franchise, the purchase price being the original valuation of $21,000,000, plus the cost of all extensions and reconstruction, approved by an established Board of Engineers and made from the proceeds of the First Mortgage Bonds. Prior to a purchase of the property, the City shares in the surplus earnings of the company to the extent of 55% thereof.

The net earnings as given above are nearly four times the annual interest charge on the bonds now outstanding. The company has paid dividends uninterruptedly since 1870, and since 1901 dividends of 9% on $18,000,000 of capital stock have been paid.

We have on file at our various offices, copies of the legal opinion, mortgage and ordinance, any of which may be seen on application. Send for circular No. 868—B.

Price 96½ and interest, yielding about 5.30%

E. H. ROLLINS & SONS

21 Milk Street, Boston, Mass.

CHICAGO DENVER SAN FRANCISCO

The Fifth Avenue Branch of The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, 475 Fifth Avenue, near 41st Street.
Travelers' Letters of Credit issued or guaranteed. Foreign Money and Express Cheques. Vault Boxes for customers' use.

THE Franklin Society 5%

Under State regulation and supervision. Deposit or withdraw by mail. Deposits earn from 1st of each month. We make the details of saving easy and convenient. Write for Booklet "A." 1 Beekman St., N.Y.

PACIFIC COAST CO.

Something interesting in regard to last dividend declaration. Address K. L., P. O. Box 822.

HOLDERS OF MOBILE, JACKSON & KANSAS City Railroad and Gulf & Chicago Railway bonds, who have not yet assented to the plan of consolidation of the two companies into the New Orleans, Mobile & Chicago Railroad, are requested to correspond with the undersigned. 49 Wall Street, New York City.

INVESTORS READ The Wall Street Journal

TOLEDO, ST. LOUIS & WESTERN RAILROAD COMPANY.

60 Wall Street, New York, March 12, 1908.

A semi-annual dividend of Two Per Cent. on the Preferred Stock of this Company has been declared out of the surplus earnings of the Company, payable April 15, 1908, to holders of record at said stock on April 11, 1908.

The transfer books of the preferred stock of this Company will be closed at the close of business on April 11, 1908, at the transfer office of the Company, No. 60 Wall Street, New York City, and will be re-opened at the opening of business on April 16, 1908.

The above dividends will be paid by check, mailed to the latest addresses furnished by the stockholders to the transfer agent on or before the closing of the books.

JAS. STEUART MACKIE, Secretary.

UNITED STATES RUBBER COMPANY,

43 Bradway, New York, April 2d, 1908.

The Board of Directors of the United States Rubber Company has this day declared a quarterly dividend of two per cent. on the First Preferred Stock, (including all outstanding old "Preferred" Stock,) and a quarterly dividend of one and one-half per cent. on the Second Preferred Stock of this Company, from the net earnings for the fiscal year ending March 31st, 1908, to stockholders of record at 3 P. M. on Wednesday, April 15th, 1908, payable, without closing of Transfer Books, April 30th, 1908.

JOHN J. WATSON, JR., Treasurer.

THE H. B. CLAFLIN COMPANY,

Cor. Church & Worth Sts.
New York, April 3d, 1908.

A regular quarterly dividend of TWO (2%) PER CENT. will be paid to the holders of the Common Stock of this company of record on April 15th, 1908. The transfer book will be closed at 3 P. M., April 7th, and reopened at 10 A. M., April 16th, 1908. The transfer books for the Preferred Stocks will remain open.

D. N. FORCE, Treasurer.

The Kansas City Southern Ry. Co.

25 Broad St., New York, March 19, 1908.

A quarterly dividend of One (1%) Per Cent. has this day been declared upon the Preferred Stock of this Company, from the surplus earnings of the current fiscal year, payable on April 15th, 1908, to Stockholders of record at 3:00 o'clock P. M. March 31st, 1908.

Checks for the dividend will be mailed to stockholders at their last address furnished to the Transfer Office.

R. B. SPERRY, Secretary.

ANNISTON CITY LAND COMPANY,

Anniston, Alabama.

By resolution of the Board of Directors a dividend of Two Dollars ($2) per share in cash is payable on April 15th, 1908, to the stockholders of record at the close of business, 3 P. M. on April 4th, 1908.

The transfer books will be closed April 4th at 3 o'clock P. M. and be reopened April 14th, 1908. W. A. DAVIS, Secretary.

OFFICE OF
The North River Insurance Company,
95 William St., New York City.
April 2d, 1908.

A Semi-Annual Dividend of Five Per Cent. upon the Capital Stock of the Company has this day been declared, payable on and after 10th April inst. The transfer book will be closed from the 2d to the 10th inst. By order.

F. H. CRUM, Secretary.

NEW YORK PRODUCE EXCHANGE BANK.

New York, N. Y., April 1, 1908.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the New York Produce Exchange Bank, held this day, a semi-annual dividend of Three Per Cent. and an extra dividend of One Per Cent. was declared, payable April 15th.

Transfer books will be closed from the 7th to the 15th, inclusive.

JOHN B. WOOD, Cashier.

TO HOLDERS OF

Four Per Cent. Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds OF THE CINCINNATI, HAMILTON & DAYTON RAILWAY CO.

DUE JULY 1, 1954

The undersigned Committee under the Bondholders' Agreement of December 9, 1905, has already effected the exchange of over **Seventy-four** per cent. (74%) of the above-described bonds for the Five and One-Half Year Collateral Trust Four Per Cent. Gold Notes of the Railway Company maturing July 1, 1913, bearing interest from January 1, 1908, payable semi-annually January 1 and July 1, redeemable at the option of the Railway Company on any half-yearly interest day at par. The Notes, which are now ready for delivery, are issued against the de

IN THE REAL ESTATE FIELD.

Foreign Insurance Company Lends $400,000 on Thirty-fourth Street Building—Estate Buys $350,000 Apartment House on the Heights.

The McVickar-Gaillard Realty Company announced yesterday the closing of negotiations for a loan which, in view of the conditions which have prevailed in the mortgage market for several months, presents various interesting features.

The property is the eight-story building 13 and 15 West Thirty-fourth Street, opposite the Waldorf-Astoria, and owned by Bonwit, Teller & Co. The amount of the loan is $400,000, the term is ten years, and the interest rate is 5 per cent. Finally, the lender is a foreign life insurance company, with its home office in Edinburgh, Scotland, and it is said that the company is considering further investment of large sums in mortgages on improved property in Manhattan.

In view of the almost proverbial difficulty of borrowing on leaseholds, perhaps the most remarkable phase of the transaction is the fact that the land under half of the building—the lot at 15 West Thirty-fourth Street—is owned by the estate of the late Ernest G. Stedman, and is leased to Bonwit, Teller & Co. at $22,500 a year.

This property at 13 and 15 West Thirty-fourth Street has figured prominently in recent real estate history. The ground rental of No. 15 was a new high record for that block of spectacular deals on Thirty-fourth Street, between Broadway and Fifth Avenue, as was also the leasing of the store and basement in the completed building to William B. Riker & Sons at $43,000 a year.

Big Apartment Deal on Heights.

John H. Berry has sold for C. M. Silverman & Son the Castleton apartment house at the northeast corner of Broadway and 142d Street, a six-story elevator apartment structure, on plot 100 by 100, containing thirty-four apartments and seven stores. The property has been held at $350,000. The buyer is an estate, which will hold the parcel as an investment.

To Improve 178th Street Plot.

Hall J. How & Co. have sold for Jacob Willey the plot 50 by 100 on the north side of 178th Street, 101 feet east of Broadway, to Robert Ferguson & Son, who will improve the property with a high-class apartment house.

William W. Strouse is reported to have sold the northwest corner of Broadway and 161st Street, a plot 102.3 by 150, with a two-story frame building. The property is bought for improvement. The adjoining southwest corner of Broadway and 162d Street was recently acquired by Henry T. Bullman, who will erect a six-story elevator apartment house.

The A. V. Donellan Construction Company will build a six-story flat, with stores, 35.7 by 87, on the east side of Amsterdam Avenue, 78.1 feet north of Washington Bridge, to cost $60,000. The operation will be one of a number to be begun this Spring in the same locality.

Seventh Avenue Corner Transferred.

The Kip's Bay Realty Company transferred yesterday the property, 100 by 100, at the southwest corner of Seventh Avenue and Fifty-fourth Street to Ellen Y. Scott, who has secured from Mrs. Russell Sage a loan of $190,000 for three years at 5¼ per cent.

West Tenth Street Properties Sold.

H. L. Sonand and Louis Werbel have sold 141 and 143 West Tenth Street, a six-story apartment house, on plot 44.6 by 100.

The Schwab Realty Company has sold 531 West Fifty-second Street, a five-story four-family tenement, on lot 25 by 100.

Woodcock & Britt have leased the three-story and basement brick dwelling at 323 West Nineteenth Street for Belle G. Budd to Elizabeth Jones; also, the four-story brick building at 261 West Eleventh Street for Clausine M. Benson to William H. Overacre.

Buyer of Adams Estate Corner.

A syndicate headed by Louis A. Kissling is the buyer of the six-story loft building at the northwest corner of Eighth Avenue and Thirty-seventh Street, the sale of which by the estate of Albert J. Adams was reported yesterday.

The West Side Taxpayers' Association will meet this evening at 267 West Thirty-fourth Street.

Harlem Dwelling Changes Hands.

Horace S. Ely & Co. have sold for Mrs. Marie Daggett 239 West 132d Street, a three-story dwelling on lot 15 by 99.11.

E. H. Ludlow & Co. negotiated the sale of 224 West Seventy-second Street for Thomas S. Ormiston. The buyer is Walter J. Clark, who will occupy the house.

Upper Second Avenue Deal.

Frank & Kreielsheimer have sold for Goodman & Gross 1,842 to 1,846 Second Avenue, three five-story four-family tenements, on plot 75 by 100.

The Reserve Realty Company has resold 217 to 221 East 108th Street, three four-story tenements, on plot 75 by 100.11, which it recently took in trade from Oscar Oestreicher, for 111 and 113 West Thirtieth Street.

J. P. & E. J. Murray have leased the store at the northwest corner of Third Avenue and 110th Street for a term of years, for the Archer estate to Joseph Hordes, tailor. The Atlantic and Pacific Tea Company has occupied this store since the building was erected about thirty years ago.

The Cuozzo & Gagliano Company has leased for Samuel Fine the six-story apartment house at 416 and 418 East 116th Street, for a term of years, at an aggregate rental of $25,000.

Sale of 38th Street Dwelling.

E. Pierpont Hicks has bought from Mrs. Mary B. Stone 123 East Thirty-eighth Street, a four-story dwelling on lot 17 by 98.9.

The Gaffney estate has sold the four-story tenement 325 East Twenty-fifth Street, on lot 25 by 98.9, to a Mr. Henderson.

M. & W. Schacht have sold for Fleischhauer Brothers the four-story building 344 and 346 East Fifty-second Street, 50 by 100, to the Central Manufacturing Company. The structure will be altered by the new owners.

Leases to Stock Exchange Members.

Bryan L. Kennelly has leased the front office on the fifth floor of the Flower Building, 49 Broadway, to Francis F. Robins, and a suite of offices on the second floor in the same building to Wimerding, Morgan & Co.

Louis Schrag has leased for Charles A. Belden to Oestreicher Brothers the buildings 391 and 393 Sixth Avenue, northwest corner of Twenty-fourth Street, for a term of years.

Bronx Properties Find Buyers.

The American Real Estate Company has sold the new two-family house 1,041 Faile Street to Carl W. Kinkeldey.

Eugene J. Busher has sold for the estate of Dr. Close to James F. Keelon 384 and 388 East 143d Street, a three-story three-family frame house with stable at the rear, on plot 31 by 100.

Builders Active in Queens.

Plans were approved last week for thirty-six new structures in Queens, the total estimated cost of which is placed at $139,525. This amount has been exceeded by only one week since the first of the year. The record for March is ahead of that for the corresponding month last year, and indications point to a heavy increase during the remainder of the season. The majority of the plans are for flats and dwellings. Two-family houses are also well represented in the list.

Builders Sell in New Rochelle.

Collins & Evans have sold for Carpenter & Le Count, builders, a new residence on plot 100 by 150, at Rochelle Heights, New Rochelle, to T. O. Plunkett.

Long Suit for Commission Ended.

After about six years of litigation, the suit of Richard J. Donovan of 170 Broadway against William R. and F. A. Weed of Potsdam, N. Y., for $4,000, as commission in connection with the sale of 4,500 acres in the Adirondacks to A. A. Low, has resulted in a final verdict from the Court of Appeals awarding to Mr. Donovan the full amount, with interest and costs, amounting in all to about $6,300.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Joseph P. Day.

Cypress Av, n e corner of 139th St, 100.8x95, vacant; foreclosure sale, to Gerhard Kuehne, representing a party in interest, $10,000.

139th St, n s, adjoining the foregoing on the east, 75x100.8, vacant; foreclosure sale, to Gerhard Kuehne, $5,000.

140th St, s e cor, 95x100.8, vacant; foreclosure sale, to Gerhard Kuehne, $10,000.

140th St, s s, adjoining the foregoing on the east, 75x100.8, vacant; foreclosure sale, to Gerhard Kuehne, $5,000.

Cromwell Av, s e s, 213.5 ft s of 170th St, 101.2x137.6x106x152.8, one and two story dwelling and store; dower sale, to Carl Frank, $3,600.

Weeks (Clinton) Av, w s, 201 ft n of 174th St, 50x95, vacant; dower sale, to James Nolan, $2,900.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and Bronx.

55th St, 542 West, for a three-story brick storage building, 25x144.9; M. J. Dempsey of 548 West 55th St, owner; E. Rossbach, architect; cost, $10,000.

West St, e s, 69.1 ft n of Battery Place, for a thirty-six-story brick office building, 306.11x179; Battery Place Realty Company and Century Investing Company, owners; Clinton & Russell, architects; cost, $4,600,000.

179th St, n s, 90.10 ft e of Creston Av, for a two and one-half-story frame dwelling, 23x48; Gustav Frey of 1,775 Weeks Av, owner; Frederick Jaeger, architect; cost, $7,000.

Teller Av, w s, 74.6 ft n of 169th St, for a three-story brick dwelling, 20x55; H. Schubert of 3,608 Third Av, owner; Standard Architectural Company, arcaitect; cost, $6,500.

Spuyten Duyvil Parkway, n s, 150 ft e of Blackstone Av, for a two and one-half-story frame dwelling, 31x44; Willis H. Thorn, owner; Thomas Phillios, architect; cost, $7,000.

Southern Boulevard, n e corner of Home St, for a five-story brick stores and tenement, 36.0x90.0; Martha Graham of 965 Freeman St, owner; Harry T. Howell, architect; cost, $35,000.

Parker Av, w s, 118.1 ft n of Westchester Av, for a two-story brick dwelling, 20x50; S. B. Steinmetz, West Farms Road and Bear Swamp Road, owner; H. G. Steinmetz, architect; cost, $6,000.

Alterations.

Items involving less than $5,000 omitted.

3d Av, 2,205, to a four-story brick store, offices, and dwelling; Home Circle Realty Company, Ninth Av and Thirteenth St, owner; B. W. Levitan, architect; cost, $10,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Thursday, April 2.

AUDUBON AV, w s, 25 ft n of 180th St, 75x100; Howard T. Cole to Reba E. Welher, (mtg $23,000,) $100.

AUDUBON AV, n w corner of 180th St, 25x100; Howard T. Cole to Reba E. Welher, (mtg $15,200,) $100.

BROADWAY, s e corner of 56th St, 131x90.2x120.1x122.1; 5th Av, w s, 65.4 ft s of 37th St, 27.7x120; 6th Av, n w corner of 30th St, 30x irregular; 12th St, s s, 454.7 ft w of 5th Av, 41.5x103.3; 12th St, n s, 475 ft w of 5th Av, 25x103.3; 12th St, n s, 450 ft w of 5th Av, 26.6x irregular; 12th St, n s, 402 ft e of 6th Av, 21.7x irregular; 30th St, s s, 77 ft w of 6th Av, 25.8x90.8x20.3x85.5; 30th St, s s, 367.7 ft e of 7th Av, 100x100x103x98.11; Northwestern Farmland Co. to Julia L. Butterfield, $1.

BROADWAY, n w corner of 32d St, 197.6x400; Hudson Companies to Hudson & Manhattan Railroad Co., $1.

BRONX TERRACE, e s, Lot 1,167, Map Wakefield, 109.0x105; Margaret Dersch to Frank McGerry, quitclaim, $1.

BROOME ST, n w corner of Eldridge St, 25x75; Joseph Jacobs to Aaron Jacobs, ½ part, (mtg $35,500,) $1.

BAILEY AV, e s, 709.5 ft s of Kingsbridge Road, 50x100; Hester Smith to Isabella Arendt, $1.

BATHGATE AV, w s, 175 ft s of 174th St, 37.6x120; Isaac Pennamacoor and others to John Yule, (mtg $36,000,) $100.

CHISHOLM ST, 1,287, 20x120; Charles Kausen to George Meister, Jr., (mtg $7,000,) $100.

DIVISION ST, 37 and 37½, s s, 25x68.6; Aaron Jacobs to Joseph Jacobs, ½ part, (mtg $20,000,) $100.

FORT WASHINGTON AV, n e corner of Fort Washington Depot Road, 65x100; Frank P. Schimpf to Hogenauer & Wesslau Co., $100.

FOREST AV, w s, 289.2 ft s of 165th St, 59.2x100; David Robinson to John W. Atwood, Jr., (mtg $42,500,) $100.

FOREST AV, w s, 289.2 ft s of 165th St, 59.2x100; John W. Atwood, Jr., to Jonas B. Well, (mtg $50,500,) $1.

GRAND AV, w s, 200 ft n of 192d St, 50x106; Thomas H. Thorn to Nicholas Geiger, (mtg $6,000,) $100.

GREENE ST, 175 and 177, 40x100; Isidor Witkind and others to Sarah Rosenthal and another, (mtg $75,100,) $100.

HOME ST, n e corner of Simpson St, 50.8x92.2x46.11x97.11; Simpson St, e s, 97.11 ft n of Home St, 25x100; Leonard Weill to Charles Weill, (mtg $9,000,) $100.

JACKSON AV, n e corner of 158th St, 25x87.6; Julia Drachman to Paul Grathwohl, (mtg $21,000,) $100.

LYON AV, n e corner of Grace Av, 80x100, Westchester; Thomas Scott to George B. Macintosh, $100.

LENOX AV, w s, 79.10 ft n of 145th St, 120x100; David Levy to Julius Liberman, (mtg $50,000,) $100.

S ½ OF S ½ OF LOT 41, Map No. 1, Ollnville; Giuseppe Cirillo to Margarita Ria Cirillo, $1.

LOTS 66 to 68, map of portion of Crane Estate, Bronx; Leonard Weill to Pincus Lowenfeld and another, ½ part, $100.

LOT 611, map of Gleason property at Westchester; Amelia Schlesinger to Henry F. Muller, (mtg $1,200,) $100.

LOT 63, map of Arden property; south half of Plot 1, map of Arden property; E. M. Salvatore to Speculative Realty Co., (mtg $3,800,) $100.

LOTS 72 and 73, map of 107 lots, Hudson Park; Giuseppe Abruscato to Salvatore Abruscato, ¼ part, $100.

LOTS 79 to 83, map of William F. Duncan at Williamsbridge; Louis D'Ursi to Caroline D'Ursi, (mtg $18,000,) $1.

MONROE ST, 263 and 265; Isaac Roth to Benjamin Feld, (mtg $60,000,) $100.

MADISON AV, 1,883; Mary T. Wynne to Harry T. Kerwin, $1.

MADISON AV, 1,883; Harry T. Kerwin to Mary T. Wynne, (mtg $12,000,) $1.

MONROE ST, 263 and 265; Harris Mankin to Benjamin Feld, $100.

MACOMB'S DAM ROAD, w s, 28.3 ft s w of 153d St, 50.9x86.6x50x110.6; Thomas L. Reynolds to Lydia A. Reynolds, (mtg $33,500,) $100.

PROSPECT AV, e s, 74.7 ft n of 164th St, 54x85; Jacob R. Schiff to Rebecca Isear, (mtg $49,000,) $100.

RIVINGTON ST, 255 and 255½, s s, 56.3x60; Morris Yudkowitz to Samuel Karger, (mtg $77,750,) $100.

ROOSEVELT ST, 18 and 20, 34.9x irregular; Celia Shapiro to James Poggio and others, (mtg $43,500,) $100.

ST. NICHOLAS PLACE, e s, 124.11 ft s of 150th St, 74.11x100; Alphonse Hogenauer and others to the Hogenauer & Wesslau Co., (mtg $70,000,) $100.

STEBBINS AV, n w s, 54.1 ft w of Chisholm St, 25x irregular; Andrew McDonough to Victor Gerhards, (mtg $1,700,) $100.

SHERMAN AV, s e corner of Emerson St, 100x100; Charles F. Cameron to Lydia A. Reynolds, (mtg $70,000,) $1.

TRINITY AV, e s, 300 ft s of 156th St, 25x81.9; Rosa Wiederman to David Bernstein, $1.

TRINITY AV, 706, 25x—x25x82.9; Barnet Alterman to David Bernstein, (mtg $6,000,) $100.

WASHINGTON AV, s w corner of 180th St, 21.6x98; Gerald C. Connor to Waldo H. Mack, (mtg $7,000,) $100.

WASHINGTON AV, 1,780; Sarah J. Gleason to Celia Shapiro, (mtg $8,000,) $100.

WEBSTER AV, n w corner of Ford St, 115.5x100.1x111.5x100; John W. Atwood, Jr., to David Robinson, (mtg $12,000,) $1.

1ST AV, w s, 25 ft n of 118th St, 25x75; Isaac Liberman to Julius Liberman, (mtg $17,000,) $100.

1ST AV, 2,028, e s, 25x100; Nathan Kirsh and others to Bertha Dworsky, ½ part, (mtg $25,500,) $1.

1ST AV, 2,026, e s, 25x100; Bertha Dworsky to Nathan Kirsh and another, ½ part, (mtg $25,500,) $1.

2D AV, 2,162; 111th St, 301, n e corner of 111th St, 25.11x75; Pasquale Lauria and others to Angelmo Faber and another, (mtg $12,000,) $100.

8D ST, 317 and 319 East; Samuel Horowitz to Frank Hillman, (mtg $75,500,) $100.

5TH AV, 1,359 and 1,361; Albert Freund to Rae G. Holzwasser, $100.

7TH AV, s w corner of 54th St, 100.4x100; Kips Bay Realty Co. to Ellen Y. Scott, $100.

11TH ST, s s, 377.1 ft e of 6th Av, 21.8x94.10; Alan R. Hawley to Jeanie M. Hawley, $1.

11TH ST, s s, 377.1 ft e of 6th Av, 21.8x94.10; William Hawley, individually and as trustee, and George Merritt to Jeanie M. Hawley, $1.

12TH ST, 415 East, n s, 24.4x103.8; Salvatore Scarito to Sorrow Scarito, ½ part, (mtg $30,500,) $100.

19TH ST, 410 and 412 West, 50x92; Isaac Liberman and others to Julius Liberman and others, (mtg $19,000,) $100.

12TH ST, 623 and 625 East; Benjamin Schwartz to Isaac Roth, (mtg $79,000,) $1.

22D ST, 150 West; Mary Hardenbergh to Moey K. Lindner, (mtg $14,000,) $100.

33D ST, 108 West, 25x98.9; City Real Estate Co. to Hudson Companies, $100.

33D ST, 116 and 118 West, 50x irregular; City Real Estate Co. to Hudson Companies, (mtg $100,000,) $100.

38TH ST, 123 East, 17.x98.9; Mary B. Stone to Edith B. Hicks, (mtg $39,000,) $100.

44TH ST, 208 East; Nicholas M. Daly to Peter Albano, (mtg $21,000,) $100.

46TH ST, 146 West; Ada L. Westcott, executrix, to John F. Conway, $29,500.

46TH ST, 288 East, s s, 87.6x100.5; Max Siff to Rebecca Hear, (mtg $50,000,) $100.

46TH ST, 242 East, s s, 37.6x100.5; Max Siff to Rebecca Hear, (mtg.. $52,000,) $100.

52D ST, 401 East, Isaac Perlmutter, to Adolph Jacobson, (mtg $9,150,) $100.

71ST ST, 337 West, 15x102.7; 71st St, 343 West, 16x102.7; Benjamin Stern to Alice Miller, $100.

77TH ST, 247 East; Samuel L. Hines to Louis W. Jacobs, (mtg $28,900,) $100.

82D ST, 210 West, s s, 27x102.2; Fanny Einhorn to Friedrich C. Scheel, (mtg $82,000,) $100.

87TH ST, 108 and 110 East, s s, 55.10x100.8; Rachel Katz to Joanna C. Wenzel and others, (mtg $48,000,) $100.

95TH ST, n s, 140 ft w of First Av, 85x100.8; Katie Goldberg to Selma Alexander, (mtg $41,000,) $100.

96TH ST, n s, 225 ft w of West End Av, 175x irregular; Anabel Lyons and another to Louise F. Mahoney, (mtg $93,000,) $1.

101ST ST, 213, n s, 210 ft e of 3d Av, 25x100.11; Thomas F. Featherston to Hugh Gilmartin, (mtg $12,000,) $100.

101ST ST, 209 to 213, n s, 100 ft e of 3d Av, 75x100.11; David Dreyfuss to Thomas F. Featherson, (mtg $38,000,) $100.

102D ST., 170 West, n s, 25x96.8; Morris Badt and others to Patrick Cashin, (mtg $23,500,) $100.

103D ST, s s, 62.6 ft w of Park Av, 37.6x100.11; Bella R. Blitzer to Lulu Banfort, $1.

107TH ST, 14 and 16 West, s s, 60x100.11; Carrie Lehman to Allied Investors' Realty Co. (mtg $85,000,) $100.

107TH ST, 18 and 20 West, s s, 60x100.11; Carrie Lehman to Allied Investors' Realty Co., (mtg $85,000,) $100.

112TH ST, 63 and 65 East, 39.9x100.11; Aaron Jacobs to Joseph Jacobs, (mtg $44,000,) $100.

112TH ST, 67 and 69 East; Joseph Jacobs to Aaron Jacobs, (mtg $44,000,) $1.

116TH ST, 234 and 236 East, 39x100.11; Frank Hillman to Samuel Horovitz, (mtg $56,000,) $100.

131ST ST, 53 East, 25x99.11; Amelia Bloch to Franziska M. Britting, (mtg $25,000,) $100.

131ST ST, s s, 250 ft e of 12th Av, 25x99.11; Isidor J. Pocher to Mary J. Kelleher, (mtg $7,500,) $100.

132D ST, 227 West, 15x99.11; James H. Cruikshank to Anton Oppermann, (mtg $8,500,) $100.

133D ST, 533 to 535 West, n s, 50x99.11; Sarah Rosenthal and another to Pauline Cohen and others, (mtg $44,300,) $100.

133D ST, 312 West, s s, 25x99.11; Hoffmann Realty Co. to Herman Riehman, (mtg $18,000,) $100.

134TH ST, s s, 115 ft e of Willis Av, 16.8x100; Alonzo Jackson to Thomas H. Doyle, (mtg $8,500,) $1.

135TH ST, 40 to 44, s s, 360 ft e of Lenox Av, 75x99.11; Isidor D. Brokaw to Abraham Bachrach, (mtg $62,000,) $1.

139TH ST, s s, 128 ft e of Southern Boulevard, 25x100; Junction Realty Company to Leon R. Waterman, $1.

149TH ST, n w corner of Trinity Av, 20x irregular; Speculative Realty Co. to Financiers' Realty Co., (mtg $5,000,) $1.

152D ST, 526 West, 40x99.11; Abram Bachrach to Breslauer Realty Co., (mtg $44,000,) $100.

153D ST, s s, 100 ft w of Morris Av, 50x100; David Levy to Julius Liberman and others, (mtg $5,500,) $100.

160TH ST, s s, 450 ft w of Union Av, 44x118.1; Samuel Levinson to Matilda D. Toerner, (mtg $3,500,) $100.

161ST ST, 280; John Yule to Isaac Penna Macorr, (mtg $10,000,) $100.

184TH ST, 558 and 560 West, s s, 2 lots, each 37.6x74.11; Hogenauer & Wesslau Co. to Frank P. Schimpf, (mtg $37,000,) $100.

Recorded Mortgages.

Interest is at 5% unless otherwise specified:

ALBANO, Peter, to Nicholas M. Day; 208 East 44th St, (sub mtg $21,000,) 4 years, 6%..$5,000

ATWOOD, John W., Jr., to David Robinson; Forest Av, w s, 289.2 ft s of 165th St, 59.2x100, 2 years, 6%.....$8,000

A. SHAFZKIN & SONS, Inc., to Max Hoffman; Lots 12, 187A, 199 to 205, Map 420 of building lots in 24th Ward, 1 year, 6%..$1,000

BRAUN, Valentine, to Franz Hummel; 510 East 5th St, (sub mtg $2,250,) 3 years, 6%.....$1,500

BARBER, John, to Harriet P. Graves; Boston Av, s e s, 175 ft s w of Perot St, 3 years..

.....$2,000

BENDEEN, George, to Selina Bendeen; Amsterdam Av, w s, 40 ft s of 124th St, 40x100, sub-mtg, $48,000, 2 years, 6%.....$5,000

BENDEEN, George, to Lawyers' Title Insurance & Trust Co.; Amsterdam Av, w s, 40 ft s of 124th St, 40x100, 3 years, 5½%..$48,000

CIRELLO, Margarita, to Angelo Besesto; s ½ of s ½ of Lot 41, Map No. 1, Olinville, 3 years, 5½%.....$2,300

COHEN, Jacob, to Seymour Realty Co.; 139th St, 587 and 589 East, two lots, each 25x100, (mtgs, each $2,000, sub two mtgs $10,000 each,) due July 1, 1910, 6%.....$4,000

CONWAY, John F., to Ada L. Westcott, trustee; 46th St, 146 West, 5½ years ..$26,000

CHADWICK, Emma L., to Mary T. Rennard; 57th St, s s, 145 ft n of Third Av, 25xirregular, 2 years.....$15,000

DAWSON REALTY CO. to Morris Garfunkel; Wales Av, e s, 202.6 ft s of 155th St, 37.6x irregular, 3 years, 6%.....$10,000

DAWSON REALTY CO. to Morris Garfunkel; Wales Av, e s, 239.11 ft s of 155th St, 37.6x irregular, 3 years, 6%.....$10,000

DAWSON REALTY CO. to Morris Garfunkel; Wales Av, e s, 164.11 ft s of 155th St, 37.6x irregular, 3 years, 6%.....$10,000

DEVORSKY, Bertha, to Mitchel Valentine; 1st Av, 2,026, two lots, each 25x100, (mtgs, each $20,000,) 5 years, 5½%.....$40,000

DEVORSKY, Bertha, to Jacob Horowitz; 1st Av, 2,026, two lots, each 25x100, (mtgs, each $5,500,) 1 year, 6%.....$11,000

DACORN REALTY CO. to Jerome Frank; Washington Av, w s, 110 ft s of 173d St, 40x109.11, 3 years, 5½%.....$30,000

FABER, Anselino, to Vito Moreno; 301 East 111th St, (sub mtg $12,000,) installments, 6%.....$2,000

FEATHERSTON, Thomas F., to David Dreyfuss; 101st St, 209 East, sub mtg $9,000, 5 years, 6%.....$4,000

FEATHERSTON, Thomas F., to David Dreyfuss; 101st St, 211 East, sub mtg $8,000, 5 years, 6%.....$5,000

FEATHERSTON, Thomas F., to David Dreyfuss; 101st St, 213 East, prior mtg $10,000, 5 years, 6%.....$2,000

FOERNER, Matilda D., to George W. Wager; 160th St, s s, 450 ft w of Union Av, 87.6x 118.1, 3 years, 6%.....$3,000

GOLDE & COHEN CORPORATION to Louis E. Kleban; Madison Av, 1,828 and 1830, (sub-mtg $50,000,) due June 1, 1913, 6%....$17,500

GOLDE & COHEN CORPORATION to Louis E. Kleban; Madison Av, 1,824 to 1,826, (sub-mtg $38,500,) due June 1, 1913, 6%....$12,500

GERMAIN, Wm. S., to Mary J. O'Neill; Willet Av, w s, 350 ft n of 216th St, 16.8x100, bond $2,500

GERHARDT, John, to John Brummer; 46th St, 231 East, 3 years, 6%.....$2,500

GROGAN, Mary A., to Kate Campion; 3d Av, n e corner of 107th St, 25x100, 1 year, 6%..$9,500

GRASENAUER, John, to Louise Albers; Avenue A, 1,664, 3 years.....$3,000

HOLZWASSER, Rae G., to Albert Freund; 1,359 and 1,361 5th Av, (sub mtg $50,000,) 5 year, 6%.....$2,000

HOROWITZ, Minnie, to Adolf Rosenberg; East Broadway, 45, subject to mtg for $23,000, 1 year, 6%.....$4,000

JANUSCH, Harriet K., to Cornelia G. Chapin; 134th St, s s, 50 ft e of Brown Place, 50x100, 3 years, 5½%.....$20,000

JACOBS, Aaron, to Joseph Jacobs; Broome St, n w cor. Eldridge St, 25x75, 2 years, 6%.....$4,068

KADLEC, Frank, to Michael McInerney; Lot 218, map of Van Nest Park, installments.....$850

KADLEC, Frank, to George W. Moore; Lot 218, map of Van Nest Park, 4 years.....$2,000

KELLEHER, Mary J., to Isidor J. Pocher; 131st St, s s, 250 ft e of 12th Av, 25x99.11, sub mtg $7,500, 1½ years, 6%.....$3,500

LEVINSON, Leo, to Carolyn W. Crandall; Brook Av, e s, at n w s of land of New York & Harlem Railroad, 64x—, sub mtg $10,000, 2 years, 6%.....$3,000

LOWENFELD, Pincus, to Emma M. Cross; 120 St, 319 East, 1 year, ...$5,000

LOWENFELD, Pincus, to American Mortgage Co.; 120th St, 319 East, 1 year, 6%....$1,500

LUTTGEN, Penelope A., to Harry Mack; 100th St, 235 West, 1 year, 6% $1,000

MORK, Waldo, H. to Gerald C. Connor; Washington Av; s w cor 180th St, 21.6x98, sub-mtg, $7,000, bond.....$5,000

MELKS, Mary J., to John H. Martin; Avenue B, s w s, 130.6 s w of Cliff St, 19.6x irregular, 1 year, 6%.....$1,500

MILLER, Alice, to Benjamin Stern; 71st St, 337 West, 3 years, 5½%.....$18,000

MILLER, Alice, to Benjamin Stern; 71st St, 343 West, 3 years, 5½%.....$18,000

McBRIDE, Peter, to Laura Boorman; 172d St, e s, 331.8 ft s of Gleason Av, 25x100, 3 years, 5½% $3,500

McGOVERN, Patrick, to Title Guarantee and Trust Company; 102d St, 107 East, bond..

.....$11,000

McSWEGAN, Francis, to Farmers' Loan and Trust Company; 57th St, 340 East, 3 years.

.....$4,500

PRESS, Rosie, to Gussie Lams; 102d St, 324 East, subject to mtg for $18,300, instalments, 6% $300

POLSTEIN REALTY AND CONSTRUCTION Co. to Raisler Heating Co.; 1,109 and 1,111 Amsterdam Av, (sub mtg $65,000,) 1½ years, 6%.....$4,300

PRAGER, Hugo, to Sarah Larschan; 78th St, n s, 125 ft w of 1st Av, 25x73.1, (sub mtg $7,500,) 3 years, 6%.....$1,500

POWERS, Helen B., to Alice B. Bull; 74th St, 146 East, bond $13,500

ROSENTHAL, Sarah, to Isidore Witkind; 175 and 177 Greene St, 1½ year, 6%.....$2,000

RALBE, Joseph, to Augusta G. Ralbe; Madison St, s s, 144.1 ft e of Scammel St, 24.3x 96, prior mtg $15,000, 1 year, 6%.....$1,500

SOLOMON, Meyer, to Rachel Montgomery; Clifton Av, w s, 25 ft n of 145th St, 25x100, 5 years $4,000

SCHMITZ, William, to Therese Milleg; e ½ of Lot 26, map of South Belmont, due July 1, 1911, 5½% $5,500

SCHIMPF, Frank P., to Hogenauer & Wesslau Co.; 184th St, 558 and 560 West, two lots, each 37.6x74.11, (mtgs, each $5,000,) 2 years, 6% $10,000

SCHEEL, Friedrich C., to Louise M. Scheel; 210 West 82d St, (sub mtg $32,000,) bond..

.....$7,500

SCOTT, Ellen Y., to Margaret O. Sage; 7th Av, s w cor. 54th St, 100.4x100, 3 years, 5½% $190,000

SHAPIRO, Celia, to Sarah J. Gleason; Washington Av, e s, 217 ft s of Fitch St, 53x120, subject to mtg for $8,000, 1 year, 6%..$1,000

THE IGNATZ FLORIO ASSOCIATION to Twelfth Ward Bank; 137th St, n s, 101 ft w of Cypress Av, 75x99.11, subject to mtg for $100,000, 1 year, 6% $10,000

WENZEL, Johanna C., to Samuel Katz; 108 East 87th St, (sub mtg $24,000,) 3 years, 6% $4,000

WENZEL, Johanna C., to Samuel Katz; 110 East 87th St, (sub mtg $54,000,) 3 years, 6% $4,000

WEINSTOCK, Samuel, to Isidor Kaifus; Monroe St, 274; Rivington St, 183; 12th St, 526 East; 2d Av, 1,875; Cannon St, 64, 2 years, 6% $3,800

WEISSHAUM, Jacob, to John Townshend; Madison St, 201, installments, 6%.....$1,915

YULE, John, to Isaac Pennamacoor; Bathgate Av, w s, 212.6 ft s of 174th St, 37.6x120, sub mtg $30,000, 2 years, 6%.....$2,000

ZARETZKY, Simon, to Abraham Kornbluth; 33d St, 341 and 343 East, 2 years, 6%....$4,500

Mechanics' Liens.

AQUEDUCT AV, e s, 815 ft n of 190th St, 50x 232; Colonial Decorative Co. against William Kaufman, owner and contractor, $499.

NASSAU ST, 154; Tucker Electrical Construction Co. against Tribune Association, owner; D. C. Weeks & Son, contractor, $9,166.

55TH ST, 237 to 243, and 234 and 236 East; Gustav Ernst against Charles, Louise, and Joseph Doelger and Carrie D. Kramer, owners; Diehl Construction Co., David J. Cohen, B. Diehl, and Henry Diehl, contractors, $672.

137TH ST, n s, 101.11 ft w of Cypress Av, 150x100; Lester Brothers against Ignatz Florio Co-operative Association Among Corleonesi, owner and contractor, $1,805.

4TH ST, 377 to 383 East; Marcus Buda against Angelo Altieri, owner; Charles Lock, contractor, $227.

MARION AV, 2,775 to 2,781; William Apotheker against William C. Bergen, owner; William Levins, contractor, $24.

Satisfied Mechanics' Liens.

169TH ST, 32 East; Joseph H. Waterb against Elizabeth Power and others, Feb. 17, 1908, (by bond,) $131.

152D ST, 611 to 617 West; William Mitchell against Simon Uhlfelder and others, Jan. 31, 1908, (by bond,) $140.

ESSEX ST, 85 and 87; Roof Maintenance Co. against Abraham Kosower, Sept. 3, 1907, (by bond,) $133.

81ST ST, 444 to 452 East; Harry Crystall against Isidor Kalt and others, Feb. 5, 1908, $81.

97TH ST, 259 West; Russell C. Senior against Mary E. Miller and other, Feb. 3, 1908, $464.

Lis Pendens.

12TH ST, 82 and 84 West; Harry Rosenwasser and others against Morris Kraushaar and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Rosenbluth & Silverman.

ST. NICHOLAS AV, 334 and 336; Ray Levy against Paul Kaskel, (action to compel conveyance;) attorney, J. B. Liberman.

62D ST, 230 West; Solomon Sulzberger against Joseph Schwab and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, M. Sulzberger.

138TH ST, 630 East; Charles Wynne against Ignatz Florio Co-operative Association Among Corleonesi and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. C. Michael.

WEST HOUSTON ST, n s, 35.10 ft w of Hancock St, 26x100; Domingo T. Moran against Samuel Bachner and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, L. S. Skidmore.

BRIGGS AV, e s, 296.7 ft s of 194th St, 19.2x 75.2x irregular; Unionport Lumber and Manufacturing Co. against Mary E. Morgan and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. Hahn.

NELSON AV, e s, 108.4 ft n of 167th St, 25x 112; George F. Morrell against Harlem River Realty Co., (action to foreclose mechanic's lien;) attorney, B. Marcus.

WEST END AV, n e corner of 85th St., 27.2x 100; John McKee against Mary W. Somerville and others, (action to foreclose mechanic's lien;) attorney, J. F. Cowan.

62D ST, 228 West; Cornelius E. Byrne against Joseph S. Schwab and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, A. A. Silberberg.

2D AV, e s, 40 ft n of 123d St, 60x100; Mutual Life Insurance Co. against Leah Goldbach, administratrix, (amended foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. McKeen.

160TH ST, n s, 100 ft e of Broadway, runs e 265 x n 99.11 x w 193 x n 99.11 to 161st St x w 72 x s 199.10 to beginning; 162d St, n s, 100 ft e of Broadway, 265x99.11; Dora Berman against Isaac Kleinfeld and others, (partition;) attorney, A. B. Schleimer.

WEBSTER AV, w s, 300.4 ft n of 179th St, 75x 110; Bronx Borough Bank against Jacob Schindler and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. Kearney.

138TH ST, s s, 562.6 ft w of Cypress Av, 37.6x 100; Alma J. Rosenstein and others against the Ignatz Florio Co-operative Association Among Corleonesi and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, W. J. Rosenstein.

BELMONT AV, w s, 150.3 ft n of 181st St, 17.7x85.9; Philip Siff against Morris Bernstein and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Spiro & Wasservogel.

183D ST, s s, 94.7 ft w of Washington Av, 50x 90; Mary E. Melvin against George L. Collins and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, H. B. Hathaway.

6TH AV, central line, 293.2 ft n of Fordham Landing Av, runs 41.2 x w 132.3 to Croton Aqueduct x s 41.2 x e 132.2 to beginning, Bronx; Naomi S. Phelps against Charles S. Hills and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Augustine & Hopping.

140TH ST, n s, 100 ft w of 3d Av, 50x100; Joseph W. Flynn against Pauline Jedel and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, De La Mare & Morrison.

GERARD AV, n w corner of 168th St, 28x125x irregular; Railroad Brotherhoods' Savings and Building Association against William R. Mongan, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, W. Landon.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE. | MANHATTAN—FOR SALE.

Mortgage Money

5%

$1,000,000

Prefer to lend in sums of

$300,000 to $500,000

Only Manhattan Property

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES. | TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

OFFICES
In the
CENTURY BUILDING
are adjusted to those doing business in LONG ISLAND or NEW JERSEY.

1 West 34th St., adj. 5th Ave.

Convenient to every important terminal.

Located at the very heart and centre of the new business district. Especially desirable for PROFESSIONAL, ADVERTISING, REAL ESTATE men, for NEW YORK AGENTS of Mercantile Concerns and any one desiring clean, light headquarters and

Central Location.

We invite you to inspect these offices. Office of Building, Room 1003. Phone 949-38th.

If you are looking for office space that has advertising value, call and see the north end second floor, Times Building, Times Square. (The present tenants are about to move to another city.) Your name on the twelve large windows facing Broadway, Times Square and 7th Ave. will make your business the best advertised one in New York City. These streets are thronged at all hours—New York's busiest thoroughfares.

Possession May 1st or sooner. About 2,000 square feet. Will divide.

RENTAL AGENT, ROOM 406.
Telephone 1000 Bryant.

S. F. Myers Building
47-49 Maiden Lane.
A few choice light and very desirable offices at moderate rentals.
Apply to
J. A. MYERS,
on Premises.

Offices to Let
in the remodelled Office Building,
41 Park Row and
147 Nassau Street
Formerly known as the TIMES BUILDING, 16 stories high; fireproof; entire new equipment of fast runing hydraulic elevators. Apply to
E. A. TREDWELL
Room 720 - - On Premises

OFFICE FOR RENT
Evening Post Building
20 Vesey Street.
Large office, about 2800 sq. ft., on 4th floor, with vault.
APPLY TO
SAMUEL WILLIAMS, : Agent,
ON PREMISES.

New York Law School BUILDING
172-174 FULTON STREET
Near Broadway and Hudson Terminal
Offices and Floor Space to Let
Exceptional Light, Convenient Location.
Absolutely Fireproof
WARREN & SKILLIN, Agents
96 Broadway, or on premises.

STORE & LOFTS.
New 10 - story Fireproof Building, absolutely modern
291-293 7th Av., near 27th st.
Very conveniently located. Separate passenger and freight elevators.
Apply to Your Own Broker.

Dun Building,
290 BROADWAY, N. E. COR. READE,
a choice large corner suite and single offices to let, with all modern improvements; location central; rent low; possession at once.
Crulkshank Company, 141 Broadway.

GERMANIA BANK BUILDING,
COR. SPRING ST. AND BOWERY.
Light offices, reasonable rents, including electric light, elevator, and janitor service.
Superintendent on premises, or
McVICKAR-GAILLARD REALTY CO.
242 East Houston St. Tel. 1930 Orchard.

45 MAIDEN LANE
Very desirable store and basement to let; also a few single offices; in the centre of the jewelry district; steam heat and elevator; rents low.
Crulkshank Company, 141 Broadway.

Show rooms and offices; exceptionally good light; passenger and freight elevators; all improvements; Stokes Building, 333-341 4th Av., S. E. corner 25th St. Wright Barclay, agent, 435 4th Av.

Studios—Three large studios with splendid north light; Stokes Building, (old Tiffany Studios,) 333-341 4th Av., S. E. corner of 25th St. Wright Barclay, agent, 435 4th Av.

Office space, with unusual light; will divide to suit; Stokes Building, 333-341 4th Av., S. E. corner of 25th St. Wright Barclay, Agent, 435 4th Av.

Skylight Studio Apartment, 115 East 84th; two rooms, bath, $40. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Attractive, light corner offices, 835 Broadway; elevator; rent, $12 up. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Desirable lofts, 51 West 13th St.; elevator; heat; $800-$900. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Desirable stores, 133 East 34th, corner Lexington; latest improvements; reasonable. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Office, 34x17 feet, 21st floor of West St. Building, Cedar and West, facing river. Apply Room 2,112.

Offices, studios, floor, 131 East 34th; elevator, heat, $7 upward. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Offices to let, 36 East 23d St., opposite Metropolitan Building; all modern conveniences. S. B. Goodale & Son, 6 West 24th St.

$25 per month will rent fine office with real estate man. Soffer, 114 Liberty St.

Building and store, 100 feet from Hudson Terminal. 66 Cortlandt St.

BANCROFT BUILDING
3-5-7 WEST 29TH STREET
Store, Basement, Second Floor { 7,000 Square Feet Private Elevator and Stairway
Entire Top Loft { 5,000 Square Feet Light on all sides
Also other small office space
HORACE S. ELY & COMPANY
27 West 30th St. 21 Liberty St.
Superintendent on Premises

STORE TO LET
Suitable for Any Business.
Located on Longwood Av. and So. Boulevard; good business avenue; houses fully occupied; Prospect Av. Subway station at head of street; grocer and butcher preferred.
L. J. PHILLIPS & CO., Agents,
786 Prospect Av.,
or on premises all day.

27 EAST 10th ST.
NEAR BROADWAY. ELEVATOR BUILD'G.
One loft left; 7 side windows; RENT ONLY $1,200.
324 CANAL ST.
1st Loft, $900; 2d Loft, $800.
C. F. BEDELL CO., Broadway and 71st St.

FIFTH NATIONAL BANK BUILDING,
23d St., corner 3d Av.
Large, light offices, including electric light, elevator, and janitor service. Charles Bohlen, Agent, under bank.

LOFTS TO LET
Steam heat, elevator, light. 515 West 29th St.
WATER FRONT PROPERTIES.
FACTORIES, AND FACTORY SITES.
FLOYD S. CORBIN, 10 WALL.

Large light lofts, 50x75 and 50x95; also ground floors in corner and adjoining building, with power. Adam Happel, 1st Av. and 93d St.

CITY HOUSES TO LET.
UNFURNISHED.

37TH ST. (5th & 6th Ave.)
LARGE FOUR-STORY HOUSE, LAUNDRY AND BUTLER'S PANTRY EXTENSION, OPEN PLUMBING. VERY REASONABLE RENT.
ARTHUR S. LEVY,
68 WEST 39TH STREET,
OR YOUR OWN BROKER.

OCCUPANT GOING ABROAD
will rent, fully furnished, for one year, high-class, modern, 4-story 20 ft. dwelling; choice location, west side, in the Seventies. SLAWSON & HOBBS, 284 Columbus Av.

548 & 552 WEST 149TH STREET.
Beautiful, four-story American basement dwellings; 10 rooms; 2 bathrooms; modern; possession; rent, $1,000. Warren & Skillin, 96 Broadway.

Beautiful corner house, 180th St. and Anthony Av.; 9 rooms, 2 lots; only $50. Shuldiner, 325 East 64th St.

168th St., 510 West.—Private house, 9 rooms and bath; modern improvements. J. J. Bagley, 25 West 42d St.

APARTMENTS TO LET—FURNISHED

To Let.—From June 1 until Oct. 1, 8-room and bath with shower, corner apartment; large, airy, well furnished; outside rooms, eastern, western, and southern exposures, overlooking the Hudson and Riverside; use of Chickering piano and books; services of maid included in rent. For terms address or apply apartment 11A, Hotel Narragansett, 93d St. and Broadway. Telephone 3843 River. Apartment can be seen at any time.

To Sublet.—Beautifully furnished apartment, entire 3d floor, private house; kitchenette optional; 48th St., just off 5th Av.; possession immediate until Sept. 25; references; $135 monthly. Address C, G. B., 45 William St. Telephone 1600 John.

Handsomely furnished apartment, seven rooms, bath, centrally located in best part of city, can be had from May 5 to Oct. 1 at great sacrifice. Wilmington, 97th St. and Broadway. Max Silberherz.

BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED SEVEN-ROOM APARTMENT, ALL OUTSIDE ROOMS. CALL MORNINGS, BEFORE TWELVE, 214 WEST 92D ST.

BEAUTIFULLY located 3-room suite at The Ansonia, for rent; overlooking the river; reasonable for the Summer. Apply Apartment 15-137, The Ansonia.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—MAURICE B. BAER and HENRY METZLER, Plaintiffs, against FRANZ M. DAUBITZ, Defendant.—Summons.—Trial desired in New York County.
To the above-named defendant:
You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiffs' attorneys within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.
Dated February 25th, 1908.
LOW & CAREY,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.
Office and Post Office address, No. 346 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.
To the defendant Franz M. Daubitz:
The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of Hon. J. A. O'Gorman, a Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 24th day of March, 1908, and filed with the summons and complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, at the County Court House, in the City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, County of New York, the summons and complaint having been filed in said clerk's office on or about February 26th, 1908, and said order on March 26th, 1908.
Dated New York, March 27, 1908.
LOW & CAREY,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.
Office and Post Office address, 346 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

APARTMENTS TO LET—UNFURNISHED. | APARTMENTS TO LET—UNFURNISHED.
WEST SIDE. Above 110th St. and Washington Heights. | WEST SIDE. Above 110th St. and Washington Heights.

The Magnet
Apartments
Broadway, from 140th to 141st St. West Side of Avenue.
Entrance on the Streets.
Handy to 137th and 145th St. Subway Stations.
Apartments Ready for Occupancy
Messrs. Gross & Herbener being the builders is the best recommendation as to construction, appointments, finish, etc.
6 and 7 large rooms and bath
Dining Rooms wainscoted in Oak and Beam Ceilings. **Drawing Rooms** in Mahogany and White Enamel.

One 4-room apartment	$650
6-room apartments	$750 to $1,150
7-room apartments	$1,000 to $1,200

The Westerly Apartments command an unobstructed view of the Hudson River.
Day and Night 'Phone, Hall and Elevator Service
F. ZITTEL, agent on premises

The Majestic
St. Nicholas Ave.
S. E. Cor. 145th St.
Absolutely Fireproof. 7 and 8 large rooms. Telephone in each apartment; continuous hall and elevator service; Subway and "L" stations on 145th St.; surface line by the door. Can be seen evenings. Rentals, $660 to $960, including electric light and cold storage.
Superintendent on premises or
DU BOIS & TAYLOR
3,555 BROADWAY, (146th St.)

353 WEST 117TH ST.
5 large rooms and tiled bath; all outside, light; elevator, steam heat, and hot water supplied; uniformed service; $35 to $37; private neighborhood; near parks, &c. Apply to janitor.

To Sublet—Attractive six-room apartment in new high-class apartment house; all large outside rooms, each commanding unobstructed view of Hudson River. Seen by appointment. Telephone. H. S. Adams, 203 Audubon.

EAST SIDE.

1109 & 1111 Madison Avenue
(COR. 83D ST.)
High-class modern fireproof apartment building, 2d flat, $1,800 per year. Apply to Supt., on premises, or Chr. Volzing & Son, 208 E. 57th St.

The "Bella" Apartment.
Centrally located; 48 East 26th St.; high-class apartment; $1,600; convenient to all railroads, Subway, and theatres. Apply Superintendent, on premises.

CROSS CHAMBERS,
210 5th Av.
Apartments, 8 rooms and bath, ideal for bachelor or couple. James E. Ball, Superintendent.

Royal Crown, 142 East 27th.—Two rooms and bath, electric light; night elevator service; telephone in apartments; Superintendent on premises; $30.

65th St., 425, 429, 433 East.—Come and see the finest 3 and 4 rooms in Yorkville; all improvements; low rent.

NO. 10,702.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of WILLIAM H. BUCHANAN, Bankrupt.
To the creditors of William H. Buchanan, of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:
Notice is hereby given that on the 26th day of March, A. D. 1908, the said William H. Buchanan was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of John J. Townsend, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 45 Cedar Street, City and County of New York, on the 14th day of April, A. D. 1908, at 12:30 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting. JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
April 1st, 1908. Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN District of New York.—In the matter of HARRY SALWEN, BENEDICT F. BRAMSON, and ISAAC RAPHAEL, Bankrupts.—No. 9,293.
Notice is hereby given that Harry Salwen, Benedict F. Bramson, and Isaac Raphael, bankrupts, have filed their petition, dated January 7th, 1908, praying for a discharge from all their debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, April 13th, 1908, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
NATHANIEL S. SMITH,
New York, April 1st, 1908. Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN District of New York.—DANIEL J. MACKINTOSH, Bankrupt.
Notice is hereby given that Daniel J. Mackintosh, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated March 26th, 1908, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on April 13th, 1908, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
WILLIAM ALLEN,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, April 1, 1908.

NO. 10,794.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ALFREDO FRAGANO, Bankrupt.
To the creditors of Alfredo Fragano of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:
Notice is hereby given that on the 27th day of March, A. D. 1908, the said Alfredo Fragano was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of William Allen, referee in bankruptcy, No. 67 Wall St., New York, N. Y., on the 16th day of April, A. D. 1908, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
WILLIAM ALLEN,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, April 1, 1908.

NO. 10,544.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of PASQUALE CAPONIGRI, Bankrupt.
To the creditors of Pasquale Caponigri of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:
Notice is hereby given that on the 23d day of March, A. D. 1908, the said Pasquale Caponigri was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 63 Wall Street, in the City and County of New York, on the 21st day of April, A. D. 1908, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
MACGRANE COXE,
April 3d, 1908. Referee in Bankruptcy.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of WILLIAM J. HALIDAY, Bankrupt.—No. 10,765.
To the creditors of William J. Haliday of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:
Notice is hereby given that on the 20th day of March, A. D. 1908, the said William J. Haliday, was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the sixteenth day of April, 1908, at 12:30 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
Dated New York, March 30, 1908.
SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JOSEPH WIESELTHIER, Bankrupt.—No. 10,683.
To the creditors of Joseph Wieselthier of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:
Notice is hereby given that on the 25th day of February, A. D. 1908, the said Joseph Wieselthier was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the sixteenth day of April, 1908, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
Dated New York, March 30, 1908.
SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

BRONX.

THE A-RE-CO APTS.
American Real Estate Co., Owners.
ELEVATOR AND NON-ELEVATOR
992-1040 Simpson St.
Private park directly opposite, with tennis courts and children's play ground exclusively for use of A-RE-CO tenants.
"PLENTY OF FRESH AIR."
4, 5, 6, and 7 large, light rooms and bath. Every modern convenience; electric light, hot water, double floors.
Rent, $24 to $60.
LIBERAL CONCESSIONS NOW.
ALSO LARGE CORNER STORE
(will divide) at important surface transfer point. Suitable for dry goods, shoes, men's furnishings, &c.
Apply to Rental Office, 1,028 Westchester Av., (Simpson Street Subway Station.)

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS
5-6 LARGE OUTSIDE ROOMS AT $27 UP.
Elegantly furnished; up-to-date improvements; large dining room; extra large wardrobes.
946-50-52 TRINITY AVE.
A select residential section of the Bronx; few minutes' walk east of 161st St. 3d Av. "L" station. APPLY ON PREMISES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HORAN-MARSHALL COMPANY, Bankrupt.—No. 10,395.
To the creditors of Horan-Marshall Company of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:
Notice is hereby given that on the 16th day of March, 1908, the said Horan-Marshall Company was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the sixteenth day of April, A. D. 1908, at twelve o'clock noon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
Dated New York, March 30, 1908.
SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 10,761.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ELIZUR Y. SMITH, Bankrupt.
To the creditors of Elizur Y. Smith of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:
Notice is hereby given that on the 20th day of March, A. D. 1908, the said Elizur Y. Smith was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of William Allen, referee in bankruptcy, No. 67 Wall Street, New York, N. Y., on the 16th day of April, A. D. 1908, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting. WILLIAM ALLEN,
April 1, 1908. Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—LOUIS WOLF, Bankrupt.
Notice is hereby given that Louis Wolf, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated March 24, 1908, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on April 13th, 1908, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
WILLIAM ALLEN,
Referee in Bankruptcy,
New York, April 1, 1908.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of NATALE MAGNANI, Bankrupt.—No. 10,574.
To the creditors of Natale Magnani of the City, County and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:
Notice is hereby given that on the 19th day of February, A. D. 1908, the said Natale Magnani was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of his creditors will be held at my office, No. 71 Broadway, City and County of New York, N. Y., on the 17th day of April, A. D. 1908, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
Dated New York, April 1, 1908.
STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—ALBERT BRUCKHEIMER, Bankrupt.
Notice is hereby given that Albert Bruckheimer, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated April 1st, 1908, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on April 13, 1908, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
WILLIAM ALLEN,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, April 1, 1908.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—JACOB ROSENBLOOM, Bankrupt.
Notice is hereby given that Jacob Rosenbloom, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated March 13, 1908, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on April 13, 1908, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
WILLIAM ALLEN,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, April 1, 1908.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—ABRAHAM L. HARTMAN, Bankrupt.
Notice is hereby given that Abraham Hartman, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated March 16, 1908, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on April 13, 1908, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
WILLIAM ALLEN,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, April 1, 1908.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—JOHN T. ARKISON, Bankrupt.
Notice is hereby given that John T. Arkison, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated March 16, 1908, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on April 13, 1908, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
WILLIAM ALLEN,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, April 1, 1908.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—EDWIN W. DAYTON, Bankrupt.
Notice is hereby given that Edwin W. Dayton, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated April 1, 1908, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, April 13th, 1908, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, and then and there to show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted, and also to attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
NATHANIEL S. SMITH,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, April 1st, 1908.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of THE MOODY CORPORATION, Bankrupt.—No. 10,623.
Notice is hereby given that The Moody Corporation, bankrupt, has filed its petition praying that the composition heretofore offered by it to its creditors and accepted in writing by a majority in number of creditors whose claims have been allowed, which number represents a majority in amount of such claims, may be confirmed by the court, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before the United States District Judges, at the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, April 13th, 1908, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, and then and there to show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted, and also to attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
NATHANIEL S. SMITH,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, April 2d, 1908.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of JACOB LEIBEL, Bankrupt.—No. 10,431.
Notice is hereby given that Jacob Leibel, bankrupt, has filed his petition praying that the composition heretofore offered by him to his creditors and accepted in writing by a majority in number of creditors whose claims have been allowed, which number represents a majority in amount of such claims, may be confirmed by the court, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before the United States District Judges, at the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, April 13th, 1908, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, and then and there to show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted, and also to attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
NATHANIEL S. SMITH,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, April 1st, 1908.

SPRING RESORTS.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

HOTEL CHELSEA
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
Occupying an entire block of ocean front, with no surrounding obstructions in the fashionable resident section, offers the highest standard of hotel excellence in appointments, cuisine, and service. 300 luxuriously furnished bed chambers and suites have private baths (fresh and sea water) attached. Large solarium and music hall overlooking the ocean and boardwalk. High-class orchestra. Billiards. Cafe, pool, etc. French chefs. Golf privileges. Auto meets trains. Booklet and terms upon request. Open all year.
J. B. THOMPSON & CO.

Marlborough-Blenheim
(Capacity 1100)
The leading resort house of America. Particularly attractive during
ATLANTIC CITY'S GREAT SPRING SEASON
March, April and May
The rooms are large, and the 400 private baths are each supplied with hot and cold sea water, so beneficial in rheumatic and other troubles. Exquisite music is a feature. White service in both American and European Dining Rooms.
JOSIAH WHITE & SONS.

HOTEL TRAYMORE,
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
Open throughout the year.
A Hotel Celebrated for Its Home Comforts.
TRAYMORE HOTEL CO.,
CHAS. O. MARQUETTE, Manager. D. S. WHITE, President.

The ALBEMARLE VIRGINIA AV. Near Beach.
Elegant modern family hotel. Capacity 850. Elevators, private baths, steam heat, 4,000 sq. ft. sun parlors; every convenience; offers special April and May rates, $10 up weekly, $2 up daily. A number of choice rooms at $16 per week, double, during early season. Sat. to Mon., $3.50. Exceptionally good table, excellent cooking, white service. Booklet. J. P. COPE.

Monticello
THE HOTEL FOR COMFORT
Splendid location. Kentucky Av., near Beach. Modern, high-class, homelike. Excellent table and service predominant features. 50 elegant front rooms have private baths attached. Capacity 600. Special rates $10.00 up weekly; $2 up daily, Am. plan. Ill. Booklet. A. C. EKHOLM.

HADDON HALL
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
Hot and cold sea water in private and public baths.
Fifty stationary washstands in bed chambers.
Write for illustrated literature.
LEEDS & LIPPINCOTT.

HOTEL ISLESWORTH,
Ocean front Virginia Av. Capacity 500. American and European plans. Special Lenten rates—American plan, $16.50 weekly up; $2.50 daily up. Newly furnished. Fresh and sea water baths, private and public. Phones in rooms. Orchestra. Booklet. Electric cab at trains. Wm. Hyman, Owner & Propr. Albion F. Allen, Manager.

HOTEL GLADSTONE.
Directly on the Beach front, with unobstructed view of Ocean and open surroundings; appointed and furnished in the most approved manner; hot and cold sea water in all baths, public and private; running water in rooms; sun parlor overlooking the Board Walk; elevator, &c. Capacity 250. Write for booklet and Spring terms.
N. J. COLLINS.

CHALFONTE
THE LEEDS COMPANY.

SEASIDE HOUSE,
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
On the Ocean front; every comfort, including sea water baths, elevators, golf, &c.
F. P. COOK & SON.

HOTEL NEW ENGLAND,
South Carolina Av. and the Beach; private baths, elevator, sun parlor; capacity 850. Superior table. Special Spring rates. BRYAN & WILLIAMS.

HOTEL DENNIS,
DIRECTLY ON THE OCEAN FRONT.
WALTER J. BUZBY.

HOTEL CLARENDON Virginia Av., Near Beach and Steel Pier. M. D. NEIMAN.

NEW JERSEY—Lakewood.

LAKEWOOD, N. J.
THE LAUREL HOUSE
Now Open.
A. J. MURPHY, Manager.
D. P. SIMPSON, Asst. Manager.

LAUREL-IN-THE-PINES
NOW OPEN.
FRANK F. SHUTE, Manager.
Both hotels have been extensively improved since last season, including the addition of numerous private baths, and are favorably known for their standard of excellence since the inception of Lakewood as a resort.

Montclair.

THE MONTCLAIR
MONTCLAIR, N. J.
Pure air, excellent table, good service; sun parlors with and without heat; superb views.
SPECIAL WINTER RATES.
THE MONTCLAIR HOTEL CO.

NEW YORK—Long Island.

HOTEL
GRAMATAN
BRONXVILLE—Westchester Co., N. Y.
Only 30 min. via Harlem Div. N. Y. C.
Open all the Year.
J. J. LANNIN CO., Proprietors.

GARDEN CITY
HOTEL
GARDEN CITY.....Long Island
18 miles from N. Y. Open all the year.
J. J. LANNIN CO., Proprietors.

NEW YORK—Briarcliff Manor.

BRIARCLIFF LODGE
Briarcliff Manor, New York
Will Open
Wednesday, April 15th.
City office, 5½ East 46th St. 'Phone 3278-38.
D. B. PLUMER, Manager.

FORGE HOUSE Open Year Round. 1,700' Altitude. Fireplaces. OLD FORGE, N. Y. Steam heat. Excellent cuisine. Accommodates 250. Moderate rates. H. T. & J. W. QUINN.

NEW JERSEY CENTRAL
TWO-HOUR TRAIN TO PHILADELPHIA
EVERY HOUR ON THE HOUR
FOR PHILADELPHIA, Lv. W. 23D ST.:—6.50, 7.50, 8.20, 8.50, 9.50, 10.50, 11.30, 11.50 a. m., 12.50, 1.30, 1.50, 2.50, 3.50, 4.30, 4.50, 5.30, 6.50, 7.50, 8.50, 10.20, 11.50 p. m. Sundays, 7.50, 8.50, 9.50, 10.50, 11.50 a. m., 12.50, 1.50, 2.50, 3.50, 4.50, 5.50, 6.50, 7.50, 8.50, 10.20, 11.50 p. m.
Lv. LIBERTY ST.:—1.30, 6.30, 7.00, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00, 11.30, a. m., 12.00 Noon, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00 p. m., 12.15 midnight. Sundays, 1.30, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 noon, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.30 p. m., 12.15 midnight.
FOR BALTIMORE AND WASHINGTON, Lv. W. 23D ST.:—7.50, 9.50, 11.50 a. m., 1.50, 3.50, 5.50, 6.50 p. m. daily.
Lv. LIBERTY ST.: 1.30, 8.00, 10.00 a. m., 12.00 noon, 2.00, 4.00, 6.00, 7.00 p. m., daily.
FOR ATLANTIC CITY, Lv. W. 23D ST.:—9.50 a. m., (12.50 Sats. only), 3.30 p.m. Sundays, 9.50 a.m., 2.30 p. m.
Lv. LIBERTY ST.:—10.00 a. m., (1.00 Sats. only), 3.40 p. m. Sundays, 10.00 a. m., 2.30 p. m.
FOR LAKEWOOD AND LAKEHURST, Lv. W. 23D ST.:—9.50 a. m., (12.50 Sats. only), 1.30, 3.30, 3.50, 4.50, (4.20 Sats. only) p. m. Sundays, 8.30, 9.50 a.m., 2.20 p.m.
Lv. LIBERTY ST.:—4.00, 10.00 a. m., (1.00 Sats. only), 1.30, 3.40, 4.10, 5.00, (4.30 Sats. only) p.m. Sundays, 8.30, 10.00 a. m. 2.30 p. m.,
Time tables may be obtained at following offices: Liberty St., (West 23d St. Tel. 2144 Chelsea), 6 Astor House, 245, 434, 1300, 1354 Broadway, 182 Fifth Av., 261 Fifth Av., 25 Union Square West, 2793 Third Av., 105 West 125th St., 245 Columbus Av., New York; 4 Court St., 843, 844 Fulton St., 459 Nostrand Av., Brooklyn; 390 Broadway, Williamsburg. New York Transfer Co. calls for and checks baggage to destination.
W. G. BESLER, Vice-Pres. & Gen. Mgr. W. C. HOPE, Gen. Pass'r Agent. 1-25-08

Baltimore & Ohio Railroad
ROYAL BLUE LINE TRAINS
"Every Other Hour on the Even Hour."
TO BALTIMORE AND WASHINGTON.
Direct Connections in New Union Station, Washington, with All Lines South.

Leave New York Daily,	23d St.	Lib'y St.
WASHINGTON, Sleepers,	11:50 pm	1:30 am
WASHINGTON, Diner,	7:50 am	8:00 am
WASHINGTON, Diner,	9:50 am	10:00 am
WASHINGTON, Diner,	11:50 am	12:00 n'n
WASHINGTON, Buffet,	1:50 pm	2:00 pm
"ROYAL LTD." Diner,	3:50 pm	4:00 pm
WASHINGTON, Diner,	5:50 pm	6:00 pm
WASHINGTON, Buffet,	6:50 pm	7:00 pm

Through Daily Trains to the West.

CHICAGO, PITTSBURG,	7:50 am	8:00 am
CHICAGO, COLUMBUS,	11:50 am	12:00 n'n
PITTSBURG, CLEVELAND,	3:50 pm	4:00 pm
"PITTSBURG LIMITED,"	6:50 pm	7:00 pm
CIN., ST. LOUIS, LOUISV.,	11:50 pm	1:30 am
CIN., ST. LOUIS, LOUISV.,	9:50 am	10:00 am
CIN., ST. LOUIS, LOUISV.,	5:50 pm	6:00 pm

Offices: 245, 434, 1,300 Broadway, 8 Astor House, 108 Greenwich St., 25 Union Square W., 360 Grand St., N. Y.; 343 Fulton St., Brooklyn; West 22d St. and Liberty St.
After 6 p. m. Sleeping Car Reservations and full information regarding trains, etc., can be obtained at Bureau of Information, B. & O. R. R., 23d St. Terminal. Phone No. 3144 Chelsea.

New York, New Haven & Hartford R. R.
Trains depart from Grand Central Station, 42d St. and 4th Av., as follows, for:
BOSTON, via New London & Providence—‡‖10:00, *x‖10:02 A. M., ‡‖11:00, *x‖1:03, *x‖3:00, ‡‖5:00, *‖5:02, *‖12:00 P. M., via Willimantic—*‖8:03 A. M., ‡2:01 P. M., via Spfd—9:15 A. M., *‖12:00, *‖4:00, *11:00 P. M.
Lakeville and Norfolk—*‖9:00 A.M., ‡2:26 P.M.
Gt. Barrington, Stockbridge, Lenox, Pittsfield, ‡‖4:54, ‡‖9:00 A. M., and ‡3:26 P. M.
Ticket offices at cGrand Central Station and c125th St., also at c245, 1,200, c1,354 Broadway, c25 Union Square, c182 Fifth Av., c245 Columbus Av., c563 Fifth Av., c849 Madison Av., c105 West 125th St., 2,793 Third Av., in Brooklyn, c4 Court St., 479 Nostrand Av., 390 Broadway.
*Daily. ‡Except Sundays. ¶Stops at

SMALL WANTS.

LOST AND FOUND.

15c. a line; 3t., 36c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 words to line.

LOST—Purse, 9:19 train from Irvington; N. Y., on the N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R., one black purse, containing money, Turkish bath tickets, cards, &c. The finder will be rewarded by returning same to the owner, Mrs. J. H. McCullough, Blue Rock, Irvington, N. Y.

LOST—Sunday evening, Terrace Garden, East 58th St., silver chain purse, initials "G. L. C.," containing $8 in cash, two railroad tickets, and receipt. Finder can keep money; also liberal reward. F. L. Davis, 844 6th Av., care of Lebermuth.

LOST—Sunday morning, Madison Av., between Hotel Manhattan and St. Patrick's Cathedral, lady's gold watch, marked "Elizabeth Hannan," with enameled fob; reward. Return Boyd, 3 West 108th St.

LOST—Wednesday evening, 6:30-8 P. M., 84th St., Col., 9th L., 23d, Grand Opera, scarfpin, amethyst and pearl. Finder call 104 West 84th St. Lee; reward.

LOST—Silver gilt bag, gold purse, key, change, and pencil, probably in front of 235 West 75th St. Return to Homer, 55 Central Park West; reward $10.

LOST—Tuesday, in taxicab, gold lorgnette, monogram "J. K."; reward. Return J. R., Box 26 Times, Times Square.

LOST—In Subway, railroad specifications; reward if loser notified. Address C. J., Box 14 Times, Times Square.

LOST—Pigskin purse, containing three diamond rings; generous reward. Hotel Felix, 54 West 25th St.

LOST—Lady's open-faced Elgin watch, with gold lady's fob chain, gold ball locket; reward. Swan, 145 Taylor St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

LOST—March 31, gold seal ring, initials "E. S."; liberal reward. Return to Silverstein, 637 5th Av.

LOST—Gold open-face Swiss watch; owner's full name in case. Communicate with owner's office in Times Building. A. J. S.

$5 REWARD—Turquoise brooch, lost March 31, between 110th and 33d Sts., West. Return to Miss M. Rohme, 6 West 107th St.

LOST AND FOUND BANK BOOKS.

15c. a line; 3t., 36c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 words to line.

LOST—Bank Book No. 816, Germania Bank, First Av. Branch, Special Deposit Department; payment has been stopped; finder please return to bank.

LOST—Bank Book No. 9,222, issued by Yorkville Bank to Leopold Kraus; payment stopped. Finder please return to bank.

LOST AND FOUND CATS & DOGS.

15c. a line; 3t., 36c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 words to line.

LOST—A French bull, with bat ears and undershod; answers name Bully; liberal reward. 864 5th Av.

LOST—Gray wolf Spitz, long hair; good reward will be given. W. Werner, 9 Bedford St., Brooklyn, between Leo Place and Raymond St.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, 102d St. and East River, or the Ambulance House, at 111 East 22d St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to procure pets should apply at the Shelter.

FOUND.

FOUND, April 1—Interborough Rapid Transit Co., 39 Greenwich St.: On Second Av. Elevated—Eyeglasses, bunch keys, pair rubbers, package braid, 2 cans white lead, can oil. On Third Av. Elevated—Pair trousers, case samples, gas mantles, oil can, 2 books, magazine, &c.; addressed package, overalls, package dress goods, umbrella, pocketbook, purse, ring. On Sixth Av. Elevated—Pair gloves, 3 umbrellas, parasol, purse, shirt, &c.; package fruit, rolls tape, memo. pad, shopping bag, eyeglasses, odd glove, key, photograph. On Ninth Av. Elevated—Bunch keys, package collars, sealed package, pair eyeglasses, gloves, &c.; pair shoes, package collars, umbrella, box cigars. In Subway—Vase, coat hangers, 2 aprons, pair trousers, overalls, 3 umbrellas, 3 purses, 7 books, 2 pairs gloves, eyeglass case, key, hat, lunch box, hammer, &c.

FOUND, April 1—New England Navigation Co. Apply office Commissary, foot Warren St.: Fall River Line, S. S. Providence—Cuffs, rubbers, necktie, umbrella, kodak, pajamas, cloak, handkerchief. Norwich Line, S. S. Chapin—Box salve. New Haven Line, S. S. Richard Peck—Cuffs, pajamas.

FOUND, March 31—Brooklyn Rapid Transit Co., 168 Montague St., Brooklyn: On Elevated Lines—Hat, overalls, plane, aprons, shirts, nails, satchel. On Surface Lines—Book, trousers, linens, photographs, molds, leather, eyeglasses, accordeon, pocketbook, umbrella.

FOUND, April 1—N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R. and N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R., Grand Central Station: 3 umbrellas, 4 packages, 2 pocketbooks, cane, eyeglasses, pin, gloves, glove, key.

FOUND, April 1—Pennsylvania R. R., Jersey City, N. J.: On Trains—Soap box, 2 memo. books, pin, gloves, 2 hats, thimble, cap, 4 umbrellas, kodak, slippers, 2 packages, roll rubber.

FOUND, April 2—Awaiting owners Lost Property Clerk's Office, Police Headquarters, 300 Mulberry St.: 2 pocketbooks, cash, neck chain, keys, and note; football, bunch of keys.

FOUND, April 1—Erie R. R., Jersey City: Rubber, 6 umbrellas, book, 2 pairs gloves, overcoat.

FOUND, April 1—D., L. & W. R. R., Hoboken, N. J.: 5 umbrellas, 2 books, shoes, satchel, card case.

FOUND, April 1—Long Island R. R., Long Island City: Umbrella, gloves.

FOUND, April 1—Jersey Central R. R., Jersey City: 4 umbrellas, tea, pliers, book.

BOARDERS WANTED.

15c. a line; 3t., 36c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 words to line.

West Side.

7TH AV., 2,053, 123d St.—Comfortable, homelike, well-kept rooms; excellent board; fine location; references.

39TH ST., 37 WEST.—Attractive, large rooms; excellent table board; references.

72D ST., 151 WEST.—High-class house; beautifully furnished rooms; reference.

79TH ST., 151 WEST.—Large sunny fourth-floor room, with board.

81ST, 118 WEST.—Beautiful rooms, with excellent board; single room; table board; reference required.

90TH ST., 6 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms; first-class board; moderate; table guests.

99D ST., 122 WEST.—Desirable second floor room; southern exposure; good board; telephone; references.

93D ST., 163 WEST.—Desirable double room; select home; couple; gentlemen; table guests; references; telephone.

879 West End Av., corner 103d, block from Riverside Park. Subway express station, and surface cars; most beautiful and sanitary location New York; handsomely furnished rooms with private baths and telephones; beautiful foliage; superior table; more beautiful than country, none its disadvantages.

REFINED HOME, private family; opportunity to learn English; apartment; Subway; elevated. "Ponvivant," Times, Times Square.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 61.—Furnished rooms, with board; 79th St. Subway.

THE PARK, 101 Waverley Place, Northwest Corner Washington Square.—Ideal location; front, sunny room; ample closets; superior table; telephone.

East Side.

17TH ST., 116 EAST, Near Irving Place.—Desirable large and small rooms; excellent table.

24TH ST., 119 EAST.—Large and small rooms; elegant bath; Southern cuisine.

IRVING PLACE, 53, Nicholas Fish Mansion.—Attractive to those appreciating quiet, well-ordered house; breakfast served in rooms; references desired.

MADISON AV., 673, 694, 696, (61st.)—Suites and separate room $18 to $28 with board, two persons; single, $8 to $12.

Brooklyn.

MONTAGUE TERRACE, 5, overlooking Wall St.—Subway to Broadway, N. Y. three minutes; rooms, single, en suite; parlor floor furnished and unfurnished; neighborhood, house, table high class; table guests.

Long Island.

DOUGLAS MANOR INN, Douglaston.—Open the year round. In the centre of large estate on Little Neck Bay. Attractive and homelike. Easy commuting distance. Write for terms and particulars.

New Jersey.

CRANFORD, N. J.—Board near station for young men; references. N., Box 32 Times, Times Square.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

15c. a line; 3t., 36c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 words to line.

West Side.

12TH ST., 43 WEST.—Attractively furnished rooms; hot and cold running water; telephone.

42D, 148 WEST.—Nice large and small rooms; exceptionally reasonable for Times Square location.

44TH ST., 210 WEST.—Very desirable rooms in well-furnished and quiet house; references.

77TH ST., 111 WEST.—Physician's office, furnished or unfurnished; sleeping quarters if desired; hall service and reception room.

78TH ST., 157 WEST.—Second-floor room, private bath, good attendance; Phone 7910 River; reference.

79TH ST., 152 WEST.—Sunny room; table guest.

82D ST., 6 WEST.—Attractive furnished suite or separate; breakfast optional; reasonable.

84TH ST., 33 WEST.—Two desirable front rooms, southern exposure, with board; limited number of guests; Summer rates; references.

91ST ST., 74 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms; all conveniences; doctor's apartment; Subway, L.; breakfast optional.

101ST ST., 16 WEST.—Newly furnished light homelike room; steam. Timpson.

111TH ST., 125 WEST.—Large and small rooms, absolutely clean; private house, American family.

77TH ST., 111 WEST.—Summer rates; references.

BROADWAY, 2,465, (91st St. Subway.)—Suite or single, two or three outside rooms; elevator. Keeler.

FRONT PARLOR, two bedrooms, adjoining; suitable three; upper west side. Z. M., Box 103 Times Downtown.

SMALL WANTS.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

15c. a line; 3t., 36c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 words to line.

West Side.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 386, (129th St.)—Large back parlor; cheap rent; convenient to "L."

East Side.

58TH ST., 36 EAST, Near Madison Av.—Rooms singly or en suite; valet; breakfast optional; telephone.

76TH ST., 122 EAST.—Parlor floor; other rooms.

THE RALEIGH, 605 Broadway.—Just the place for downtown business men; special rate per week, $3 up; baths free.

FURNISHED ROOMS WANTED.

15c. a line; 3t., 36c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 words to line.

WE desire to inform our clients and the public that we have removed to this address, where we have increased facilities for recommending desirable applicants for furnished rooms, apartments, or boarding places. Desirable vacancies always in demand. Representative will call upon request. Temple Rental Company, Suite 605, 108 and 110 West 34th St.

BOARD AND ROOM DIRECTORY.

BOARD AND ROOMS.

73D ST., 169 WEST.—Sunny rooms; single, double.

HELP WANTED—FEMALES.

15c. a line; 3t., 36c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 words to line.

Singers.

WANTED—Contraltos for New Jersey churches; medium salaries. Webster's Choir Exchange, 136 5th Av.

WANTED—Soprano and organist; good organ; $300 each. Webster's Choir Exchange, 136 5th Av.

Teachers.

WANTED—German teacher, private school; exceptional opportunity; permanent. Hopkins', 1 Union Square, Lincoln Building.

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Ladies with leisure time instructed in the art of selling real estate, making $50 weekly. Albert Edwards, 215 Montague St., Brooklyn.

HELP WANTED—MALES.

15c. a line; 3t., 36c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 words to line.

Gardeners.

WANTED—Gardener, and wife to do plain cooking; country place. Soffer, 114 Liberty St.

Organists.

WANTED—Episcopal organist for suburban church, $800. Webster's Choir Exchange, 136 5th Ave.

Salesmen.

SALESMEN! SALESMEN!

Positions now open in the following lines: Burlap and paper bags, $1,000; whiskey, $2,000 and expenses; transmission machinery, $1,500 to start; corsets, draw account against commission; cigarette mfrs supplies, $780-$1,040; Japanese and Chinese goods, salary open; jewelers' supplies, $1,000; overalls, shirts, etc., $1,000; tea and coffee, $1,300 and expenses; chemicals and dyestuffs, $2,000; real estate (want man capable of earning over $5,000); valves, $1,500; jewelry boxes, $1,200. For other information about sales, executive, clerical, professional and technical positions call or write

HAPGOODS, 307 Broadway.

WANTED.—Salesmen; we have a proposition where you can earn from $50 to $100 per week; no experience necessary. Call Rooms 303-304.
1 West Thirty-fourth Street, New York City.

A.—A.—A.—WE WANT salesmen of good appearance and ability; high-grade proposition and big money; splendid chance for live men. Call Laurelton Co., 9 E. 26th St.

WANTED—Coffee salesmen; we have several excellent vacancies in various eastern territories; liberal propositions. Hapgoods, 307 Broadway, N. Y. C.

WANTED—Salesmen, managers, and office positions of any kind. See Ogden's, 510 Tribune Building.

Singers.

WANTED—Tenor and bass, Presbyterian church; $250 each. Webster's Choir Exchange, 136 5th Av.

WANTED—Bass and tenor, suburban churches; $200-$400. Webster's Choir Exchange, 136 5th Av.

Miscellaneous.

AUTOMOBILES.—Rare chance to become a practical chauffeur; only practical school in city; 30 cars to overhaul; to prove this we will teach you free this week; license guaranteed. Auto Transportation Co., 309 W. 41st.

DEPARTMENT STORE MANAGER.
New project; location, N. Y. C.; applications treated confidentially; salary, $10,000-$25,000. HAPGOODS, 307 Broadway.

WANTED—For U. S. Army, able-bodied, unmarried men between ages of 18 and 35, citizens of United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read, and write English; men wanted now for service in Cuba and the Philippines. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, 25 3d Av., 2,362 3d Av., 962 3d Av., 808 East 34th St., 749 6th Av., 147 Park Row, 79 Cortlandt St., 332 8th Av., 2,306 8th Av., New York; 363 Fulton St., 474 5th Av., 197 Havemeyer St., Brooklyn; 47 Montgomery St., Jersey City; 24 Hudson Place, Hoboken, N. J.

WANTED—Boys in the office of a large manufacturing concern; must have good education, come well recommended; chances for advancement are good; salary to start, $5.00 per week. Address, stating age, references, Madison, P. O. Box 645 New York City.

WANTED—Manager; 5c. and 10c. store; good opportunity; man must have executive ability, knowledge of window trimming, counter arrangement, &c., as well as retail experience; $1,200 to start. Hapgoods, 307 Broadway, N. Y. C.

WANTED—By a men's fine clothing house, an experienced young man of good appearance as model and assistant to trayler; must be 38 chest and about 5 feet 9 inches tall. R. B. H., Box 265 Times, Times Square.

WANTED—BRIGHT YOUNG MEN OF NEAT APPEARANCE TO SOLICIT ADVERTISING; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR AMBITIOUS YOUNG MEN. ADDRESS J. B., BOX 46 TIMES, TIMES SQUARE.

WANTED—Ad writer, for consulting engineers; need man about one week to draw some original sketches and get up some good advertising matter. Salary to be arranged. Hapgoods, 307 Broadway, N. Y. C.

WANTED—Second man in the house, for all-year-around at Newport; must understand valeting and have best of references. Send particulars, name and address to Mrs. De Lancy Kane, Hotel Belmont, 42d St.

WANTED—Correspondent for engineers and manufacturers; must be familiar with the various languages used in America by foreign laborers; $2,500-$3,000. Hapgoods, 307 Broadway, N. Y. C.

WANTED—Chiropodist; first-class man willing to go to Montreal, Can.; good salary, commission on work and sales; excellent opportunity for right party. Apply Grof Bros., 812 Broadway.

WANTED—Bright men instructed in real estate; $100 weekly easily made; this proposition unparalleled; splendid opening. Albert Edwards, 215 Montague St., Brooklyn.

WANTED—A man of ability to devote part or all time to a lucrative proposition; business experience and salesmanship required. Call mornings, Room 802, 150 Nassau St.

WANTED—An American Protestant about 22, good appearance, for general usefulness in office of country club. Address Permanent, Box 51, Times, Times Square.

WANTED—Advertising solicitor on daily newspaper to solicit cards for daily trade directory on commission. Address S. R., Box 145 Times, Times Square.

WANTED—Energetic men to handle a specialty of high standard; a good proposition to right parties. C. A., 110 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

15c. a line; 3t., 36c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 words to line.

Bookkeepers.

BOOKKEEPER, &c.—Double-entry bookkeeper, stenographer, and typewriter; good education; five years' experience; salary, $18. A., Box 160 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER.—Double entry; graduate from business school; (beginner.) Miss D., 2,867 Briggs Av., city.

BOOKKEEPER, ASSISTANT.—Accurate biller; 3 years' experience; competent. E. C., Box 110 Times Downtown.

Dressmakers.

DRESSMAKER.—Designer and maker of gowns for all occasions for gentlewomen. Florance, 122 East 76th St.

Governesses.

GOVERNESSES.
Governesses, teachers, HOUSEKEEPERS, for HOTELS, FAMILIES; MATRONS, attendants, nurses, &c. HOPKINS Educational Agency, 1 Union Square, 4923 Stuyvesant.

Housework.

HOUSEWORKERS.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with city references, want places small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, 314 West 59th St. 'Phone 4786 Columbus.

HOUSEWORKERS.—German, Hungarian, Protestant; lately landed; competent servants, cooks, for city, country. Hera's Agency, oldest established, 162 East 4th St.

Nurses.

GRADUATE NURSE would like position as nurse and companion to invalid lady or couple; capable of taking full charge of house; no objection to traveling; best references. Address M. M. C., 1,161 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

OLD SWEETHEARTS WED.

Fortune Seeker Returns to Girl of His Choice After Twenty Years.

Romance permeates the atmosphere in the neighborhood of 788 President Street, Brooklyn, where Mrs. D. F. Maloney, a bride of a few months, is making preparations to sail on Monday for Hong Kong, China, where she will join her husband. Until a week ago Mrs. Maloney's friends and relatives did not even suspect that she had embarked on the sea of matrimony.

Twenty years ago Mrs. Maloney, then Miss Katherine F. Murphy, a girl of eighteen, made the acquaintance of Daniel F. Maloney, who was two years her senior. After a brief but ardent wooing Maloney left his fiancee to seek his fortune in the far West. From that date until a few months ago the girl to whom he had pledged his troth had no knowledge of her sweetheart's fate.

In the meantime Maloney had wandered from point to point in a vain search for wealth. He shipped from San Francisco to Hong Kong, where he got a place with a mercantile house. Year by year his fortune increased until he found himself at the head of the firm whose employ he had entered a penniless youth.

Last Summer homesickness seized him, and he wrote a letter to a friend in Brooklyn inquiring whether the girl of his choice had married. The reply made him forget business worries and begin preparations for a long trip back home.

Last October a bronzed stranger with hair tinged with gray appeared at 788 President Street and inquired for Miss Murphy. A few nights later the couple quietly visited a priest and were married. It was Maloney's desire that his bride should immediately return with him to China, but a sense of duty to the firm by which she was employed as secretary compelled her to remain until the expiration of her contract on April 1st.

MOTHER BENT ON SUICIDE.

Mrs. Degow Attempts to End Life for Third Time Since Her Baby's Birth.

Mrs. Stella Degow, 24 years old, of 343 East Sixty-sixth Street, got out of bed early yesterday morning, taking care not to disturb her husband, who was sleeping beside her, and cut an artery in her left wrist with a razor. Then she lay down again, and it was not until she became unconscious and fell out of bed that her husband awoke and discovered what she had done.

She was taken to Bellevue Hospital, where it was said that she would die. The woman has tried to end her life three times since the birth of a daughter four months ago.

SMALL WANTS.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

15c. a line; 3t., 36c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 words to line.

Stenographers.

STENOGRAPHER, BOOKKEEPER.—Bright girl; month's experience; very accurate; good penman; rapid at figures; no agency; $6. Miss Brunning, 110 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter, and general office assistant; eight months' experience; neat, accurate, painstaking; best references; $7-$8. American, 177 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—(17;) eight months' experience; neat, acurate; good at figures; references; $6 to start. Miss R. Pasternak, 262 Stanton St., City.

COMPETENT STENOGRAPHER would like general stenographic work or charge of office; has had newspaper experience. Miss R., Box 18 Times, Times Square.

STENOGRAPHER.—Six years' experience; rapid, accurate, refined; exceptional references; $12. Neatness, 179 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Slight experience; good English, spelling, punctuation; neat personality; $7; reference. Eager, Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Five years' experience; competent, reliable, painstaking; references; $10. A. B., 176 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—19 months' experience; rapid, accurate copyist; bright, capable; $12. Miss Narita, 150 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPIST.—4 years' experience; rapid, accurate; A1 references; $12. H., Box 108 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Five years' experience publishing line; excellent education. M. W., Box 117 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, accurate; highly recommended. Miss Delevante, 543 East 137th St., Bronx.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, has one or two hours liberty per day. Work, Box 199 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—20; three years' experience; willing; $10-$12. Miss Elsa, 140 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—18, good beginner; reads notes and spells well; $6. Miss M., 160 Times Downtown.

VISITING STENOGRAPHER.—By the hour; neat, accurate, fast typist, with good, practical experience. Address E. H., 1,695 B'way.

Typewriters.

TYPEWRITIST.—Expert in operating, accurate in punctuation and spelling. Address S S., 106 Times Downtown.

Miscellaneous.

PARLORMAID.—A lady wishes to find a place for her parlormaid, who has been in her employ for five years, and whom she can recommend. Can be interviewed any morning at 15 East 36th St.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

15c. a line; 3t., 36c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 words to line.

Accountants.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books audited, systems installed; clerical work of all kinds; household and private accounts. H. A. Wright, 602 Flatiron Building.

ACCOUNTANT.—At leisure four hours daily; books opened, closed; statements rendered; systematizing, auditing; moderate. J. Kane, 1,024 Tribune Building.

ACCOUNTANT, recommended by several members N. Y. Stock Exchange, undertakes confidential work, systematizing, &c. G. R. Hake, 19 Broad St.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, closed, balanced, posted, audited; moderate. Hermann Goldschmidt, 154 Nassau 4,317 Beekman.

Bookkeepers.

BOOKKEEPER.—Accountant, experienced all lines, desires temporary position part days; $6 weekly; books opened, closed, written up, disentangled; special arrangements made with firms not employing permanent bookkeeper; highest references. Expert, Room 612, 150 Nassau St. 'Phone 4587 Beekman.

BOOKKEEPER.—Accountant; high-class expert; exceptional ability all lines; capable business man; highest references; $1,500. Charles L. Ince, 279 West 150th St.

Chauffeurs.

CHAUFFEUR.—By young man, good appearance, competent, with private family, city or country; experience with Columbia, locomobile; reference. O., Box 57 Times, Times Square.

Singers.

TENOR.—Good class English songs; would like evening concert engagements. Write Concert, Box 24 Times, Times Square.

Stenographers.

STENOGRAPHER, BOOKKEEPER.—High-class work; experienced; all kinds office work. M., 101 Times, Downtown.

Miscellaneous.

DECORATOR.—Painting, paper-hanging; first-class mechanic; will work for very low prices; references. Send for estimates. Seymour, 459 West 40th St.

ENGLISHMAN visits America; negotiate with good firm requiring London representative. R., Box 43 Times, Times Square.

WATCHMAN, &c.—Man, 30, as watchman, caretaker, special officer; exceptional reference. T., Box 33 Times, Times Square.

COOKE TO CONTINUE FIGHT AGAINST DAY

Says He Will Appeal from Verdict Here to General Conference in Baltimore.

ATTACKS BISHOP MOORE

E. H. Harriman to Build a Church—Catskill Methodists in Fear of a Flood.

The second session of the New York Methodist Episcopal Conference in St. James's Church, Madison Avenue and 126th Street, was marked yesterday by the announcement that E. H. Harriman had contributed a large sum for the erection of a church at Spring Lake, N. Y., and by the issuance of a statement by the Rev. George A. Cooke of Brandon, Vt., in which he severely criticised the action of Bishop Moore in dismissing Mr. Cooke's charges against Chancellor Day of Syracuse University for his attacks on President Roosevelt and his policies. Mr. Cooke again paid his respects to Dr. Day, and said he would appeal from the decision of Bishop Moore to the General Conference at Baltimore. He also intimated to friends that he might bring charges against the Bishop.

The early part of the morning session was taken up with the reports of the presiding elders of the different districts. The Rev. F. L. Wilson, presiding elder of the Kingston District, which takes in the Catskill Mountain communities, somewhat startled the conference by saying in his report that Summer boarders, coupled with bad roads in Winter, and the fear of his people that they might some day be overwhelmed by a flood from the new Ashokan Dam, were greatly hindering his religious work.

The announcement of Mr. Harriman's intention was made by the Rev. Dr. Arthur Jamieson, presiding elder of the Newburg District. He also stated in his report that he believed the catechism is going out of date in Methodist Sunday schools.

The Rev. Dr. P. S. Watters, presiding elder of the New York District, in his report said that the constantly increasing tide of immigration is making Manhattan Island more and more a suitable field for missionary work.

The Rev. Mr. Cooke in his statement said:

I notice that Bishop Moore took the matter of my charges against Chancellor Day into his own hands and threw them out of court. The Bishop says that my charges are an attack on freedom of speech and the press. I am pleased to know that he is a defender of such freedom, for I feel impelled at times to indulge in it myself, sometimes even in regard to the conduct of Bishops and college Presidents. Lest I be accused of hinting at something I dare not say, I will say that this criticism is intended to apply to both Bishop Moore and Dr. Day.

That the conference cheered when the charges against Chancellor Day were thrown out demonstrates either that they did not know my letter or else that they have become thoroughly infected with lawlessness and Mammon worship.

The American public, however, must not jump to the conclusion that the Methodist Church is hopelessly in the clutches of the Standard Oil Trust. Thank God other days are coming, and this battle will be fought on other fields. Chancellor Day cannot legally maintain his standing in our Church unless he is fairly tried on the charges presented. The General Conference which meets in Baltimore next month will have something to say on these matters.

The Rev. Dr. George S. Rice, professor at Wesleyan University, Middletown, Conn., in addressing the Conference, said that he wished to deny the statement that the university had changed its policy of requiring that the majority of its Trustees be Methodists in order to get a portion of the Carnegie Endowment Fund. "The Methodist Episcopal Church," he said, "is a better patron of the college than Andrew Carnegie could possibly be."

FELIX ISMAN EXONERATED.

Actor Falls to Press Alienation Suit Against Real Estate Man.

The action brought by Francis S. Wilson, an actor, to recover $100,000 damages from Felix Isman, theatrical manager and real estate operator, for the alienation of the affections of Wilson's wife, June G. Buskirk Wilson, an actress, collapsed yesterday when called for trial before Supreme Court Justice MacLean, through the non-appearance of the plaintiff. Justice MacLean dismissed the suit and allowed Mr. Isman $2,000 costs.

Some time ago Wilson obtained a divorce from his wife, and then sued Isman. The latter was named in Wilson's suit for a divorce. Recently, according to counsel for Mr. Isman, E. J. Wood, who was a witness for Wilson in the divorce suit, made a death-bed confession, in which he exonerated Mr. Isman.

POLICE RAID A LABOR UNION.

Walking Delegate and Sixteen Men Arrested as Gamblers.

Deputy Police Commissioner Woods lent several members of his detective staff to the settling of an internal dispute in the International Union of Rammers, Flaggers, Pavers, Bridge, and Curbstone Setters, when he sent them to raid the headquarters of the union at 154 East Fifty-fourth Street, as a gambling house, yesterday, according to James L. Wallace, First Vice President of the union. Wallace was one of sixteen men arrested as common gamblers by the police.

The headquarters in Fifty-fourth Street are used by Locals 10 and 19, which have about 800 members. Wallace is business agent of these locals. According to him the raid was instigated by some disgruntled members who seceded in February and started Local 49, with headquarters in Fifty-ninth Street.

CAN'T STOP BRIDGE STRIKE.

Labor Committees Fail to Agree and Work Is Held Up on the Approach.

It was reported yesterday by committees which have been trying to settle the strike at the Manhattan approach to the Williamsburg Bridge that so far all efforts have proved unsuccessful. The only skilled mechanics working yesterday were the structural iron workers, who are employed by Snare & Trieste and are not involved in the strike so far.

A conference was held by representatives of the trades involved in the office of Chief Engineer Martin, but the representatives of the strikers would consent to nothing but the laying off by the Gore Engineering Company of members of the Linemen's Union, who are doing work claimed by the Inside Electrical Workers' Union.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

		Loss.
A. M.		
12:40–115	West 87th St.; William Lange.	$5,000
1:30–44	Hester St.; Meyer & Jacobs	$5,000
3:20–207	West 135th St.; W. A. Wallach.	$150
3:30–105	West 36th St.; John Riefler	$400
9:50–62	Catharine St.; unknown	$10
10:15–307	E. 135d St.; Johanna Schneider	Trifling
P. M.		
12:40–626	E. 9th St.; Abraham Kein	$100
12:50–613	to 619 W. 39th St.; Joseph Stern	Trifling
1:30–141	W. 138th St.; John Bonwith.	Trifling
1:40–293	E. 17th St.; William Connor	$10
2:35–615	E. 14th St.; Schlessinger & Isenberg	Trifling
2:55–618	E. 18th St.; E. J. Marrin & Co.	Trifling
3:15–76	Cannon St.; L. Kirsch	$100
3:45–32	Madison St.; unknown	Trifling
3:55–405	Lexington Av.; Joseph Hardie.	$100
4:15–168	E. 110th St.; Sarah Greenapple.	$10
6:00–64	E. 102d St.; Jacob Stillman.	Trifling
6:10–481	St. Ann's Av.; Chas. Pastaschuck.	$25
6:15–1,063	First Av.; Fred Ernst	$10
6:15–27	W. 102d St.; Anna Kramer	$30
6:30–760	10th Av.; A. S. Kraemer	$25
9:00–308	8th St.; Michael Perkowsky.	Trifling

OLD SWEETHEARTS WED.

Fortune Seeker Returns to Girl of His Choice After Twenty Years.

Romance permeates the atmosphere in the neighborhood of 788 President Street, Brooklyn, where Mrs. D. F. Maloney, a bride of a few months, is making preparations to sail on Monday for Hong Kong, China, where she will join her husband. Until a week ago Mrs. Maloney's friends and relatives did not even suspect that she had embarked on the sea of matrimony.

Twenty years ago Mrs. Maloney, then Miss Katherine F. Murphy, a girl of eighteen, made the acquaintance of Daniel F. Maloney, who was two years her senior. After a brief but ardent wooing Maloney left his fiancee to seek his fortune in the far West. From that date until a few months ago the girl to whom he had pledged his troth had no knowledge of her sweetheart's fate.

In the meantime Maloney had wandered from point to point in a vain search for wealth. He shipped from San Francisco to Hong Kong, where he got a place with a mercantile house. Year by year his fortune increased until he found himself at the head of the firm whose employ he had entered a penniless youth.

Last Summer homesickness seized him, and he wrote a letter to a friend in Brooklyn inquiring whether the girl of his choice had married. The reply made him forget business worries and begin preparations for a long trip back home.

Last October a bronzed stranger with hair tinged with gray appeared at 788 President Street and inquired for Miss Murphy. A few nights later the couple quietly visited a priest and were married. It was Maloney's desire that his bride should immediately return with him to China, but a sense of duty to the firm by which she was employed as secretary compelled her to remain until the expiration of her contract on April 1st.

MOTHER BENT ON SUICIDE.

Mrs. Degow Attempts to End Life for Third Time Since Her Baby's Birth.

Mrs. Stella Degow, 24 years old, of 343 East Sixty-sixth Street, got out of bed early yesterday morning, taking care not to disturb her husband, who was sleeping beside her, and cut an artery in her left wrist with a razor. Then she lay down again, and it was not until she became unconscious and fell out of bed that her husband awoke and discovered what she had done.

She was taken to Bellevue Hospital, where it was said that she would die. The woman has tried to end her life three times since the birth of a daughter four months ago.

SEA GOOD TO CUTTYHUNK.

Sends the Island $100,000 in Postage Stamps from Wrecked Silvia.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., April 2.—Postage stamps valued at over $100,000, which were shipped by the American Bank Note Company to the Newfoundland Government, have been washed ashore on the Island of Cuttyhunk from the wreck of the steamer Silvia.

The stamps came ashore in a single box, which was cast aside by the male wreckers, but was quickly seized by the women. Many sheets of the stamps have been given away, and some are said to have been sold. They are in two and five cent denominations.

One woman is said to have possession of all the five-cent stamps, valued at $80,000.

Hitchcock's Accuser Pleads Not Guilty

Flora Whiston, the seventeen-year-old girl, whose conflicting testimony when she appeared as the chief complainant in the trial of Raymond Hitchcock, the actor, led to the collapse of the entire case against him and to her indictment on the charge of perjury, pleaded not guilty yesterday. Her counsel, A. C. Vandiver, appearing with her, asked to reserve until to-day the right to bring motions or to withdraw this plea.

HAS NEW CHARITY PLAN.

Mrs. Quincy A. Shaw to Establish Self-Supporting Settlement Houses.

CHICAGO, April 2.—Prof. Charles Zueblin of the department of sociology in the University of Chicago, has been selected by Mrs. Quincy Adams Shaw, Boston's philanthropist, to take active charge of a new charitable scheme. It is the intention of Mrs. Shaw, who is the daughter of the late Louis Agassiz, to establish self-supporting Settlement houses in various parts of Boston.

She already has set aside a trust fund of $2,000,000 to carry out this project, and has indicated that this amount will be increased to $5,000,000. As planned it is proposed that this work shall extend all over Boston and from there to the mill and manufacturing towns of Massachusetts.

Prof. Zueblin has been instructed to go all over the ground, and as fast as a new centre is located the movement will be extended.

Good Performance of New Torpedo.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., April 2.—While at Sag Harbor Wednesday the Naval Torpedo Board witnessed the trials of the new Bliss-Leavitt torpedo, of twenty-four inches, Mark 2, which made a remarkably fine run of 2,000 yards, maintaing a speed of thirty-six knots.

Copyright 1908 by Hart Schaffner & Marx

THIS is one of the Spring "'Varsity" Models—and there are a number of others.

Every one cut with the verve and swing that the Hart, Schaffner & Marx cutters know so well how to get.

And the shape tailored into goods that are so well woven of pure wool that the style features hold fine and true to the end.

Fashion pictures tell some things. But the clothes that are Fashion Itself tell more.

Wherever you get your clothes—whoever makes them—just come in and see how you look dressed in Style Itself.

Hart, Schaffner & Marx Spring Suits, $18 to $45.

Wallach Bros.

The home of Hart, Schaffner & Marx clothes

1195 Broadway, just below 29th St. Third Avenue, corner 122d St.

What Is More Striking

than the fine wearing apparel of your fellowman? It's due to the style and tailoring. We can give you a Suit or Overcoat made of fine imported materials, to measure, $25.00—unexceptionable in every particular.

Let us mail samples and our portfolio of fashions.

ARNHEIM, B'way & 9th.

THE BIG 4 FOLLOW THE CROWD

NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE, 42d St. West of Broadway. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. HENRY W. SAVAGE Offers Queen of THE MERRY WIDOW Viennese (DIE LUSTIGE WITTWE.) Operettas.

BROADWAY Theatre, B'way & 41st St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. The New Viennese Operetta, A WALTZ DREAM (Ein Walzertraum.) Music by Oscar Straus Sun. Eve. VICTOR HERBERT and His at 8:30. Orchestra.

NEW YORK Thea., B'way & 45th, at 8:20 Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20. F. ZIEGFELD, JR., presents THE SOUL KISS with GENEE

LIBERTY THEATRE